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Cisco APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module 2.0.2 Quick Start Guide

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About the Remediation Module

- About the Remediation Module, on page 1
- Supported Features, on page 4

About the Remediation Module

With the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module, when an attack on your network is detected by the Management Center, the offending endpoint can be completely quarantined in the Application Policy Infrastructure Controller (APIC) so that no further traffic is allowed to go in or out of that endpoint. The following figure shows the relationship between the Management Center and the APIC when the remediation module is installed.

Compatibility

The following table shows the compatibility between the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module, Management Center, and APIC.

Table 1: Compatibility with the remediation module, Management Center and APIC

Remediation module version compatible with	Management Center version	APIC version
2.0.2	7.0 and later	5.1(1h)

Infected endpoint

The following figure shows how the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module reacts when an infected endpoint is detected.



The process is as follows:

- 1. An endpoint with an infected application in an endpoint group (endpoint group on the left) launches an attack on another endpoint in Database EPG. The attack is blocked inline by a managed device (such as a physical or virtual device running Firepower Threat Defense).
- 2. An attack event is generated and sent to the Management Center. The attack event includes information about the infected endpoint.
- **3.** The attack event triggers the remediation module for APIC, which used the APIC northbound (NB) API to contain the infected endpoint in the ACI fabric.
- 4. The APIC quickly contains or quarantines the infected application workload into an isolated microsegment (uSeg) EPG.

Because App2 is not infected, it can still communicate on the network.

You can quarantine a source endpoint, a destination endpoint, or both, as the next section shows.

Quarantine source and/or destination endpoints

On detection of an infected endpoint, you can optionally quarantine either the source endpoint, the destination endpoint, or both, as the following figure shows.



The figure shows the following process:

- 1. An endpoint with an infected application in an endpoint group (EPG) launches an attack on another endpoint in another EPG. The attack is blocked inline by a managed device (such as a physical or virtual device running Firepower Threat Defense).
- 2. An attack event is generated and sent to the Management Center. The attack event includes information about the infected endpoint.
- **3.** The attack event triggers the remediation module for APIC, which used the APIC northbound (NB) API to contain the infected endpoint in the ACI fabric.
- 4. The APIC quickly contains or quarantines the infected application workload into an isolated microsegment (uSeg) EPG.
- **5.** Depending on the configuration, the source endpoint can be quarantined, the destination endpoint can be quarantined, or both endpoints can be quarantined.

The example shown in the figure quarantines the uSeg (source) endpoint but not the destination endpoint.

Always allow traffic to critical servers

You can allow traffic to and from critical servers, even if those servers are passing traffic that could be considered suspicious. *Use this option with caution* but it can be useful in situations where you always want to allow this traffic.

The following figure shows an example.



The figure shows the following process:

- 1. An endpoint in Endpoint group sends traffic to servers designated as Critical Servers. (You specify these servers by IP address.)
- 2. The Management Center ignores this traffic, even if it matches correlation rules.
- **3.** Traffic is always allowed to and from the critical servers in Endpoint group and Critical Servers, regardless of what the traffic contains.

Supported Features

This release enables you to quarantine offending endpoints that are detected by the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module, using APIC version 5.1(1h). For version 2.0.2 of the remediation module, the supported behavior when endpoints are quarantined is described in the following table:

	VMware Distributed Virtual Switch (DVS)	Bare metal
Verified in IPS inline mode	Yes	Yes
EPG bridge mode	Yes	Yes
EPG routed mode	No	No
Multiple IP to one MAC checking	Yes	Yes
Create only an IP address filter uSeg attribute	No	No
Create both an IP address filter and a MAC address filter uSeg attribute	Yes	Yes
Quarantine source and destination endpoints	Yes	Yes
Apply a predefined management contract to source and destination endpoints	Yes	Yes
Always allow traffic to critical servers	Yes	Yes



Download and Install the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module

Download the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module and install it in theSecure Firewall Management Center as discussed in the next section.

• Download and Install the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module, on page 5

Download and Install the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module

Before you begin

Make sure you're using compatible versions as shown in the following table.

Table 2: Compatibility with the remediation module, Management Center and APIC

Remediation module version compatible with	Management Center version	APIC version
2.0.2	7.0 and later	5.1(1h)

- Step 1 Download the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module (link to download) to a machine on which you'll connect to the management center.
- Step 2 If you haven't done so already, log in to the management center.
- Step 3 Click Policies > Actions > Modules.
- Step 4 In the Install a New Module section, click Browse.
- Step 5 Follow the prompts to upload the remediation module.
- Step 6 Click Install.
- Step 7 When successfully installed, the APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module is displayed in the list of installed remediation modules:

Installed Remediation Modules			
Module Name	Version	Description	
APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module	3.0.1	APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module	• ¥
Cisco IOS Null Route	1.0	Block an IP address in a Cisco IOS router	• 1
Nmap Remediation	2.0	Perform an Nmap Scan	• 1
pxGrid Adaptive Network Control (ANC) Policy Assignment	1.0	Apply or clear an ANC policy for the endpoint at the involved IP addresses	• =
pxGrid Mitigation	1.0	Perform a pxGrid mitigation against the involved IP addresses	• 1
Set Attribute Value	1.0	Set an Attribute Value	• 1



Remediation and Quarantine

This chapter discusses tasks you must perform in APIC and in the Secure Firewall Management Center to create rules to remediate and quarantine an endpoint.

- The Remediation and Quarantine Process, on page 7
- Create an Optional Management Contract and Contract EPG, on page 9
- Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type, on page 11
- Configure an Access Control Rule for the Remediation, on page 14
- Configure a Correlation Rule for the Remediation, on page 15
- Associate the Correlation Rule with the Remediation Module Instance, on page 16
- Verify the Remediation in the Management Center, on page 17
- Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 18

The Remediation and Quarantine Process

Remediation (definining the circumstances under which an endpoint should be quarantined) and *quarantine* (isolating an endpoint so it cannot communicate on the network) is a multi-step process summarized in the next section, How to Remediate and Quarantine, on page 7.

How to Remediate and Quarantine

The following summarizes the tasks required to remediate and quarantine an endpoint. You perform some tasks in APIC and some in the management center.

Before you begin

Consult a reference such as the *Endpoint Groups (EPG) Usage and Design* whitepaper or the *Cisco APIC Basic Configuration Guide* to understand APIC-related concepts.

SUMMARY STEPS

- **1.** Optionally create a management contract and management contract endpoint group (EPG).
- **2.** Create a remediation module instance and type.
- **3.** Configure an access control rule that determines the conditions under which an endpoint should be quarantined.
- **4.** Associate the correlation rule with the remediation policy.

5. Verify the quarantine and remediation.

DETAILED STEPS

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	Optionally create a management contract and management	Perform this task in APIC.
	contract endpoint group (EPG).	APIC uses an allow-list model where we explicitly define what traffic should be permitted. A <i>contract</i> is a policy construct used to define communication between EPGs.
		This optional configuration enables you to initiate a connection to the quarantined uSeg EPG. For more information, see Optionally Create a Management Contract and Contract EPG, on page 10.
Step 2	Create a remediation module instance and type.	Perform this task in the management center.
		The remediation module creates, on APIC, the EPG that enables you to view and work with quarantined endpoints. The remediation module can:
		• Quarantine source endpoint, destination endpoint, or both
		Reference a management EPG
		For more information, see Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type, on page 11.
Step 3	Configure an access control rule that determines the	Perform this task in the management center.
	conditions under which an endpoint should be quarantined.	Determine the conditions under which you want an endpoint quarantined; for example, passing unsecure traffic. Set up an access control rule that in turn triggers the remediation policy you set up previously.
		For more information, see Configure an Access Control Rule for the Remediation, on page 14.
Step 4	Associate the correlation rule with the remediation policy.	Perform this task in the management center.
		This triggers the quarantine on APIC. For more information, see Associate the Correlation Rule with the Remediation Module Instance, on page 16.
Step 5	Verify the quarantine and remediation.	Verify the <i>quarantine</i> in APIC and verify the <i>remediation</i> in the management center.
		For more information, see Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 18 and Verify the Remediation in the Management Center, on page 17.

What to do next

Create an Optional Management Contract and Contract EPG, on page 9

Create an Optional Management Contract and Contract EPG

You can optionally predefine an APIC traffic filtering contract in the common tenant and a management EPG in the mgmt tenant to initiate a connection to the quarantined uSeg EPG. To use this optional configuration, you *must* define a management EPG in APIC in its **mgmt** tenant, and you *must* define a contract in the **common** tenant.

For more information, see the Cisco APIC Basic Configuration Guide.

What To Do Next

Prerequisites for Creating an Optional Management Contract and Contract EPG, on page 9.

Prerequisites for Creating an Optional Management Contract and Contract EPG

This task discusses how to do the following before you configure an optional management contract and contract EPG:

- Create an application ESG.
- Create a filter for the quarantine you wish to perform; in this example, the filter is for SSH2 traffic.
- **Step 1** Log in to APIC.
- Step 2 Click Tenants.
- Step 3 Double-click common.
- **Step 4** In the left pane, expand **Contracts** > **Filters**.
- **Step 5** In the right pane, click **Create Filter**.



- **Step 6** Give the filter a **Name** like **SSHv2**.
- Step 7 Click Submit.
- **Step 8** In the left pane, click **Tenants** > **ALL TENANTS**.
- Step 9 Click mgmt.
- **Step 10** Expand **Application Profiles** > **mgmt profile**.
- **Step 11** Right-click **Application EPGs** and click **Create Application EPG**.

The following figure shows an example.

cisco	APIC (aci154)									
System	Tenants Fabric Virtual Ne	etworking Ac	lmin Operatio	ns Apps	Integrations					
ALL TENANTS	6 Add Tenant Tenant Search: na	ame or descr	common	mgmt dahai	TenantED	tenantfayaz2				
mgmt	(h) = (h)	Application F	PGs							
> C Quick Sta	art									
✓ ₩ mgmt		Name	Δlias	Description	Class ID	Preferred	Flood in	Bridge Domain	OoS class	Int
🗸 🚞 Applic	cation Profiles		Alida	Description	01833 10	Group Member	Encapsulation	bridge bornain	000 0833	lsc
~ 🚯 mg	gmtProfile	mgmtEPG			16388	Exclude	Disabled	mgmtBD	Level3 (Default)	Ur
	Application EPC USeg EPGs									
> 🖿	Endpoint Security Groups									
> 🚞 Netwo	orking									
> 🚞 Contr	acts									
> 🚞 Policie	es									
> 🚞 Servic	ces									
🚞 Secur	rity									
> 🚞 Node	Management EPGs									
> 🚞 Extern	nal Management Network Instance Profiles	1								
> 🚞 Node	Management Addresses									
> 🧮 Mana	ged Node Connectivity Groups									
> 🚞 IP Add	dress Pools									
Give th	e EPG a Name .									

- Step 12
 Give the EPG a Name.

 Step 12
 From the Paider Demois list which WHICH PDFF
- **Step 13** From the **Bridge Domain** list, click WHICH BRIDGE DOMAIN.
- Step 14 Click Finish.

What to do next

Optionally Create a Management Contract and Contract EPG, on page 10

Optionally Create a Management Contract and Contract EPG

If you do not wish to create contracts, skip this section and continue with Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type, on page 11.

- **Step 1** Log in to APIC.
- Step 2 Click ALL TENANTS.
- Step 3 Double-click common.
- **Step 4** Expand **Contracts** > **Standard**.
- Step 5 Right-click Standard and then click Create Contract.
- **Step 6** In the **Name** field, enter useg_filter_contract.
- **Step 7** From the **Scope** list, click **Global**.
- **Step 8** Make other selections as desired.
- Step 9 Click Submit.
- Step 10 Click useg_filter_contract.
- **Step 11** In the right pane, click the **Policy** tab.

The following figure shows an example.

cisco APIC (aci154)							admin 🝳	0 😍	•
System Tenants Fabric Virtual Network	ng Admin Operation	ns Apps In	tegrations						
ALL TENANTS Add Tenant Tenant Search: name or o	escr common	mgmt TenantED	Linlin_FMC_test Ten	antTest					
common (P) (E) (O)	Contract - useg filter	contract							0.0
✓			Summary	Topology	Policy	Peer Entities	Contract Exception	Faults	History
> 🚞 Networking	80000							Ó	± %-
V 🔚 Contracts	Properties								
🗸 🚞 Standard	Name:	useg_filter_contract							
> 💬 allowAll	Alias:								
> 💬 default	Global Alias:								
✓ 🔁 useg_filter_contract	Scope:	Global							
useg_filter_contract	QoS Class:	Unspecified							
> 🚞 Taboos	Target DSCP:	Unspecified							
> 🚞 Imported	Description:	Target DSCP Marking works or	ily if the QoS Class is set						
> 🧮 Filters	Description.								
> 🧮 Out-Of-Band Contracts									
> 🧰 Policies	Annotations:	Click to add a new a							
> 🚞 Services	Subjects:								iii +
E Security		 Name 	Alias	Filters			Description		
> 🧮 IP Address Pools		useg_filter_contract		common/SSH2					
> C+ Quick Start									

- Step 12 Click ALL TENANTS.
- Step 13 Double-click mgmt.
- **Step 14** Expand mgmt > Application Profiles > mgmtProfile > Application EPGs > mgmtEPG > .
- Step 15 Click Contracts.
- Step 16 Click Add Provided Contract.

0 ± %-
Add Provided Contract
Add Consumed Contract
Add Consumed Contract Interface
Add Taboo Contract
Add Intra-EPG Contract
Delete

- Step 17 From the Contract list, click useg_filter_contract.
- Step 18 Click Submit.

What to do next

See Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type, on page 11.

Create a Remediation Module Instance and Type

For the Secure Firewall Management Center to be able to detect threats and inform APIC to quarantine them, you must configure on the Secure Firewall Management Center a remediation module instance and type. For more information about remediations, see the Cisco Secure Firewall Management Center Administration Guide.

- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the management center.
- Step 2 Click Policies > Actions > Instances.
- Step 3 From the Select a module type list, click APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module (2.0.2).
- Step 4 Click Add.

The Edit Instance page is displayed as follows.

Edit Instance	
Instance Name	
Module	APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module(v2.0.2)
Description	
APIC server username*	
APIC server password* Retype to confirm	
APIC cluster instance 1 IP*	
APIC cluster instance 2 IP	
APIC cluster instance 3 IP	
APIC cluster instance 4 IP	
APIC cluster instance 5 IP	
IP addresses NOT to quarantine (a list of strings)	
Management Contract Name	
Management EPG Name	
	Cancel Create

Step 5 Enter the following information:

Item	Description
Instance name	Enter a name to identify this instance. (Spaces are not allowed in the name.)
Description	(Optional.) Enter a description.

Item	Description
APIC server username	Enter the user name of an APIC user with admin privileges.
APIC server password	Enter and re-enter the user's password
APIC cluster instance 1 IP	Enter the IP address of the APIC server or of the first server in the cluster.
APIC cluster instance x IP	(Optional.) If your APIC cluster has more than one server, enter additional IP addresses in the provided fields.
IP addresses NOT to quarantine	(Optional.) Enter a list of individual IP addresses to always exclude from the quarantine. Separate IP addresses with Enter.
	You cannot specify subnet masks.
Management Contract Name	(Optional.) Enter the name of the management contract you created in APIC.
	For more information, see Create an Optional Management Contract and Contract EPG, on page 9.
Management EPG Name	(Optional.) Enter the name of the EPG with which the management contract is associated.
	For more information, see Create an Optional Management Contract and Contract EPG, on page 9.

Step 6

In the Configured Remediation section at the bottom of the page, click one of the following then click Add:

- Quarantine the destination End Point on APIC
- Quarantine the source End Point on APIC

The remediation name cannot include a space.

Following is an example of the Configured Remediation section showing a remediation.

Configured Remediations

Remediation Name	Remediation Typ	De	Description	
QuarDestSample	Quarantine the	destination End Point on APIC		11
Add a new rer	nediation of type	Quarantine the destination E	ind 🔻 Add	

Step 7 On the Edit Remediation page, enter the following information:

- Remediation Name: Enter a name to identify the remediation instance.
- (Optional.) Description: Enter a description of the remediation instance.
- Step 8 Click Create.
- Step 9 Click Done.

Step 10 On the Edit Instance page, optionally configure another remediation.

What to do next

See Configure an Access Control Rule for the Remediation, on page 14.

Configure an Access Control Rule for the Remediation

This example shows how to create an access control rule that blocks the SSH protocol. After creating this rule, any endpoint that attempts to SSH to another endpoint in an monitored EPG, the offending node or nodes are quarantined.

- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the management center.
- Step 2 Click Policies > Access Control.
- **Step 3** Create a new access control policy or click **Edit** (*I*) to edit an existing policy.
- **Step 4** If you're editing an exising policy, click **Add Rule** to add a rule.

Enter the following information (management center version 7.2 and earlier).

Add Rule			0
Name Block SSH	Enabled Ins	ert Ito Mandatory •	
Action Block		Vone v +	
Zones Networks VLAN Tage	s 🔺 Users Applications	Ports URLs Dynamic Attributes	Inspection Logging Comments
Available Ports C	+	Selected Source Ports (0)	Selected Destination Ports (1)
Q Search by name or value		any	SSH
RIP	Add to Source		
SIP	Add to Destina	ition	
SMTP			
SMTPS			
SNMP			
SSH			
SYSLOG			
TCP_high_ports		Protocol TCP (6) V Port Enter a	dd Protocol TCP (6) 🔻 Port Enter a Add
			Cancel

Create Rule			Θ
Name: Sample SSH block rule	Ac	ion: 🕒 Block 🗸 🗸 🖬 Logging: ON 🛛 🖪 T	ime Range: None V Rule Enabled:
Insert: into Mandatory			
All (1) Zones Networks Ports (1)	Applications Users URLs Dynamic Attributes	VLAN Tags	
Clear Selections 🔍 ssh	× Showing 1 out of 29 Select	d 1 Selected Sources: 0	Selected Destinations and Applications: 0
SSH (Port Object)	tcp (6)/2		
+ Create Port Object	Manually Enter Port: Any TCP (6)	Add Source Port	Add Destination Port
Comments A			Cancel Apply

ltem	Description
Name field	Enter a name to identify this rule. Write down the name because you'll need it later
Action list	Click Block.
Ports tab page	From the Available Ports list, scroll to SSH and click Add to Destination.
Logging tab page	Select the Log at Beginning of Connection check box.

For more information about access control rules, see the Cisco Secure Firewall Management Center Device Configuration Guide.

Step 5 Click Add.

Step 6 At the top of the page, click **Save**.

What to do next

See Configure a Correlation Rule for the Remediation, on page 15.

Configure a Correlation Rule for the Remediation

A correlation rule provides conditions in which the system responds to threats. The following task discusses how to set up a correlation rule that is triggered at any point in the connection when your access control rule conditions are met. In particular, the sample access control policy and rule are triggered when SSH traffic is passed between a source and destination endpoint.

For more information about correlation policies and rules, see the Cisco Secure Firewall Management Center Administration Guide.

Step 1 If you haven't done so already, log in to the management center.

Step 2 Click Policies > Correlation.

- Step 3 Click the Rule Management tab.
- Step 4 Click Create Rule.
- **Step 5** Enter a name to identify the rule and an optional description.
- **Step 6** In the Select the type of event for this rule section, click a connection event occurs and at any point of the connection.
- **Step 7** Set up the rest of the rule as shown in the following figure.

Policy Management Rule Management Allow List Traffic Profiles	
Rule Information	Add Connection Tracker Add User Qualification Add Host Profile Qualification
Rule Name MyCorrelationRule	
Rule Description	
Rule Group Ungrouped 💌	
Select the type of event for this rule	
If a connection event occurs • at any point of the connection • and it meets the	e following conditions:
Add condition Add complex condition	
Access Control Policy is SampleAC	×
AND V Access Control Rule Name V is V Block SSH	1

Substitute the name of your access control policy and rule name for those shown in the preceding figure.

Step 8 Set other options as desired and click **Save**.

What to do next

See Associate the Correlation Rule with the Remediation Module Instance, on page 16.

Associate the Correlation Rule with the Remediation Module Instance

The final step in configuring the management center for remediation and quarantine is to associate your correlation rule with your remediation policy. After you do this, when the management center detects a threat, the offending endpoints are quarantined in APIC.

- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the management center.
- Step 2 Click Policies > Correlation.
- **Step 3** Click the **Policy Management** tab.
- Step 4 Click Create Policy.
- **Step 5** Enter a policy name and optional policy description.
- Step 6 Do not change **Default Priority**.
- Step 7 Click Add Rules.
- **Step 8** Select the check box next to the name of the correlation rule you created earlier.
- Step 9 Click Add.
- Step 10 Click Responses (

Step 11	From the Unassigned Responses list, double-click the name of your remediation policy to move it to Assigned Responses .
	If the name of your remediation policy is not displayed, go back to the correlation rule and make sure the name of both the access control policy and access control rule are correct.
Step 12	Click Update.
Step 13	At the top of the page, click Save .
Step 14	Move the slider for the remediation policy to Slider enabled (

Verify the Remediation in the Management Center

Because remediations can fail for various reasons, complete the following steps to verify that no error messages are listed for the remediation status on the management center.

- **Step 1** If you haven't done so already, log in to the management center.
- **Step 2** Click **Analysis** > **Correlation** > **Status**.
- **Step 3** In the Remediation Status table, find the row for your policy and view the result message. The following figure shows an example

Firewall Management Center Analysis / Correlation / Status	Overview	Analysis	Policies De	evices (Objects I	ntegration	Deploy 🔍 💕 🌣 🍘 admin v
							Bookmark This Page Reporting View Bookmarks Search II 2022-01-24 16:19:25 - 2022-01-24 17:19:25 Expanding
No Search Constraints (Edit Search) Table View of Remediations							
Jump to							
□ ↓ Time ×	Remed	iation Name ×		Policy ×		Rule ×	Result Message ×
× 2022-01-24 17:12:15	quaran	tine_src		http_pol	licy	cr_1	Successful completion of remediation

- **Step 4** If the remediation was successful, see Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 18.
- **Step 5** If an error is displayed, the endpoint might still be quarantined if subsequent remediation events are successful.
- **Step 6** If you see an error, see Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 18 to verify whether or not the quarantine was successful. If the quarantine was eventually successful, you can ignore all of its error messages.

What to do next

See Verify the Quarantine in APIC, on page 18.

Verify the Quarantine in APIC

Before you begin

Complete the tasks discussed in Verify the Remediation in the Management Center, on page 17.

- **Step 1** Log in to APIC.
- **Step 2** Click the **Tenants** tab page.
- Step 3 Click ALL TENANTS.
- **Step 4** Double-click the name of the tenant that is infected.
- **Step 5** Expand the infected application in the left pane.
- Step 6 Click uSeg EPGs
- **Step 7** Click the EPG quarantine for the quarantined endpoint.
- **Step 8** In the right panel, click **Policy** > **General**.
- **Step 9** Verify that one or more uSeg attributes were created on the APIC server. The following figure shows an example.



The figure shows that a device at IP address 192.168.103.21 has been quarantined.

- **Note** For VMware DVS and Bare Metal (in bridged mode), two attributes (filters) are automatically created when an endpoint is quarantined, one attribute for the IP address and one attribute for the MAC address. Therefore, to remove the quarantine, you must delete both attributes.
- **Step 10** If no uSeg attributes were created, but you know that the conditions set by a correlation rule were met, the quarantine failed. To manually quarantine the IP address, see Overview of Manually Quarantining an IP Address, on page 21.



Manually Quarantine an IP Address

In the event your quarantine fails, you can manually quarantine one or more IP addresses as discussed in the followint topics.

- Overview of Manually Quarantining an IP Address, on page 21
- Find an IP Address to Quarantine, on page 21
- Create a uSeg EPG Attribute, on page 22
- Verify the Manual IP Address Quarantine, on page 23

Overview of Manually Quarantining an IP Address

If a quarantine fails as discussed in earlier sections in this guide, you can manually quarantine that IP address. You must find the IP address and MAC address to quarantine. The IP address is shown in the Secure Firewall Management Center and the MAC address is shown in APIC.

Find an IP Address to Quarantine

This topic discusses how to look at correlation logs in the management center to find an IP address to quarantine.

Step 1	If you haven't done so already, log in to the management center.
Step 2	Click Analysis > Correlation > Status.
Step 3	Find the timestamp of entry for the unsuccessful quarantine and make note of the source IP address.
Step 4	Log in to APIC if you haven't already done so.
Step 5	On the Operations tab page, click EP Tracker, enter the IP address, and press Enter.
Step 6	If no information is displayed, the endpoint cannot be quarantined. If more than one IP address is displayed, look for the one in the offending tenant.

What to do next

Create a uSeg EPG Attribute, on page 22

Create a uSeg EPG Attribute

If you can identify the EPG of the endpoint that you want to quarantine, create a uSeg EPG attribute corresponding to this endpoint.

Step 1

To find the MAC address of the IP address to quarantine, go to the APIC Object Store Browser at https://apic_IP_address/visore.html. Use the IP address of the endpoint to run a query and display the MAC address. The following figure shows an example.

cisco Object St	tore				•
Class or DN or URL fvCEp		Property	Operation ==	Value	Run Query
77 objects found Show UI	RL and response of last que	rv 🕐			Empty Properties
dn	 uni/tn-TenantED/ap 	-app-repro/epg-EPG2/cep-00:5	0:56:8E:E2:0F > 🗇 🔺		
annotation baseEpgDn					
bdDn childAction	 uni/tn-TenantED/BI 	-вD2 > 🗇			
contName encap	FTD_WEB vlan-931				
esgUsegDn extMngdBy					
fabricPathDn hostingServer	110.015				
id idepdn	0				
IcOwn	vmm local				
	00.00.00.0E.E.E.OF				

- **Step 2** Log in to APIC if you haven't already done so.
- Step 3 Click Tenants > ALL TENANTS.
- **Step 4** Double-click the tenant that contains the endpoint to be quarantined.
- **Step 5** Expand **Networking** > **Bridge Domains**.
- **Step 6** Make note of the EPG bridge domain.
- **Step 7** Expand **Application Profile** *> profile-name* > **Application EPGs** > *epg-name* and make note of the domain profile name.
- **Step 8** Expand **Application Profiles** and right-click **uSeg EPG**.
- Step 9 Click Create uSeg EPG.
- **Step 10** Enter a name for the uSeg EPG, in the format **uSegEPG***endpoint-name*. (For example, **uSegEPG-EPG1**.)
- **Step 11** From the **Bridge Domain** list, click the EPG's bridge domain.
- Step 12 Click Next.

Step 13	On the Domains page, click Add (+).
Step 14	From the Domain Profiles list, click the domain profile.
Step 15	Set Deployment Immediacy to Immediate.
Step 16	Set Resolution Immediacy to Immediate.
Step 17	Add an IP filter attribute by clicking Add (+) on the lower right and entering the IP address for the name and filter.
Step 18	Click Update and then click Finish.
	If the uSeg EPG is not displayed, refresh your browser page.
Step 19	Click uSeg Attributes.
Step 20	Click Add (+)
Step 21	Add attributes for the quarantined host's IP address and MAC address with an operator of Match Any.
	For the IP filter, use the IP address as the name. For MAC filter, use the IP address plus an underscore and the last three octets of the MAC address as a name.
Step 22	Right-click Domains (VMs and Bare Metals) under the newly created uSeg EPG, and add a domain association with the same name and domain type as the original EPG.
Step 23	For Bare Metal, right-click Static Leafs, and click Statically Link With Node.
Step 24	Click Submit.

What to do next

Verify the Manual IP Address Quarantine, on page 23

Verify the Manual IP Address Quarantine

Verify that no traffic can go into or out from the quarantined endpoint.

Before you begin

- Step 1Perform some task such as pinging a quarantined IP address.The operation should fail.
- **Step 2** If the ping succeeds, verify the IP and MAC addresses of the endpoint to quarantine and try again.



Related Documentation

• Related Documentation, on page 25

Related Documentation

For additional information about the Cisco APIC/Secure Firewall Remediation Module, see the appropriate guide.

For additional information about the Cisco APIC and ACI, see APIC Documentation.

For information on using the Cisco Bug Search Tool (BST), submitting a service request, and gathering additional information, see the Support Case Manager.