

scramble through service-module t1 lbo

- scramble, on page 4
- serial restart-delay, on page 6
- server ip address, on page 7
- service alarm persistency interval, on page 8
- service declassify, on page 9
- service-engine default-gateway, on page 12
- service-engine hostname, on page 14
- service-engine ip address, on page 16
- service-engine nameserver, on page 18
- service-engine wma-passcode, on page 20
- service-engine wma-token, on page 22
- service-engine wma-url, on page 24
- service single-slot-reload-enable, on page 26
- service-module, on page 27
- service-module 56k clock rate, on page 29
- service-module 56k clock source, on page 31
- service-module 56k data-coding, on page 32
- service-module 56k network-type, on page 33
- service-module 56k remote-loopback, on page 35
- service-module 56k switched-carrier, on page 36
- service-module analysis-module reload, on page 38
- service-module analysis-module reset, on page 39
- service-module analysis-module session, on page 40
- service-module analysis-module shutdown, on page 42
- service-module analysis-module status, on page 44
- service-module backup interface, on page 45
- service-module backup mode, on page 46
- service-module content-engine reload, on page 48
- service-module content-engine reset, on page 49
- service-module content-engine session, on page 50
- service-module content-engine shutdown, on page 52
- service-module content-engine status, on page 53
- service-module external ip address, on page 55

- service-module heartbeat-reset disable, on page 56
- service-module ids-sensor, on page 57
- service-module integrated-service-engine default-boot, on page 59
- service-module integrated-service-engine reload, on page 60
- service-module integrated-service-engine reset, on page 61
- service-module integrated-service-engine session, on page 63
- service-module integrated-service-engine shutdown, on page 65
- service-module integrated-service-engine status, on page 66
- service-module integrated-service-engine statistics, on page 68
- service-module ip address, on page 69
- service-module ip default-gateway, on page 73
- service-module ip redundancy, on page 74
- service-module ism default-boot, on page 75
- service-module ism heartbeat-reset, on page 76
- service-module ism install, on page 78
- service-module ism install abort, on page 80
- service-module ism reload, on page 81
- service-module ism reset, on page 82
- service-module ism session, on page 83
- service-module ism shutdown, on page 85
- service-module ism statistics, on page 86
- service-module ism status, on page 87
- service-module ism uninstall, on page 88
- service-module mgf ip address, on page 89
- service-module mgf ip default-gateway, on page 90
- service-module mgf ipv6 address, on page 91
- service-module routing redistribute, on page 92
- service-module satellite backup, on page 93
- service-module satellite configuration, on page 94
- service-module satellite cw-mode, on page 96
- service-module satellite status, on page 98
- service-module service-engine, on page 105
- service-module sm default-boot, on page 106
- service-module sm heartbeat-reset, on page 107
- service-module sm install, on page 109
- service-module sm install abort, on page 111
- service-module sm reload, on page 112
- service-module sm reset, on page 113
- service-module sm session, on page 114
- service-module sm shutdown, on page 116
- service-module sm statistics, on page 117
- service-module sm status, on page 118
- service-module sm uninstall, on page 119
- service-module t1 cablelength short, on page 120
- service-module t1 clock source, on page 121
- service-module t1 data-coding, on page 122

- service-module t1 fdl, on page 123
- service-module t1 framing, on page 124
- service-module t1 lbo, on page 125

scramble

To enable scrambling (encryption) of the payload on a T3 or E3 controller or on the PA-T3 and PA-E3 port adapters, use the **scramble** command in interface configuration mode. To disable scrambling, use the **no** form of this command.

scramble no scramble

Syntax Description	This command has no argumen	nts or keywords.
--------------------	-----------------------------	------------------

Command Default Scrambling is disabled.

Command Modes Interface configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.1CA	This command was introduced.
	12.2(11)YT	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(11)YT and implemented on the following platforms: Cisco 2650XM, Cisco 2651XM, Cisco 2691, Cisco 3660 series, Cisco 3725, and Cisco 3745 routers.
	12.2(15)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(15)T.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

Usage Guidelines

T3/E3 scrambling is used to assist clock recovery on the receiving end. Scrambling is designed to randomize the pattern of 1s and 0s carried in the physical layer frame. Randomizing the digital bits can prevent continuous, nonvariable bit patterns--in other words, long strings of all 1s or all 0s. Several physical layer protocols rely on transitions between 1s and 0s to maintain clocking.

Scrambling can prevent some bit patterns from being mistakenly interpreted as alarms by switches placed between the Data Service Units (DSUs).

The local interface configuration must match the remote interface configuration. For example, if you enable scrambling on the local port, you must also do the same on the remote port.

To verify that scrambling is configured on the interface, use the **showcontrollersserial**or the **showinterfacesserial**commands.

For T3 controllers, all the DSU modes support scrambling except Clear mode.

For E3 controllers, only Kentrox mode supports scrambling.

Examples The following example enables scrambling on the PA-E3 port adapter in slot 1, port adapter slot 0, interface 0:

```
Router(config)# interface serial 1/0/0
Router(config-if)# scramble
```

The following example enables scrambling on the controller in slot 1, port 0:

```
Router(config)# interface serial 1/0
Router(config-if)# scramble
```

Related Commands Command Description show controllers serial Displays information that is specific to the serial controllers. show interfaces serial Displays information that is specific to the interface hardware.

serial restart-delay

To set the amount of time that the router waits before trying to bring up a serial interface when it goes down, use the **serialrestart-delay** command in interface configuration mode. To restore the default, use the **no** form of the command.

serial restart-delay *count* no serial restart-delay

Syntax Description	<i>count</i> Frequency, in milliseconds, at which the hardware is reset. Range is from 0 to 900. Default is 0.				
Command Default	0 millisecond	ls			
Command Modes	Interface cont	figuration (config-if)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	11.2 P	This command was introduced.			
	12.2(4)T	The <i>count</i> value was changed to set time in milliseconds rather than in seconds.			
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.			
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.			
	15.1(2)S	15.1(2)SThis command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 15.1(2)S.			
Usage Guidelines	dial backup fe	sets the hardware each time the serial restart timer expires. This command is often used with the eature and with the pulse-time command, which sets the amount of time to wait before redialing dialed device fails to connect.			
		<i>nt</i> value is set to the default of 0, the hardware is not reset when it goes down. In this way, if the sed to answer a call, it does not cause DTR to drop, which can cause a communications device			
Examples	The following example shows how to set the restart delay on serial interface 0 to 0:				
		ig)# interface serial 0 ig-if)# serial restart-delay 0			
Related Commands	Command	Description			
		Enchles autoine DTD signal intervals on the serial interfaces			

Enables pulsing DTR signal intervals on the serial interfaces.

Displays information about a serial interface.

show interfaces serial

pulse-time

server ip address

To configure a static IP address for the Cisco E-Series Server, use the **server ip address** command in interface configuration mode.

server ip address [ip_address subnet_mask]
no server ip address

Syntax Description	ip_address	Configures a static IP address	s for the Cisco E-Series Server.	
	subnet_mask	The subnet mask associated w	with the IP address.	
Command Modes	Interface configuration (config-if)			
Command History	Release M	Iodification		
	15.2(4)M T	his command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use this command from interface configuration mode:			
	Router(conf	ig)# interface ucse <i>slot/p</i>	port	
Examples	The following example shows how to configure a static IP address for the Cisco E-Series Server:			
	Router(config)# interface ucse 2/0 Router(config-if)# server ip address 10.0.0.2 100.1.1.31			

service alarm persistency interval

To configure alarm history that helps in defining the periodicity or the interval at which the alarm entries are saved in the designated file., use the **service alarm persistency interval** command.

Syntax Description	Syntax Description			
	service alarm persistency interval value		Configures the alarm history helps in defining the periodicity or the interval at which the alarm entries are saved in the designated file. When alarm history is configured, two log files are created in bootflash:tracelogs.	
Command Default	This default is 2	20 seconds.		
Command Modes	Global configu	ration		
Command History	Release	Modification	1	
	XE 3.18 SP	Support for this command was introduced on NCS 4200 Series.		
	XE Everest 16.5.1This command was integrated on the Cisco NCS 4200 Series and Cisco ASR 900 Ser Routers.			
Examples	The following e	example shows th	he configuration of alarm history:	
enable configure terminal service alarm persistency interval 20-600 end			Interval 20-600	
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	show process	include persis	Verifies the validity of the process during alarm history configuration.	

service declassify

To enable the declassification function to monitor the auxiliary (AUX) port Clear To Send (CTS) pin, use the **servicedeclassify** command in global configuration mode. To disable, use the **no** form of this command.

service declassify [{erase-flash | erase-nvram | erase-all}]
no service declassify [{erase-flash | erase-nvram | erase-all}]

Syntax Description	erase-flash	(Optional) Erases all files in the Flash memory file system when declassification is invoked.		
	erase-nvram	(Optional) Erases all files in the NVRAM file system when declassification is invoked.		
	erase-all	(Optional) Scrubs and erases all files on the router when declassification is invoked.		
	Note The servi	cedeclassify command is supported on the Cisco 3200 series routers only.		
Command Default	Zeroization is o	disabled.		
Command Modes	Global configu	ration		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.3(8)YD	This command was introduced.		
	12.4(2)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.4(2)T.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
Usage Guidelines	The network in	terfaces are shut down when declassification is invoked.		
	No command-line interface (CLI) command invokes the declassification process. Declassification is invoked by using an external signal that appears on the AUX port of the router. When declassification is complete, the ROMMON prompt appears on the console.			
	configured. Be	t appears on the console when declassification is initiated depends on what options have been cause of the complex interactions between the declassification process and the logging process ification, it is not possible to document exactly what appears on the screen.		
Examples	The following	example shows the console output when declassification is invoked:		
	The erase-all k	Keyword		
	The output on	the console when the erase-all keyword is used resembles the following:		

```
Router# service declassify erase-all
*Mar 5 17:44:28.347:
Declassification initiated...
*Mar 5 17:44:30.647: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to
administratively down
*Mar 5 17:44:31.647: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0,
changed state to down
System Bootstrap, Version 12.2(1r) [hftseng-MRC_RM 100], DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE
Copyright (c) 1994-2002 by cisco Systems, Inc.
C3200 platform with 131072 Kbytes of main memory
rommon 1 >
```

Note

If the **servicedeclassifyerase-all** command is configured and the Flash file system is erased, error recovery actions must be initiated to load a bootable image on the router. The startup configuration file is also erased; the router boots from the factory default configuration the next time it is booted.

The erase-flash Keyword

The output on the console when the **erase-flash** keyword is used resembles the following:

```
Router# service declassify erase-flash
*Mar 1 00:01:30.091:
Declassification initiated...
*Mar 1 00:01:34.347: %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to
administratively down
*Mar 1 00:01:35.371: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0,
changed state to down
System Bootstrap, Version 12.2(1r) [hftseng-MRC_RM 100], DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE
Copyright (c) 1994-2002 by cisco Systems, Inc.
C3200 platform with 131072 Kbytes of main memory
rommon 1 >
```



Note The Flash file system is erased and there will not be a bootable image for the router in the Flash file system if the **servicedeclassifyerase-flash** command is configured. Error recovery actions must be initiated to load a bootable image. The startup configuration file is not erased if the **servicedeclassifyerase-flash** command is configured. When the router is booted, it is configured using its startup configuration file in NVRAM.

The erase-nvram Keyword

The output on the console when the **erase-nvram** keyword is used resembles the following:

```
Router# service declassify erase-nvram
System Bootstrap, Version 12.2(1r) [hftseng-MRC_RM 100], DEVELOPMENT SOFTWARE
Copyright (c) 1994-2002 by cisco Systems, Inc.
C3200 platform with 131072 Kbytes of main memory
rommon 1 >
```



Note If the **servicedeclassifyerase-nvram** command is configured, the Flash file system is not erased. The bootable image in the Flash file system remains, and the router can be booted. The startup configuration file is erased; because the router has no configuration file, it boots from the default configuration

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show declassify	Displays the state of the servicedeclassify command.

service-engine default-gateway

To define a default gateway router IP address for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA in a Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router, use the service-enginedefault-gatewaycommand in interface configuration mode. To remove the default-gateway IP address, use the no form of this command.

service-engine default-gateway gateway-ip-address no service-engine default-gateway gateway-ip-address

Syntax Description	gateway-ip-address	<i>way-ip-address</i> IP address of the router default gateway.				
Command Default	No gateway IP addre	ess is configured.				
Command Modes	Interface configuration	on (config-if)				
Command History	Release					
	IOS XE Release 2.4	This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	The service-engined used for the Cisco W	- · · ·	fies the IP address for the default gateway router to be			
	A service-engine inte	erface on the Cisco WebEx Node	SPA has two IP addresses:			
	• Router-side IP addressConfigured with the ipaddress command. The IP address on the router side acts like a gateway to the WebEx services running on the SPA side. This router-side IP address must match the IP address configured in the service-enginedefault-gateway command.					
	• Internal SPA int	• Internal SPA interface IP addressConfigured with theservice-engineipaddresscommand.				
	You must configure the service-engineipaddress command before configuring the default gateway.					
	•	-	SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interface using To activate the service-engine interface, use the noshutdown			
Examples	• •	nich corresponds to the IP addres	lress 10.200.72.17 as the default router for the s configured on the router side in			
	Router(config-if) Router(config-if) Router(config-if)	ip address 10.200.72.17 25	10.200.72.18 255.255.255.252			

Related Commands

Command	Description
service-engine hostname	Specifies or modifies the hostname or domain name associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine ip address	Selects and configures the internal interface for management traffic on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine nameserver	Specifies the primary and secondary domain name server used by the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-passcode	Configures the name and key that are used for authentication on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-token	Configures an encrypted token on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-url	Specifies the URL to which the Cisco WebEx Node SPA must connect to enable WebEx meetings.
show hw-module subslot service-engine status	Displays the Cisco WebEx Node SPA application status.

service-engine hostname

To specify or modify the hostname or domain name associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA on a Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router, use the **service-enginehostname**command in interface configuration mode. To remove the hostname and domain name association, use the **no** form of this command.

service-engine hostname module-side-hostname module-side-domain-name no service-engine hostname module-side-hostname module-side-domain-name

Syntax Description	module-side-hostna	те	Name of the hostname associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.		
	module-side-domain	n- name	Name of the domain associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA		
Command Default	No hostname or dom	nain name	ne is configured.		
Command Modes	Interface configurati	on (confi	fig-if)		
Command History	Release	Modifica	cation		
	IOS XE Release 2.4	This con	ommand was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	-	tional con	ecommand specifies the hostname and domain names given to a Cisco WebEx onfiguration and is only used if a Domain Name System (DNS) entry was created o the SPA.		
	1 1		stname and domain name for a Cisco WebEx Node SPA, use the vice-enginestatus command.		
			0		
	•	-	re the Cisco WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interface u configuration command. To activate the service-engine interface, use the noshutd		
Examples	The following example shows how to specify the hostname and domain name for a Cisco WebEx Node SPA:				
	Router(config-if)	# shutdo	ce service-engine 1/0 down Lce-engine hostname wma-spa-1 cisco.com		
Related Commands	Command		Description		
	service-engine defa	ult-gate	eway Defines a default gateway router IP address for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.		
	service-engine ip a	ddress	Selects and configures the internal interface for management traffic on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.		

Command	Description
service-engine hostname	Specifies or modifies the hostname or domain name associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine nameserver	Specifies the primary and secondary domain name server used by the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-passcode	Configures the name and key that are used for authentication on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-token	Configures an encrypted token on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-url	Specifies the URL to which the Cisco WebEx Node SPA must connect to enable WebEx meetings.
show hw-module subslot service-engine status	Displays the Cisco WebEx Node SPA application status.

service-engine ip address

To select and configure the internal interface for management traffic for the WebEx Node SPA on a Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router, use the **service-engineipaddress** command in interface configuration mode. To delete the IP address associated with this interface, use the **no** form of this command.

service-engine ip address *module-side-ip-address subnet-mask* **no service-engine ip address** *module-side-ip-address subnet-mask*

Syntax Description	module-side-ip-add	<i>dress</i> Specifies the IP address of the internal network module-side interface.			
	subnet-mask	Specifies the subnet mask to append to the IP address.			
Command Default	No IP address is con	nfigured.			
Command Modes	Interface configurat	tion (config-if)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	IOS XE Release 2.4	Image: This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	A service-engine in	terface on the Cisco WebEx Node SPA has two IP addresses:			
	• Router-side IP addressConfigured with the ipaddress command. The IP address on the router side acts like a gateway to the WebEx services running on the SPA side. This router-side IP address must match the IP address configured in the service-enginedefault-gateway command.				
	• Internal SPA ir	• Internal SPA interface IP addressConfigured with theservice-engineipaddresscommand.			
	To successfully configure the service-engine IP address, consider the following guidelines: • The router-side IP address must be configured using the ipaddress command.				
	• The service-engine IP address must be on the same subnet as the router-side IP address for the service-engine interface (configured using the ipaddress command.)				
	 The service-engineipaddresscommand must be configured before you configure the service-enginedefault-gateway command. 				
	•	n configure the Cisco WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interface using interface configuration command. To activate the service-engine interface, use the noshutdown			
Examples	WebEx Node SPA i	nple shows how to define an IP address for the internal SPA-side interface on the n slot 1 using the service-engineipaddress command. The example shows the ddress on the same subnet as the router-side IP address that is configured with			

the ipaddress command:

```
Router(config) interface Service-Engine1/0/0
Router(config-if) shutdown
Router(config-if) ip address 10.200.72.17 255.255.255.252
Router(config-if) service-engine ip address 10.200.72.18 255.255.255.252
Router(config-if) service-engine default-gateway 10.200.72.17
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
service-engine default-gateway	Defines a default gateway router IP address for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine hostname	Specifies or modifies the hostname or domain name associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine nameserver	Specifies the primary and secondary domain name server used by the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-passcode	Configures the name and key that are used for authentication on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-token	Configures an encrypted token on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-url	Specifies the URL to which the Cisco WebEx Node SPA must connect to enable WebEx meetings.
show hw-module subslot service-engine status	Displays the Cisco WebEx Node SPA application status.

service-engine nameserver

To specify the primary and secondary Domain Name System (DNS) used by the Cisco WebEx Node SPA in a Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router, use the **service-enginenameserver** command in interface configuration mode. To remove a DNS name server from the list, use the **no** form of this command.

service-engine nameserver name-server1-ip-address name-server2-ip-address no service-engine nameserver name-server1-ip-address name-server2-ip-address

Syntax Description	name-server1-ip- ad	<i>IP</i> address of	IP address of the primary DNS name server for the WebEx Node SPA.		
	name-server2-ip- ad	ddress IP address of	<i>IP</i> address of a secondary DNS name server for the WebEx Node SPA.		
Command Default	No name servers are	configured.			
ommand Modes	Interface configurati	on (config-if)			
command History	Release	Modification			
	IOS XE Release 2.4	This command was in	ntroduced.		
_ Examples	 Note Before you can configure the Cisco WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine inter the shutdown interface configuration command. To activate the service-engine interface, use the not command. The following example shows how to specify the hosts at 192.168.2.111 and 192.168.2.112 as the primary and secondary name servers for the WebEx Node SPA in slot 1/0: Router (config) # interface service-engine 1/0 Router (config-if) # shutdown 				
elated Commands	192.168.2.112		Description		
leialeu commanus	Command		Description		
	service-engine defa	ult-gateway	Defines a default gateway router IP address for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.		
	service-engine host	name	Specifies or modifies the hostname or domain name associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.		
	service-engine ip a	ddress	Selects and configures the internal interface for management		

traffic on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.

Command	Description
service-engine wma-passcode	Configures the name and key that are used for authentication on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-token	Configures an encrypted token on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-url	Specifies the URL to which the Cisco WebEx Node SPA must connect to enable WebEx meetings.
show hw-module subslot service-engine status	Displays the Cisco WebEx Node SPA application status.

service-engine wma-passcode

To configure the name and key that is used for authentication for a Cisco WebEx Node SPA in a Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router, use the **service-enginewma-passcode** command in interface configuration mode. To disable this function, use the **no** form of this command.

service-engine wma-passcode name-string key-string no service-engine wma-passcode

Syntax Description	name-string	Sneci	fies the authentication name for	the WebEx Node SPA	
-,					
	key-string	Speci	fies the authentication passcode	for the WebEx Node SPA.	
Command Default	The name an	d key us	ed for authentication for a Cisco	WebEx Node SPA is disal	bled.
Command Modes	Interface cor	figuratio	on (config-if)		
Command History	Release		Modification		
	IOS XE Rel	ease 2.4	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	passcode key	to ident	ma-passcode command is used tify the node. Both the passcode token command) are used toget	and the token (configured	using the
	Data Center. for the SPA r service-engi Node for AS	The value nust mat newma- R 1000 \$	gure this command, you must fin ue of the passcode string provision that the value of the passcode string passcode command. For more in Series" chapter of the Cisco ASF guration Guide.	oned in the Cisco WebEx N ng configured in the formation, refer to the "Co	Node Management System
		down in			the service-engine interface using ine interface, use the noshutdown
	configuration running conf	n, the <i>key</i>	he service-enginewma-passcod <i>p-string</i> is encrypted. Therefore, n or a backup version of your cosp passcode command must be re-	you cannot successfully configuration file to running-	ppy the passcode from the
Examples	The followin Node SPA in		ble defines the authentication SP.	A name and passcode for the	he Cisco WebEx
	Router (conf	ig-if)#	nterface service-engine 1/0 shutdown service-engine wma-passcoo	de wma-spa-1 spalpass	

Related Commands

Command	Description
service-engine default-gateway	Defines a default gateway router IP address for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine ip address	Selects and configures the internal interface for management traffic on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine hostname	Specifies or modifies the hostname or domain name associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine nameserver	Specifies the primary and secondary domain name server used by the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-token	Configures an encrypted token on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-url	Specifies the URL to which the Cisco WebEx Node SPA must connect to enable WebEx meetings.
show hw-module subslot service-engine status	Displays the Cisco WebEx Node SPA application status.

service-engine wma-token

To configure an encrypted token for a Cisco WebEx Node SPA in a Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router, use the **service-enginewma-token**command in interface configuration mode. To disable this function, use the **no** form of this command.

service-engine wma-token token-string no service-engine wma-token

Syntax Description	token-string Specifies the encrypted token for the WebEx Node SPA.				
Command Default	The encrypted token for a Cisco WebEx Node SPA is disabled.				
Command Modes	Interface confi	guration (config-if)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	IOS XE Relea	se 2.4 This command w	as introduced.		
Jsage Guidelines	SPA. Both the	token and the passcode	nd is used to configure an encrypted token for the Cisco WebEx N (configured using the service-enginewma-passcode command) are Cisco WebEx Node SPA.		
	Data Center. T the SPA must r For more infor	he value of the token str natch the value of the pa mation, refer to the "Con	d, you must first provision the Cisco WebEx Node SPA at the Web ing provisioned in the Cisco WebEx Node Management System for asscode string configured in the service-enginewma-token comma affiguring the Cisco WebEx Node for ASR 1000 Series" chapter of		
	Cisco ASR 100	JU Series Aggregation S	ervices Routers SIP and SPA Software Configuration Guide .		
		JU Series Aggregation S	ervices Routers SIP and SPA Software Configuration Guide.		
	Note Before yo the shutd	u can configure the Cisc	o WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interfation command. To activate the service-engine interface, use the		
Examples	Note Before yo the shutdo	u can configure the Cisco own interface configura wn command.	o WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interfa		
	Note Before yo the shutd noshutdo The following Router (confid Router (confid	u can configure the Cisco own interface configura wncommand. example specifies the to g) # interface service g-if) # shutdown	o WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interfation command. To activate the service-engine interface, use the ken for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA in slot 1/0:		
-	Note Before yo the shutd noshutdo The following Router (confid Router (confid Router (confid	u can configure the Cisco own interface configura wncommand. example specifies the to g) # interface service g-if) # shutdown	o WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interfation command. To activate the service-engine interface, use the ken for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA in slot 1/0:		
Examples Related Commands	Note Before yo the shutd noshutdo The following Router (confid Router (confid Router (confid Router (confid	u can configure the Cisco own interface configura wncommand. example specifies the to g) # interface service g-if) # shutdown	o WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interfation command. To activate the service-engine interface, use the ken for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA in slot 1/0: e-engine 1/0 e wma-token 123456789		

Command	Description
service-engine hostname	Specifies or modifies the hostname or domain name associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine nameserver	Specifies the primary and secondary domain name server used by the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-passcode	Configures the name and key that are used for authentication on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-url	Specifies the URL to which the Cisco WebEx Node SPA must connect to enable WebEx meetings.
show hw-module subslot service-engine status	Displays the Cisco WebEx Node SPA application status.

service-engine wma-url

To specify the URL to which the Cisco WebEx Node SPA in a Cisco ASR 1000 Series Router must connect to enable WebEx meetings, use the **service-enginewma-url**command in interface configuration mode. To disable this function, use the **no** form of this command.

service-engine wma-url *url-string* no service-engine wma-url

Syntax Description	<i>url-string</i> Specifies the URL to connect to the WebEx MediaTone Center.					
Command Default	No URL string is configured.					
Command Modes	Interface co	nfiguration (config-if)				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	IOS XE Re	elease 2.4 This command v	was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	The service Data Center	•	d is used to configure the URL that enables connectivity to the WebEx			
	Data Center match the v to the "Con	The URL string provision alue of the URL configured figuring the Cisco WebEx	and, you must first provision the Cisco WebEx Node SPA at the WebEx oned in the Cisco WebEx Node Management System for the SPA must ed in the service-enginewma-url command. For more information, refer Node for ASR 1000 Series" chapter of the Cisco ASR 1000 Series d SPA Software Configuration Guide .			
-		tdown interface configurat	co WebEx Node SPA, you must shut down the service-engine interface using ation command. To activate the service-engine interface, use the noshutdown			
Examples	The followi connect:	ng example specifies the U	URL to which the Cisco WebEx Node SPA in slot 1/0 must			
	Router (cor	fig)# interface servic fig-if)# shutdown fig-if)# service-engin	ce-engine 1/0 ne wma-url https://spa.webex.com			
Related Commands	Command		Description			
	service-en	gine default-gateway	Defines a default gateway router IP address for the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.			
	service-en	gine ip address	Selects and configures the internal interface for management traffic on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.			

Command	Description
service-engine hostname	Specifies or modifies the hostname or domain name associated with a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine nameserver	Specifies the primary and secondary domain name server used by the Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-passcode	Configures the name and key that are used for authentication on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
service-engine wma-token	Configures an encrypted token on a Cisco WebEx Node SPA.
show hw-module subslot service-engine status	Displays the Cisco WebEx Node SPA application status.

service single-slot-reload-enable

To enable single line card reloading for all line cards in the Cisco 7500 series router, use the **servicesingle-slot-reload-enable**command in global configuration mode. To disable single line card reloading for the line cards in the Cisco 7500 series router, use the **no** form of this command.

service single-slot-reload-enable no service single-slot-reload-enable

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Single line card reloading is disabled.

Command Modes Global configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	12.0(13)S	This command was introduced.
	12.1(5)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.1(5)T.
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

Examples

In the following example, single line card reloading is enabled for all lines cards on the Cisco 7500 series router:

Router(config)# service single-slot-reload-enable

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show diag	Displays hardware information for a networking device.
	show running-config	Displays configuration information.

service-module

To set service module parameters, use the service-modulecommandinprivilegedEXEC mode.

service-module GigabitEthernet *interface-number* {heartbeat-reset {disable | enable} | password-reset | reload | reset | session [clear] | shutdown [no-confirm] | statistics [clear] | status}

Syntax Description	GigabitE	Cthernet interface-number	Specifies the Gigabit Ethernet interface number.	
	heartbeat-reset disable		Specifies the heartbeat failure to reset the service module.	
			Disables the heartbeat reset.	
	enable		Enables the heartbeat reset.	
	passwore	l-reset	Specifies the password reset for the service module.	
	reload		Reloads the service module.	
	reset		Resets the service module hardware.	
	session		Specifies the service module session.	
	clear shutdown no-confirm statistics		(Optional) Clears the existing service module session when used with the session keyword. Clears the service module statistics when used with the statistics keyword.	
			Shuts down the service module.	
			(Optional) Configures the system not to confirm before the shutdown. Specifies service module statistics.	
	status		Specifies service module status information.	
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release Modification			
	15.0(1)M	This command was introdu	uced in a release earlier than Cisco IOS Release 15.0(1)M.	
Usage Guidelines	Use this command with the reset keyword only to recover from the shutdown or failed state. Use the shutdown keyword for online removal of a service module. When you shut down a service module on switch modules, the line protocol on the GigabitEthernet interface goes down. If the line protocol does not go down, first shut down the interface using the shutdown command in interface configuration mode and then shut down the service module using the service-moduleGigabitEthernet <i>interface-numbershutdown</i> command.			
Examples	The follow	ving example shows how to	o disable the heartbeat reset:	
	Router# :	service-module GigabitE	thernet 1/0 heartbeat-reset disable	

The following example shows the status of the service module:

Router# service-moduleGigabitEthernet1/0status

Service Module is Cisco GigabitEthernet1/0 Service Module supports session via TTY line 66 Service Module is Shutdown Service Module reset on error is disabled Service Module heartbeat-reset is enabled Service Module status is not available

The following example shows how to shut down an interface before shutting down the service module:

Router(config)# interface GigabitEthernet 1/0
Router(config-if)# shutdown

The following example shows how to shut down a service module:

Router# service-module GigabitEthernet 1/0 shutdown

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show interfaces sm	Displays basic interface configuration information for service modules.
	shutdown (interface)	Disables an interface.

service-module 56k clock rate

To configure the network line speed for a serial interface on a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module, use the **service-module56kclockrate**command in interface configuration mode. To enable a network line speed of 56 kbps, which is the default, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module 56k clock rate commandservice-module 56k clock rate speed no service-module 56k clock rate speed

Syntax Description	speed Network	vork line speed in kbps. The default speed is 56 kbps. Choose from one of the following optional ds:	
	•	2.4 2.4 kbps	
	•	4.8 4.8 kbps	
	•	9.6 9.6 kbps	
	•	19.2 19.2 kbps	
	•	38.4 38.4 kbps	
	•	56 56 kbps (default)	
	•	64 64 kbps	
		auto Automatic line speed mode. Configure this option if your line speed is constantly changing.	
Command Default	56 kbps		
Command Modes	Interface conf	figuration	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	11.2	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.	
Usage Guidelines	InesThe 56-kbps line speed is available in switched mode, which is enabled using the service-module56knetwork-type interface configuration command on the 4-wire CSU/DSU. 2-wire CSU/DSU module, the default is automatically set to switched mode.		
	The 64-kbps line speed cannot be used with back-to-back digital data service (DDS) lines. The subrate line speeds are determined by the service provider.		
		vord enables the CSU/DSU to decipher current line speed from the sealing current running on	

Examples

The following example displays two routers connected in back-to-back DDS mode. However, notice that at first the configuration fails because the **auto** option is used. Later in the example the correct matching configuration is issued, which is 38.4 kbps.

```
Router1(config)# interface serial 0
Router1(config-if)# service-module 56k clock source internal
Router1(config-if)# service-module 56k clock rate 38.4
Router2(config-if)# service-module 56k clock rate auto
Router1# ping 10.1.1.2
Type escape sequence to abort.
Success rate is 0 percent (0/5)
Router2(config-if)# service-module 56k clock rate 38.4
Router1# ping 10.1.1.2
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.1.1.2, timeout is 2 seconds:
....
Router1# ping 10.1.1.2
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.1.1.2, timeout is 2 seconds:
```

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.1.1.2, timeout is 2 seconds: !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 52/54/56 ms

When transferring from DDS mode to switched mode, you must set the correct clock rate, as shown in the following example:

```
Router2(config-if)# service-module 56k network-type dds
Router2(config-if)# service-module 56k clock rate 38.4
Router2(config-if)# service-module 56k network-type switched
% Have to use 56k or auto clock rate for switched mode
% Service module configuration command failed: WRONG FORMAT.
Router2(config-if)# service-module 56k clock rate auto
% WARNING - auto rate will not work in back-to-back DDS.
Router2(config-if)# service-module 56k network-type switched
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
		Sets up the clock source on a serial interface for a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.
	service-module 56k network-type	Sends packets in switched dial-up mode or DDS mode using a serial interface on a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.

service-module 56k clock source

service-module 56k clock rate

To set up the clock source on a serial interface for a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module, use the **service-module56kclocksource**command in interface configuration mode. To specify that the clocking come from the line, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module 56k clock source commandservice-module 56k clock source {line | internal} no service-module 56k clock source {line | internal}

Syntax Description	line	Uses the clocking prov	vided by the active line coming in to the router. This is the default.	
	internal [Uses the internal clock	king provided by the hardware module.	
Command Default	Line clock			
Command Modes	Interface con	nfiguration		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	11.1	This command was	introduced.	
	12.2(33)SRA	A This command was	s integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.	
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
Usage Guidelines	In most applications, the CSU/DSU should be configured with the clocksourceline command. For back-to-back configurations, configure one CSU/DSU with the clocksourceinternal command and the other with clocksourceline command.			
Examples	The following example configures internal clocking and transmission speed at 38.4 kbps. Router(config)# interface serial 0 Router(config-if)# service-module 56k clock source internal Router(config-if)# service-module 56k clock rate 38.4		s internal clocking and transmission speed at 38.4 kbps.	
			odule 56k clock source internal	
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	clock sourc	ce (interface)	Controls the clock used by a G.703-E1 interface.	

Configures the network line speed for a serial interface on a 4-wire,

56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.

service-module 56k data-coding

To prevent application data from replicating loopback codes when operating at 64 kbps on a 4-wire CSU/DSU, use the **service-module56kdata-coding** command in interface configuration mode. To enable normal transmission, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module 56k data-coding {normal | scrambled}
no service-module 56k data-coding {normal | scrambled}

Syntax Description	normal	normal Specifies normal transmission of data. This is the default.		
	scrambled	Scrambles bit codes or user data before transmission. All control codes such as out-of-service and out-of-frame are avoided.		
Command Default	Normal data t	transmission		
Command Modes	Interface cont	figuration		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	11.2	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
Usage Guidelines		rambled configuration only in 64-kbps digital data service (DDS) mode. If the network type is d, the configuration is refused.		
	If you transm	it scrambled bit codes both CSU/DSUs must have this command configured for successful		

If you transmit scrambled bit codes, both CSU/DSUs must have this command configured for successful communication.

Examples The following example s crambles bit codes or user data before transmission :

Router(config)# interface serial 0
Router(config-if)# service-module 56k clock rate 64
Router(config-if)# service-module 56k data-coding scrambled

Related Commands	Command	Description
	service-module 56k clock rate	Configures the network line speed for a serial interface on a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.

service-module 56k network-type

To transmit packets in switched dial-up mode or digital data service (DDS) mode using a serial interface on a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module, use the **service-module56knetwork-type**command in interface configuration mode. To transmit from a dedicated leased line in DDS mode, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module 56k network-type {dds | switched}
no service-module 56k network-type {dds | switched}

Syntax Description		Transmits packets in DDS mode or through a dedicated leased line. The default is DDS enabled for the 4-wire CSU/DSU.			
		switched Transmits packets in switched dial-up mode. On a 2-wire, switched 56-kbps CSU/DSU module, this is the default and only setting.			
Command Default	DDS is enabl	DDS is enabled for the 4-wire CSU/DSU. Switched is enabled for the 2-wire CSU/DSU.			
Command Modes	Interface con	figuration			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	11.2	This command was introduced.			
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.			
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.			
Usage Guidelines	In switched mode, you need additional dialer configuration commands to configure dial-out numbers. Before you enable the service-module56knetwork-typeswitched command, both CSU/DSUs must use a clock source coming from the line and have the clock rate configured to auto or 56 kbps. If the clock rate is not set correctly, this command will not be accepted.				
	The 2-wire and 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU modules use V.25 <i>bis</i> dial commands to interface with the router. Therefore, the interface must be configured using the dialerin-band command. Data terminal ready (DTR) dial is not supported.				
-	Note Any loo	pbacks in progress are terminated when switching between modes.			
Examples	The following example configures transmission in switched dial-up mode :				
	Router(conf -if)#	dule 56k clock rate auto			

```
service-module 56k network-type switched
Router(config
-if)#
dialer in-band
Router(config
-if)#
dialer string 5550111
Router(config
-if)#
dialer-group 1
```

Related Commands Co

Command	Description
dialer in-band	Specifies that DDR is to be supported.
service-module 56k clock rate	Configures the network line speed for a serial interface on a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.
service-module 56k clock source	Sets up the clock source on a serial interface for a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.
service-module 56k switched-carrier	Selects a service provider to use with a 2- or 4-wire, 56/64-kbps dial-up serial line.

service-module 56k remote-loopback

To enable the acceptance of a remote loopback request on a serial interface on a 2- or 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module, use the **service-module56kremote-loopback** command in interface configuration mode. To disable the module from entering loopback, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module 56k remote-loopback commandservice-module 56k remote-loopback no service-module 56k remote-loopback commandservice-module 56k remote-loopback

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Enabled

Command Modes Interface configuration

Command History Release		Modification
	11.2	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

Usage Guidelines The noservice-module56kremote-loopback command prevents the local CSU/DSU from being placed into loopback by remote devices on the line. The line provider is still able to put the module into loopback by reversing sealing current. Unlike the T1 module, the 2- or 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module can still initiate remote loopbacks with the **no** form of this command configured.

Examples The following example enables transmitting and receiving remote loopbacks:

Router(config) # interface serial 0
Router(config
-if)
service-module 56k remote-loopback

Related Commands	Command	Description
		Loops packets through a CSU/DSU, over a DS3 link or a channelized T1 link, to the remote CSU/DSU and back.

service-module 56k switched-carrier

To select a service provider to use with a 2- or 4-wire, 56/64-kbps dial-up serial line, use the **service-module56kswitched-carrier** command in interface configuration mode. To enable the default service provider, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module 56k switched-carrier {att | sprint | other} no service-module 56k switched-carrier {att | sprint | other}

Syntax Description	att	AT&T or other digital network service provider. This is the default on the 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.			
	sprint	Sprint or other service provider whose network requires echo cancelers. This is the default on the 2-wire, switched 56-kbps CSU/DSU module.			
	other	Any	other service provider.		
Command Default		ATT is enabled on the 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module. Sprint is enabled on the 2-wire, switched 56-kbps CSU/DSU module.			
Command Modes	Interface	e conf	iguration		
Command History	Release		Modification		
	11.2		This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA		This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.2SX		This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
Usage Guidelines	digital da	ata. T	twork, echo-canceler tones are sent during call setup to prevent the echo cancelers from damaging he transmission of echo-canceler tones may increase call setup times by 8 seconds on the 4-wire ng echo cancellation enabled does not affect data traffic.		
	This configuration command is ignored if the network type is DDS.				
Examples	The following example configures AT&T as a service provider :				
	Router(Router(-if)		ig)# interface serial 0 ig		
	,		odule 56k network-type switched ig		
	<pre># service-module 56k switched-carrier att</pre>				

Related Commands

nds	Command	Description	
		Sends packets in switched dial-up mode or DDS mode using a serial interface on a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.	

service-module analysis-module reload

To perform a graceful halt and reboot of the Network Analysis Module (NAM) software on the NM-NAM network module, use the **service-moduleanalysis-modulereload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module analysis-module slot/unit reload

Syntax Description slot Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.		Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.
		Number of the daughter card on the network module. For the NM-NAM, always use 0. The slash mark is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History Release Modification 12.3(4)XD This command was introduced on the following platforms: Cisco 2600XM series, Cisco 2691, Cisco 3660, Cisco 3725, and Cisco 3745. 12.3(7)T This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)T. 12.3(8)T4 This command was implemented on the following platforms: Cisco 2811, Cisco 2821, and Cisco 2851. 12.3(11)T This command was implemented on the Cisco 3800 series.

Usage Guidelines The service-moduleanalysis-modulereload command is the Cisco IOS equivalent of the reboot NAM CLI command. These commands can be used to initiate the NAM software upgrade process or to access the NAM helper image.

Examples The following example shows how to gracefully halt and reboot the NAM application software:

Router# service-module analysis-module 1/0 reload

Do you want to proceed with reload?[confirm] Trying to reload Service Module Analysis-Module1/0.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	service-module analysis-module reset	Resets the hardware on the NM-NAM.
	service-module analysis-module shutdown	Gracefully halts the operating system on the NM-NAM.
	service-module analysis-module status	Displays hardware and software status information about the NM-NAM.

service-module analysis-module reset

To reset the hardware on the Network Analysis Module (NM-NAM), use the **service-moduleanalysis-modulereset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module analysis-module *slot/unit* reset

Syntax Description	slot	Number of the router chassis slot for	the network module		
.,	/ unit	Number of the daughter card on the n	of the daughter card on the network module. For the NM-NAM, always use 0. The slash required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.		
Command Modes	Privilegeo	1 EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification			
		the following platforms: Cisco 2600XM series, Cisco 2691, o 3745.			
	12.3(7)T				
12.3(8)T4 This command was implemented on the following platforms: Cisco 2811, 2851.		n the following platforms: Cisco 2811, Cisco 2821, and Cisco			
	12.3(11)	1)T This command was implemented on the Cisco 3800 series.			
Usage Guidelines		Use the service-moduleanalysis-modulereset command to bring up the NM-NAM after it has been shut down using the service-moduleanalysis-moduleshutdown command.			
Examples	The following example shows how to reset the hardware on the NM-NAM:				
	Router# service-module analysis-module 1/0 reset		1/0 reset		
	Use reset only to recover from shutdown or failed state Warning:May lose data on the hard disc! Do you want to reset?[confirm] Trying to reset Service Module Analysis-Module1/0.				
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description		
	service-1	nodule analysis-module reload	Gracefully halts and reboots the software on the NM-NAM.		
	service-1	nodule analysis-module shutdown	Gracefully halts the operating system on the NM-NAM.		
	service-1	nodule analysis-module status	Displays hardware and software status information about		

the NM-NAM.

service-module analysis-module session

To access the Network Analysis Module (NAM) console from the router, use the **service-moduleanalysis-modulesession** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module analysis-module *slot/unit* session [clear]

Syntax Description	slot 1	Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.	
		Number of the daughter card on the network module. For the NM-NAM, always use 0. The slash mark is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.	
	clear	(Optional) Clears the NAM console line.	
Command Default	The router	cannot access the NAM console.	
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.3(4)XI	This command was introduced on the following platforms: Cisco 2600XM series, Cisco 2691, Cisco 3660, Cisco 3725, and Cisco 3745.	
	12.3(7)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)T.	
	12.3(8)T4	This command was implemented on the following platforms: Cisco 2811, Cisco 2821, and Cisco 2851.	
	12.3(11)7	This command was implemented on the Cisco 3800 series.	
Usage Guidelines	When ente	ered without the clear keyword, this command opens a NAM console session from the router.	
Examples			
	Opening a	NAM console Session	

The following example shows how to open a NAM console session when the NM-NAM is installed in router slot 2:

Router# service-module analysis-module 2/0 session

```
Trying 10.1.1.1, 2065 ... Open 
<Press Return>
```

Cisco Network Analysis Module (NM-NAM) nam1.cisco.com login: **root**

Password: <password>

```
Terminal type: vt100
Cisco Network Analysis Module (NM-NAM) Console, 3.2(0.9)
Copyright (c) 1999-2003 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
```

WARNING! Default password has not been changed! root@nam1.cisco.com#

Clearing the NAM Console Line

The following example shows how to clear the NAM console line when the NM-NAM is installed in router slot 1:

Router# service-module analysis-module 1/0 session clear

[confirm] [OK]

Related Commands

	Command	d Description	
	ssh	Starts an encrypted session with a remote networking device.	
telnet Logs in to a host that supports T		Logs in to a host that supports Telnet.	

service-module analysis-module shutdown

To gracefully halt the operating system on the Network Analysis Module (NM-NAM), use the **service-moduleanalysis-moduleshutdown** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module analysis-module *slot/unit* shutdown [no-confirm]

Syntax Description slot		Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.
/ unit		Number of the daughter card on the network module. For the NM-NAM, always use 0. The slash mark is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.
no-confirm		(Optional) No confirmation message appears before shutdown.

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

nmand History	Release	Modification
	12.3(4)XD	This command was introduced on the following platforms: Cisco 2600XM series, Cisco 2691, Cisco 3660, Cisco 3725, and Cisco 3745.
	12.3(7)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)T.
	12.3(8)T4	This command was implemented on the following platforms: Cisco 2811, Cisco 2821, and Cisco 2851.
	12.3(11)T	This command was implemented on the Cisco 3800 series.

Usage Guidelines The **service-moduleanalysis-moduleshutdown** command properly brings down the operating system of the Network Analysis Module (NM-NAM) to protect the network module's hard drive. When the operating system has been shut down, the NM-NAM can be removed from the router.

At the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.

If you enter the **no-confirm** keyword, the confirmation prompt does not appear.

Examples

Com

Gracefully Halt the Operating System with Confirmation

The following example shows how to gracefully halt the operating system of the NM-NAM in slot 1:

```
Router# service-module analysis-module 1/0 shutdown
```

Shutdown is used for Online removal of Service Module. Do you want to proceed with shutdown?[confirm] Use service module reset command to recover from shutdown.

Gracefully Halt the Operating System -- No Confirmation

The following example shows how to gracefully halt the operating system of the NM-NAM in slot 2 without any user confirmation:

Router# service-module analysis-module 2/0 shutdown no-confirm

Use service module reset command to recover from shutdown.

Command	Description
service-module analysis-module reload	Gracefully halts and reboots the software on the NM-NAM.
service-module analysis-module reset	Resets the hardware on the NM-NAM.
service-module analysis-module status	Displays hardware and software status information about the NM-NAM.

service-module analysis-module status

To display hardware and software status information about the Network Analysis Module (NM-NAM), use the **service-moduleanalysis-modulestatus** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module analysis-module *slot/unit* status

Syntax Description	slot Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.	
	/ <i>unit</i> Number of the daughter card on the network module. For the NM-NA mark is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.	

Command Modes Privileged EXEC

Command History Modification Release 12.3(4)XD This command was introduced on the following platforms: Cisco 2600XM series, Cisco 2691, Cisco 3660, Cisco 3725, and Cisco 3745. 12.3(7)T This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(7)T. 12.3(8)T4 This command was implemented on the following platforms: Cisco 2811, Cisco 2821, and Cisco 2851. 12.3(11)T This command was implemented on the Cisco 3800 series. Use the service-moduleanalysis-modulestatus command to: **Usage Guidelines** Display the NAM software release version.

- Display the fullin solution follows version
- Check the NAM status (steady or down).

Examples

The command in the following example displays information about the NM-NAM in router slot 1:

Router# service-module analysis-module 1/0 status

Service Module is Cisco Analysis-Module1/0 Service Module supports session via TTY line 33 Service Module is in Steady state Getting status from the Service Module, please wait... Cisco Network Analysis Module (NM-NAM), version 3.2(0.8)

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers analysis-module	Displays controller information for the analysis module interface.
	show interfaces analysis-module	Displays status, traffic data, and configuration information about the analysis module interface.

service-module backup interface

To configure an interface as a secondary or dial backup to the satellite interface, use the **servicemodulebackupinterface** command in satellite interface configuration mode. To remove the backup interface configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

service module backup interface interface no service module backup interface interface

Syntax Description	interface	Interface type and number.
Command Default	No default	behavior or values
Command Modes	Satellite in	terface configuration
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.
Examples	The follow	ving example shows how to set i

The following example shows how to set interface async 1 as the backup to the satellite link:

Router(config-if) # service-module backup interface async1

Related Commands	Command	Description
	-	Sets the terrestrial backup mode for the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).

service-module backup mode

To set the terrestrial dial backup mode for the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT), use the **service-modulebackupmode** command in satellite interface configuration mode. To return to the router (default) dial backup mode, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module backup mode [{hub|router}] no service-module backup mode

Syntax Description	hub	Hub dial backup mode.
	router	Router dial backup mode.
Command Default	Router di	al backup mode
Command Modes	Satellite i	nterface configuration
Command History	Release Modification	
	12.3(14)7	This command was introduced

Usage Guidelines Hub Dial Backup Mode

Hub dial backup mode maintains TCP connections during transitions between primary and backup links. Note, however, that hub dial backup mode provides backup for the satellite *link*, but not for the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module hardware, the router satellite interface, or other router interfaces. If the satellite link goes down (for example, because of rain fade) in hub dial backup mode, the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module connects to the hub using dial-on-demand routing (DDR). Common DDR backup links use ISDN BRIs, modems on auxiliary ports, and T1/E1 lines.

The NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module always encapsulates packets using a satellite backbone protocol before sending the packets over the satellite link. In hub dial backup mode, the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module continues to encapsulate the packets using the satellite backbone protocol before sending the packets over the dial backup link to the hub; this is how hub dial backup mode maintains TCP connections during transitions between the primary satellite link and the dial backup link. Therefore, hub dial backup mode works only when the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module itself is functioning properly.

Router Dial Backup Mode

If the satellite link goes down in router dial backup mode, the router uses DDR to send data out a different interface. Unlike hub dial backup mode, router dial backup mode does these things:

- Tears down and reestablishes TCP connections during transitions between primary and backup links
- Does not require that the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module work properly while the backup link is in use

Examples

The following example shows how to specify hub backup mode:

Router(config-if) # service-module backup mode hub

The following example shows how to specify router backup mode:

Router(config-if) # service-module backup mode router

Related Commands	Command	Description
	service-module backup interface	Specifies the interface to use to back up the satellite interface.

service-module content-engine reload

To perform a graceful halt and reboot of a content engine (CE) network module operating system, use the **service-modulecontent-enginereload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module content-engine slot/unit reload

Syntax Description	slot N	umber of the router chassis slot fo	r the network module	
		-	network module. For CE network modules, always use 0. The <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.	
Command Modes	Privileged I	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(11)YT	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(13)T	This command was integrated in	to Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.	
Usage Guidelines	At the confi	t the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.		
Examples	1: Router# se	ng example gracefully halts and re ervice-module content-engine at to proceed with reload?[co		
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	interface content-engine		Configures an interface for a CE network module and enters interface configuration mode.	
	service-mo	odule content-engine reset	Resets the hardware on a CE network module.	
	service-mo	odule content-engine shutdown	Gracefully halts a CE network module.	
	show cont	rollers content-engine	Displays controller information for CE network modules.	
	show inter	faces content-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for a CE network module.	

service-module content-engine reset

To reset the hardware on a content engine (CE) network module, use the **service-modulecontent-enginereset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module content-engine *slot/unit* reset

	slot	Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.		
	/ unit			network module. For CE network modules, always use 0. The slot argument and the unitargument.
Command Modes	Privileg	ed E	XEC	
Command History	y Release		Modification	
	12.2(11))YT	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(13	3)T	This command was integrated in	to Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.
Usage Guidelines	At the c	onfir	mation prompt, press Enter to co	onfirm the action or n to cancel.
-				
			service-modulecontent-enginer y lose data.	eset command only to recover from a shutdown or failed state b
Examples	TT1 C 11			
	The follo	owin	ng example resets the hardware of	n the CE network module in slot 1:
	Router# Use res Warning	‡ sei set o g: Ma	rvice-module content-engine only to recover from shutdow ay lose data on the hard dis t to reset?[confirm]	1/0 reset n or failed state
Related Commands	Router# Use res Warning	f sei set c g: Ma want	rvice-module content-engine only to recover from shutdow ay lose data on the hard dis	1/0 reset n or failed state
Related Commands	Router# Use res Warning Do you Comma	f ser set c g: Ma want nd	rvice-module content-engine only to recover from shutdow ay lose data on the hard dis	1/0 reset m or failed state c!
Related Commands	Router# Use res Warning Do you Comma interfa	f set c set c want and ce co	rvice-module content-engine only to recover from shutdow ay lose data on the hard dis to reset?[confirm]	 1/0 reset m or failed state c! Description Configures an interface for a CE network module and enter
Related Commands	Router# Use res Warning Do you Comma interfac	# ser set c g: Ma want und ce co	<pre>cvice-module content-engine only to recover from shutdow ay lose data on the hard dis to reset?[confirm] ontent-engine</pre>	 1/0 reset m or failed state Description Configures an interface for a CE network module and enter interface configuration mode. Performs a graceful halt and reboot of a CE network module
Related Commands	Router# Use res Warning Do you Comma interfa service service	set c set c y: Ma want ond cce cc cce cc	<pre>cvice-module content-engine only to recover from shutdow ay lose data on the hard dis to reset?[confirm] ontent-engine dule content-engine reload</pre>	 1/0 reset m or failed state Description Configures an interface for a CE network module and enter interface configuration mode. Performs a graceful halt and reboot of a CE network modul operating system.

service-module content-engine session

To access a content engine (CE) network module console and begin a configuration session, use the **service-modulecontent-enginesession** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module content-engine *slot/unit* session [clear]

Syntax Description	slot N	Sumber of the router chassis slot for the network module.
		Sumber of the daughter card on the network module. For CE network modules, always use 0. The lash mark is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.
	clear ((Optional) Clears the CE configuration session.
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC
Command History	Release	Modification
	12.2(11)YT	This command was introduced.
	12.2(13)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.
Usage Guidelines	 Only one session at a time is allowed into the content engine from the internal CE network-module-side interface. This interface provides console access to the CE network module from the router command-interface (CLI) by initiating a reverse Telnet connection that uses the IP address of the CE interface and terminal (TTY) line associated with the CE network module. The TTY line number is calculated using formula (n*32) + 1, where <i>n</i> is the number of the chassis slot that contains the CE network module. The interface must be up before you can use this command. Once a session is started, you can perform any CE configuration task. You first access the CE console user-level shell. To access the privileged EXEC command shell, where most commands are available, u enable command. Note that this is a Cisco Application and Content Network Software, <i>Release 4.2. Initial CE configuration tasks are covered in the Cisco Content Delivery Networ Products Getting Started Guide, section 6, "Perform an Initial Startup Configuration."</i> 	
	•	inish CE configuration and exit the CE console session, use this command with the clear keyword session. At the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.
Examples	The follow	ing example shows a CE session being opened for a CE network module in slot 2:
	Trying 10 CE-netmodu Press RETU	ervice-module content-engine 2/0 session .10.10.1, 2129 Open ule con now available URN to get started! ule> enable ule#

The following example clears the session that had been used to configure the CE in the network module in slot 1:

```
Router# service-module content-engine 1/0 session clear
[confirm]
[OK]
```

Related Commands

Command	Description
interface content-engine	Configures an interface for a CE network module and enters interface configuration mode.
show controllers content-engine	Displays controller information for CE network modules.
show interfaces content-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for a CE network module.

service-module content-engine shutdown

To gracefully halt a content engine (CE) network module, use the **service-modulecontent-engineshutdown** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module content-engine slot/unit shutdown

Syntax Description	slot N	umber of the router chassis slo	t for the network module.	
			the network module. For CE network modules, always use 0. The he <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.	
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release Modification			
	12.2(11)YT	This command was introduce	ed.	
	12.2(13)T	This command was integrate	d into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.	
Usage Guidelines	At the conf	irmation prompt, press Enter t	o confirm the action or n to cancel.	
	The service-modulecontent-engineshutdown command brings down the operating system of the specifie content engine network module in an orderly fashion to protect the network module's hard drive. When the system has been shut down, the network module can be removed from the router.			
Examples	The following example gracefully halts the CE network module in slot 1: Router# service-module content-engine 1/0 shutdown Shutdown is used for Online removal of Service Module. Do you want to proceed with shutdown?[confirm] Use service module reset command to recover from shutdown.			
Related Commands	interface content-engine Configures an interface for a CE network module and one interface configuration mode.		Description	
			Configures an interface for a CE network module and enters interface configuration mode.	
			Performs a graceful halt and reboot of a CE network module operating system.	
	service-me	odule content-engine reset	Resets the hardware on a CE network module.	
	show cont	rollers content-engine	Displays controller information for CE network modules.	
	show inter	rfaces content-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for a CE network module.	

service-module content-engine status

To display configuration information related to the hardware and software on the content engine (CE) side of a CE network module, use the **service-modulecontent-enginestatus**command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module content-engine *slot/unit* status

Syntax Description	slot N	<i>slot</i> Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.		
		Number of the daughter card on the network module. For CE network modules, always use 0. The lash mark is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.		
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(11)YT	Γ This command was introduced.		
	12.2(13)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the ser	rvice-modulecontent-enginestatus command to:		
	• Displa	ay the CE network module software release version.		
	• Check the CE network module status (steady or down).			
		ay hardware information for the CE network module including CPU, memory, interface, and disk information.		
Examples	The follow	ing example displays information for a CE network module in router slot 1:		
	The following example displays information for a CE network module in router slot 1: Router# service-module content-engine 1/0 status Service Module is Cisco Content-Engine1/0 Service Module supports session via TTY line 33 Service Module is in Steady state Getting status from the Service Module, please wait Application and Content Networking Software (ACNS) Copyright (c) 1999-2002 by Cisco Systems, Inc. Application and Content Networking Software Release 4.2.2 (build b3 May 6 2002) Version: ce2636-sw- <unknown-version> Compiled 18:03:40 May 6 2002 by engineer Compile Time Options: PP System was restarted on Mon Jan 7 20:30:37 1980. The system has been up for 8 minutes, 30 seconds. Core CPU is GenuineIntel Pentium III (Coppermine) (rev 8) running at 498MHz. 246 Mbytes of Physical memory. 2 FastEthernet interfaces 1 Console interface List of disk drives: disk00: Normal (h00 c00 i00 100) 19075MB(18.6GB)</unknown-version>			

Related	Commands
----------------	----------

Command	Description
interface content-engine	Configures an interface for a CE network module and enters interface configuration mode.
show controllers content-engine	Displays controller information for CE network modules.
show interfaces content-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for a CE network module.

service-module external ip address

To define the IP address for the external LAN interface on a content engine (CE) network module, use the **service-moduleexternalipaddress** command in content-engine interface configuration mode. To delete the IP address associated with this interface, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module external ip address *external-ip-addr* subnet-mask no service-module external ip address

Syntax Description	<i>external-ip-addr</i> IP address of the external LAN interface on a CE network mode			
	subnet-mas	<i>k</i> Subnet mask to append to the IP address.		
Command Default	No default b	ehavior or values		
	_			
Command Modes	Content-eng	ine interface configuration		
	Content-eng	ine interface configuration Modification		
Command Modes Command History		Modification		

Examples

The following example defines an IP address for the external LAN interface on the CE network module in slot 1:

Router(config)# interface content-engine 1/0
Router(config-if)# service-module external ip address
172.18.12.28 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# exit

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface content-engine	Configures an interface for a CE network module and enters interface configuration mode.
	show controllers content-engine	Displays controller information for CE network modules.
	show interfaces content-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for a CE network module.

service-module heartbeat-reset disable

To disable the service module from being reset when the heartbeat is lost, use the service-module heartbeat-reset disable command in configuration interface mode. To allow a reset of the service module when no heartbeat is received, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module heartbeat-reset disable no service-module heartbeat-reset disable

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default Heartbeat reset is enabled.

Command Modes Configuration interface (config-if)

Command History	Release	Modification
	15.1(4)M	This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines With the existing IOS code, if no heartbeat is received from a service module after a period of time, the IOS resets the service module. For some applications, this reset function should be disabled because it blocks normal operations.

This command, being a configuration mode command, persists through router reloads.

Alternatively, the service-module ism heartbeat-reset disable command and the service-module sm heartbeat-reset disable command can prevent Cisco IOS software from rebooting the internal service module (ISM) and the SM-SRE service module, respectively, when the heartbeat is lost. However, both these commands are EXEC mode commands and they are lost when the router reboots.

Examples The following example shows how to disable the heartbeat reset:

```
Router(config)# interface sm 1/0
Router(config-if)# service-module heartbeat-reset disable
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	service-module	Sets service module parameters.
	service-module ism heartbeat-reset	Prevents Cisco IOS software from rebooting the ISM when the heartbeat is lost.
	service-module sm heartbeat-reset	Prevents Cisco IOS software from rebooting the SM-SRE service module when the heartbeat is lost.

service-module ids-sensor

To reboot, reset, enable console access to, shutdown, and monitor the status of the Cisco Intrusion Detection System (IDS) network module, use the **service-moduleids-sensor** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module ids-sensor *slot/port* {reload | reset | session | shutdown | status}

Syntax Description	slot N	umber of the router chassis	slot for the network module.		
	I	Port number of the network module. For Cisco IDS network modules, always use 0. The slash mark is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i>argument.Performs a graceful halt and reboot of the operating system on a Cisco IDS network module.			
	reload Pe				
		esets the hardware on the Ci om a shutdown.	ardware on the Cisco IDS network module. This command is usually used to recover down.		
	session E	nables console access to the	e Cisco IDS network module from the router.		
	shutdown Sl	nuts down the IDS applicat	ions that are running on a Cisco IDS network module.		
	status Pi	Provides information on the status of the Cisco IDS software.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXE	С			
Command History	Release Modi	fication			
	12.3(4)T This o	command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	If a confirmatio	n prompt is displayed, pres	s Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.		
	The Cisco IDS	network module is also refe	erred to as the NM-CIDS.		
Examples	The following example gracefully halts and reboots the operating system on the Cisco IDS network module in slot 1:				
	Router# servi Do you want t				
	The following example resets the hardware on the Cisco IDS network module in slot 1. A warning is displayed.				
	Router# service-module ids-sensor 1/0 reset Use reset only to recover from shutdown or failed state Warning: May lose data on the hard disk! Do you want to reset?[confirm]				
	\triangle				
Ca		-	if you issue the reset command without first shutting down the use the reset command safely in other situations.		

The following example enables console access to the Cisco IDS network module operating system in slot 1:

Router# service-module ids-sensor 1/0 session

The following example shuts down IDS applications that are running on the Cisco IDS network module in slot 1:

Router# service-module ids-sensor 1/0 shutdown Trying 10.10.10.1, 2129 ... Open %SERVICEMODULE-5-SHUTDOWN2:Service module IDS-Sensor1/0 shutdown complete

The following example shows the status of the Cisco IDS software:

```
Router# service-module ids-sensor 1/0 status
Service Module is Cisco IDS-Sensor1/0
Service Module supports session via TTY line 33
Service Module is in Steady state
Getting status from the Service Module, please wait...
Service Module Version information received, Major ver = 1, Minor ver= 1
Cisco Systems Intrusion Detection System Network Module
Software version: 4.1(1)S42(0.3)
Model: NM-CIDS
Memory: 254676 KB
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	ids-service-module monitoring	Enables IDS monitoring on a specified interface.

service-module integrated-service-engine default-boot

To configure the integrated-service-engine (ISE) network module to use the default BIOS and bootloader, use the service-module integrated-service-engine **default-boot** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module integrated-service-engine slot/unit default-boot

Syntax Description	<i>slot</i> Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.			
	<i>unit</i> Number of daughter cards on the network module, if included. For ISE network modules, always use 0.			
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC			
Command History	Release Modification			
	12.4(9)T This command was introduced for the ISE network module.			
Examples	After a downtime event or failed upgrade, use the service-module integrated-service-engineslot/unitdefault-boot command to configure the network module to use the primary BIOS and primary bootloader to perform startup routines.			
	The following is sample output from the integrated-service-engineslot/unitdefault-boot command for a port adapter in chassis slot 2 on a Cisco router:			
	Router# service-module integrated-service-engine 2/0 default-boot clear Clear Default Boot set Set Default Boot			
	Router# service-module integrated-service-engine 2/0 default-boot clear Router# service-module integrated-service-engine 2/0 default-boot set			

Displays basic interface configuration information for ISE

network modules.

service-module integrated-service-engine reload

To perform a graceful shutdown and reboot of the integrated-service-engine (ISE) network module operating system, use the **service-moduleintegrated-service-enginereload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module integrated-service-engine slot/unit reload

Syntax Description	slot	Number of the router chassis slot for	the network module.	
	/ unit	Number of the daughter card on the ne slash mark (/) is required between the	etwork module. For ISE network modules, always use 0. The <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.	
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privilege	d EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.4(9)T	This command was introduced for IS	E network modules.	
Usage Guidelines	At the co	nfirmation prompt, press Enter to cor	firm the action or n to cancel.	
Examples	The following example gracefully shuts down and reboots the ISE network module's operating system in slot 1:			
		service-module integrated-servion want to proceed with reload?[con		
Related Commands	Commar	nd	Description	
	interface	e integrated-service-engine	Configures an interface for ISE network modules and enters interface configuration mode.	
	service-1	module integrated-service-engine reset	Resets the hardware on ISE network modules.	
	service- shutdow	module integrated-service-engine	Gracefully shuts down ISE network modules.	
	show dia	ag	Displays controller information for ISE network modules.	

show interfaces integrated-service-engine

service-module integrated-service-engine reset

To reset the integrated-service-engine (ISE) network module hardware, use the **service-moduleintegrated-service-enginereset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module integrated-service-engine *slot/unit* reset

Syntax Description	slot	Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.				
	/ unit	-	e network module. For ISE network modules, always use 0. The the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.			
Command Default	None	None				
Command Modes	Privilege	d EXEC				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	12.4(9)T	This command was introduced for	ISE network modules.			
Usage Guidelines	At the co	nfirmation prompt, press Enter to o	confirm the action or n to cancel.			
-	Â					
Cau		ause you may lose data, use the serv n a shutdown or failed state.	ice-moduleintegrated-service-enginereset command only to re			
Examples	from The follo Router# Use rese Warning:	n a shutdown or failed state. wing example resets the hardware of service-module integrated-ser et only to recover from shutdo : May lose data on the hard di want to reset?[confirm]	on the ISE network module in slot 1: vice-engine 1/0 reset wn or failed state			
Examples	from The follo Router# Use rese Warning: Do you w	n a shutdown or failed state. wing example resets the hardware of service-module integrated-ser et only to recover from shutdo : May lose data on the hard di want to reset?[confirm]	on the ISE network module in slot 1: vice-engine 1/0 reset wn or failed state sk!			
Examples	from The follo Router# Use rese Warning: Do you v	n a shutdown or failed state. wing example resets the hardware of service-module integrated-ser et only to recover from shutdo : May lose data on the hard di want to reset?[confirm] nd	on the ISE network module in slot 1: vice-engine 1/0 reset wn or failed state sk! Description Configures an interface for ISE network modules and enters			
Cau Examples	from The follo Router# Use rese Warning: Do you v Commar interface service-t reload	n a shutdown or failed state. wing example resets the hardware of service-module integrated-ser et only to recover from shutdo : May lose data on the hard di want to reset?[confirm] nd e integrated-service-engine module integrated-service-engine	on the ISE network module in slot 1: vice-engine 1/0 reset wn or failed state sk! Description Configures an interface for ISE network modules and enters interface configuration mode. Performs a graceful shutdown and reboot on the ISE network			

Command	Description
show interfaces integrated-service-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for ISE network modules.

service-module integrated-service-engine session

To begin a configuration session with an integrated-service-engine (ISE) network module through a console connection, use the **service-moduleintegrated-service-enginesession** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module integrated-service-engine *slot/unit* session [clear]

	-			
Syntax Description	slot 1	Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.		
		Number of the daughter card on the network module. For ISE network modules, always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.		
	clear ((Optional) Clears the ISE configuration session.		
Command Default	None			
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.4(9)T	This command was introduced for ISE network modules.		
Usage Guidelines	Only one s interface.	session at a time is allowed into the network module from the internal ISE network-module-side		
		ing a session, you can perform any ISE configuration task. You first access the ISE console in a shell. To access the privileged EXEC command shell, where most commands are available, use the mmand.		
	After you finish ISE configuration and exit the ISE console session, use this command with the clear keyword to clear the session. At the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.			
Examples	The follow	ving example shows an ISE session being opened for an ISE network module in slot 2:		
	Router# service-module integrated-service-engine 2/0 session Trying 10.10.10.1, 2129 Open ISE-netmodule con now available Press RETURN to get started! ISE-netmodule> enable ISE-netmodule#			
	The follov module in	ving example clears the session that had been used to configure the ISE in the network slot 2:		
	Router# s [confirm] [OK]	service-module integrated-service-engine 1/0 session clear		

Related	Commands
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Command	Description
enable	Enters prviledged EXEC mode.
interface	Configures an interface and enters interface configuration mode.
show diag	Displays controller information for a network module.
show interface integrated-service engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for network modules.

service-module integrated-service-engine shutdown

To gracefully shut down an integrated-service-engine (ISE) network module, use the **service-moduleintegrated-service-engineshutdown** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module	integrated-service-engine	slot/unit	shutdown
----------------	---------------------------	-----------	----------

slot	Number of the router chassis slot for	the network module	
/ unit	e e		
None			
Privileged EXEC			
Release Modification			
12.4(9)T	This command was introduced for Is	SE network modules.	
At the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.			to cancel.
The service-moduleintegrated-service-engineshutdown command brings down the operating system of th specified integrated-service-engine network module in an orderly fashion to protect the hard drive. When th system has been shut down, the module can be removed from the router.			shion to protect the hard drive. When the
The following example gracefully shuts down the ISE network module in slot 1:			dule in slot 1:
Router# service-module integrated-service-engine 1/0 shutdown Shutdown is used for Online removal of Service Module. Do you want to proceed with shutdown?[confirm] Use service module reset command to recover from shutdown.			
Commai	nd	Description	
interface	e integrated-service-engine	Configures an interf interface configuration	face for ISE network modules and enters ion mode.
service- reload	module integrated-service-engine	Performs a graceful module operating sy	shut down and reboot of an ISE network /stem.
service- reset	module integrated-service-engine	Resets the hardware	on ISE network modules.
show di	ag	Displays controller	information for ISE network modules.
show in	terfaces integrated-service-engine	Displays basic internetwork modules.	face configuration information for ISE
	 I unit None Privilege Release 12.4(9)T At the co The serv specified system h The follo Router# Shutdown Do you w Use serv Comman interface service- reload service- reset show di 	/ unit Number of the daughter card on the n slash mark (/) is required between the slash mark (/) is command was introduced for IS. At the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the service-module integrated-service-engine specified integrated-service-engine network marks been shut down, the module can be the slash mark down, the module can be the following example gracefully shuts down. Router# service-module integrated-service shutdown is used for Online removal of Do you want to proceed with shutdown?[Use service module reset command to require module reset command to require service-engine reload service-module integrated-service-engine reload	Image: Construction interface interface interface interface Image: Construction interface interface Image: Construction interface Privileged EXEC Release Modification 12.4(9)T This command was introduced for ISE network modules. At the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the action or n The service-module integrated-service-engineshutdown comman specified integrated-service-engine network module in an orderly fa system has been shut down, the module can be removed from the removed for Service Module. Do you want to proceed with shutdown?[confirm] Use service module reset command to recover from shutdow Interface integrated-service-engine Configures an interfiniterface configurat service-module integrated-service-engine Performs a graceful module operating sy service-module integrated-service-engine Performs a graceful module operating sy

service-module integrated-service-engine status

To display configuration information related to the hardware and software on the integrated-service-engine (ISE) side of a network module, use the **service-moduleintegrated-service-enginestatus** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module integrated-service-engine *slot/unit* status

Syntax Description	<i>slot</i> Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.		
	<i>slot</i> Number of the router chassis slot for the network module.		
	<i>I unit</i> Number of the daughter card on the network module. For ISE network modules, always use 0. Th slash mark (/) is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>unit</i> argument.		
Command Default	None		
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC		
Command History	Release Modification		
	12.4(9)T This command was introduced for ISE network modules.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the service-moduleintegrated-service-enginestatus command to		
	Display the ISE network module's software release version		
	• Check the ISE network module status (steady or down)		
	• Display hardware information for the ISE network module, including CPU, memory, interface, and dia drive information		
Examples	The following example displays information for an ISE network module in router slot 1:		
	Router# service-module integrated-service-engine 1/0 status		
	Service Module is Cisco integrated-service-engine1/0 Service Module supports session via TTY line 33		
	Service Module is in Steady state Getting status from the Service Module, please wait		
	Application and Content Networking Software (ACNS) Copyright (c) 1999-2002 by Cisco Systems, Inc.		
	Application and Content Networking Software Release 4.2.2 (build b3 May 6 2002) Version: ce2636-sw- <unknown-version> Compiled 18:03:40 May 6 2002 by engineer Compile Time Options: PP</unknown-version>		
	System was restarted on Mon Jan 7 20:30:37 1980. The system has been up for 8 minutes, 30 seconds. Core CPU is GenuineIntel Pentium III (Coppermine) (rev 8) running at 498MHz.		
	246 Mbytes of Physical memory. 2 FastEthernet interfaces		
	1 Console interface		

r

Related Commands	(
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Command	Description
interface integrated-service-engine	Configures an interface for ISE network modules and enters interface configuration mode.
show diag	Displays controller information for ISE network modules.
show interfaces integrated-service-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for ISE network modules.

service-module integrated-service-engine statistics

To display reset and reload information for an integrated-service-engine (ISE) network module and its Cisco IOS software, use the **service-moduleintegrated-service-enginestatistics** command in EXEC mode.

service-module integrated-service-engine *slot/port* statistics

Syntax Description	<i>module</i> Designates a specific ISE network module installed in the router.		
	slot	Designates the slot where the selected ISE network module is installed in the router.	
Command Default	none		
Command Modes	User EXE	EC	
	Privilegeo	1 EXEC	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	12.4(9)T	This command was introduced for ISE network modules.	
Examples	The follow 2:	wing example displays information for an ISE network module in an access router for	
	Module R CLI re CLI re Regist Error Module	<pre>service-module integrated-service-engine 2/0 statistics teset Statistics: set count = 1 cload count = 0 tration request timeout reset count = 0 recovery timeout reset count = 0 registration count = 2 IOS initiated event was a cli reset at *13:34:33.847 UTC Sun Dec 18 200</pre>	

service-module ip address

To define the IP address for the internal network-module-side interface on a content engine network module (NM-CE-BP), Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT), Cisco cable modem high-speed WAN interface card (HWIC-CABLE-D-2, HWIC-CABLE-E/J-2), or the Cisco Services Ready Engine (Cisco SRE) modules (SM-SRE-XXX-K9, ISM-SRE-XXX-K9) use the **service-moduleipaddress** command in content-engine interface configuration mode, satellite interface configuration mode, content-engine configuration mode, or service-module interface configuration mode. To delete the IP address associated with this interface, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module ip address nm-side-ip-addr subnet-mask ["string"]
no service-module ip address ["string"]

Syntax Description	nm-side-ip-c	IP address of the internal network-module-side interface on a CE network module (NM-CE-BP), Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT), or Cisco cable modem high-speed WAN interface card (HWIC-CABLE-D-2, HWIC-CABLE-E/J-2).		
	subnet-mask	Subnet mask to append to the IP address.		
	string	(Optional) Name of the virtual interface on the module side that will be assigned the IP address. The string must be in quotes. This argument is available on Cisco SRE modules only.		
		cnown diagnostic IP address of 192.168.100.1, is supported on all physical interfaces associated able modem to CPE interface (CMCI).		
Command Default				
Command Default Command Modes	with the cabl Content-engi			
Command Modes	with the cabl Content-engi	e modem to CPE interface (CMCI). ne interface configuration Satellite interface configuration Cable-modem interface configuration		
Command Modes	with the cabl Content-engi Service-mod	e modem to CPE interface (CMCI). ne interface configuration Satellite interface configuration Cable-modem interface configuration ule interface configuration		
	with the cabl Content-engi Service-mod Release	e modem to CPE interface (CMCI). ne interface configuration Satellite interface configuration Cable-modem interface configuration ule interface configuration Modification		
Command Modes	with the cabl Content-engi Service-mod Release 12.2(11)YT	e modem to CPE interface (CMCI). ne interface configuration Satellite interface configuration Cable-modem interface configuration ule interface configuration Modification This command was introduced for the CE network module.		
Command Modes	with the cabl Content-engi Service-mod Release 12.2(11)YT 12.2(13)T	 e modem to CPE interface (CMCI). ne interface configuration Satellite interface configuration Cable-modem interface configuration ule interface configuration Modification This command was introduced for the CE network module. This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T. This command was implemented for the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module 		

Usage Guidelines

Content Engine Network Module (NM-CE-BP)

There are no usage guidelines for this command.

Cisco IP VSAT Satellite WAN Network Module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT)

For the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module, the **service-moduleipaddress** command is typically not used. The NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module IP address is automatically configured when you enter the **ipaddress** command in satellite interface configuration mode to configure the IP address and subnet mask of the router satellite interface with these conditions:

- The IP address leaves a remainder of 2 when the last octet is divided by 4.
- The subnet mask has /30 or fewer masking bits.

If you use this method to configure the IP address for the router satellite interface, the system automatically configures the IP address and subnet mask on the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module with these results:

- The IP address is 1 less than the IP address you configured for the router satellite interface.
- The subnet mask is /30.

You can override the automatically configured IP address and mask by manually entering the **service-moduleipaddress** command.



Note The automatically configured IP address does not appear in the router configuration, because the **service-moduleipaddress** command is considered to be set to its default value. Similarly, if you manually configure an IP address and subnet mask that are identical to the automatically configured IP address and subnet mask, the **service-moduleipaddress** command does *not* appear in the router configuration.

Cisco Cable Modem High-Speed WAN Interface Card (HWIC-CABLE-D-2, HWIC-CABLE-E/J-2)

There are no usage guidelines for this command.

Cisco SRE Modules (SM-SRE-XXX-K9, ISM-SRE-XXX-K9)

In Cisco IOS Release 15.1(4)M and later releases, the Cisco SRE modules support an optional "*string*" argument to this command to allow for multiple IP addresses to be configured on the module side. The application running on the SRE module can accept or reject the applied configuration.

Examples

This section provides the following examples:

Content Engine Network Module (NM-CE-BP) Example

The following example shows how to define an IP address for the internal network-module-side interface on the CE network module in slot 1:

```
Router(config)# interface content-engine 1/0
Router(config-if)# service-module ip address 172.18.12.26 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# exit
```

Cisco IP VSAT Satellite WAN Network Module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT) Example--Manually Configuring the IP Address

In the following example, the router satellite interface is assigned an IP address (10.0.0.7), the last octet of which does *not* leave a remainder of 2 when divided by 4. The system displays a message to manually configure the IP address for the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module. Notice that the IP addresses for both the router satellite interface and the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module appear in the running configuration.

```
Router(config)# interface satellite 1/0
Router(config-if)# ip address 10.0.0.7 255.255.255.0
%VSAT-6-PIMINCOMPADDR:The IP address configured on Satellite1/0
    requires a manually configured IP address for the satellite module
Router(config-if)# service-module ip address 10.0.0.6 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# end
Router# show running-config | begin Satellite
interface Satellite 1/0
    ip address 10.0.0.7 255.255.255.0
service-module ip address 10.0.0.6 255.255.255.0
```

Cisco IP VSAT Satellite WAN Network Module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT) Example--Using the Automatically Configured IP Address

In the following example, the router satellite interface IP address is configured as 10.0.0.6. Because the last octet of the IP address leaves a remainder of 2 when divided by 4, the system automatically configures the IP address for the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module.

Although the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module IP address and mask do not appear in the router configuration, you know that the IP address is 1 less than the IP address of the router satellite interface and has a subnet mask of /30. In this case, the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module is automatically configured with the following IP address and mask: 10.0.0.5 255.255.255.252.

```
!
interface Satellite 1/0
ip address 10.0.0.6 255.255.255.0
!
```

Cisco IP VSAT Satellite WAN Network Module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT) Example--Overriding the Automatically Configured IP Address

In the following example, the router satellite interface IP address is configured as 10.0.0.6. Because the last octet of the IP address leaves a remainder of 2 when divided by 4, the system automatically configures the IP address and mask for the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module as 10.0.0.5 255.255.255.252.

Nevertheless, the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module IP address and mask are manually configured as 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0 to override the automatically derived IP address and mask. Notice that the IP addresses for both the router satellite interface and the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module appear in the running configuration.

```
!
interface Satellite 1/0
ip address 10.0.0.6 255.255.255.0
service-module ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
!
```

Cisco Cable Modem High-Speed WAN Interface Cards (HWIC-CABLE-D-2, HWIC-CABLE-E/J-2) Example

The following example shows how to define an IP address for the cable modem interface in slot 0:

```
Router(config)# interface cable-modem 0
Router(config-if)# service-module ip address 172.18.12.26 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)# exit
```

Cisco SRE Module (ISM-SRE-XXX-K9, SM-SRE-XXX-K9) Example

The following example shows how to define an IP address for the service module interface in slot 3:

```
Router(config) # interface SM 3/0
```

Router(config-if)# service-module ip address 172.18.12.26 255.255.255.0

Router (config-if) # service-module ip address 172.18.12.27 255.255.255.0 "VirtualMachine1" Router (config-if) # service-module ip address 172.18.12.28 255.255.255.0 "VirtualMachine2" Router(config-if) # exit

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show controllers content-engine	Displays controller information for CE network modules.
	show controllers satellite	Displays controller information about the internal router interface that connects to an installed Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).
	show interfaces satellite	Displays general interface settings and traffic rates for the internal router interface that connects to an installed Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).
	show interfaces content-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for a CE network module.

service-module ip default-gateway

To define a default gateway (router) for a content engine (CE) network module, use the **service-moduleipdefault-gateway** command in content-engine interface configuration mode. To remove the default gateway from the CE configuration, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module ip default-gateway gw-ip-addr no service-module ip default-gateway

Syntax Description	gw-ip-addr	IP address of the default gateway.	
Command Default	No default b	ehavior or values	
Command Modes	Content-engine interface configuration		
Command History	Release Modification		
	12.2(11)YT	This command was introduced.	
	12.2(13)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(13)T.	

Examples

The following example configures a default gateway for the CE network module in slot 1:

```
Router(config)# interface content-engine
1/0
Router(config-if)# service-module ip default-gateway
172.18.12.1
Router(config-if)# exit
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface content-engine	Configures an interface for a CE network module and enters interface configuration mode.
	show controllers content-engine	Displays controller information for CE network modules.
	show interfaces content-engine	Displays basic interface configuration information for a CE network module.

service-module ip redundancy

To link the primary HSRP interface status to that of the satellite interface, use the **service-module ip redundancy** command in satellite interface configuration mode. To remove the link between the primary HSRP interface status and the satellite interface status, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module ip redundancy group-name no service-module ip redundancy group-name

Syntax Description	group-name	Name of the hot standby group. This name must match the hot standby group name configured for the primary HSRP interface, which is typically an Ethernet interface.		
Command Default	HSRP is disab	led.		
Command Modes	Satellite interf	ace configuration (config-if)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SRA	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.28X	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the service-module ip redundancy command only when you have two Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network modules (NM-1VSAT-GILAT) on separate HSRP-redundant routers that connect to the same outdoor unit (ODU).			
	This command	and enables the satellite interface to spoof the line protocol UP state.		
Examples	The following example shows how to link the primary HSRP interface status to that of the satellite interface:			
	Router (config-if) # service-module ip redundancy grp-hsrp			
Related Commands	Command Description			
	standby ip	Activates HSRP.		
	standby nam	e Configures the name of the hot standby group.		

Enables preemption on the router and optionally configures a preemption delay.

Configures an interface so that the hot standby priority changes based on the availability

standby preempt

of other interfaces.

standby track

service-module ism default-boot

To configure the internal service module (ISM) to use the default BIOS and bootloader, use the **service-moduleismdefault-boot** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* default-boot

Syntax Description	slot	<i>slot</i> Router slot in which the service module is installed. For internal service modules, always		
	l port	Port number of the module inter	face. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.	
Command Default	The defau	It BIOS and bootloader are not	used by the ISM.	
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	15.0(1)M	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines		wntime event or failed upgrade, u primary bootloader to perform	use this command to configure the service module to use the primary startup routines.	
Examples	The follow	wing is sample output for an ISM	1:	
	clear C	service-module ism 0/0 defa lear Default Boot et Default Boot	ult-boot	
		service-module ism 0/0 defa service-module ism 0/0 defa		

service-module ism heartbeat-reset

To prevent Cisco IOS software from rebooting the internal service module (ISM) when the heartbeat is lost, use the **service-moduleismheartbeat-reset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* heartbeat-reset {disable | enable}

	interface	e ism	Configures an interface for an ISM and enters interface configuration	
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description	
	Service	Module is Cisco IDS- Module supports sess Module heartbeat-res	ion via TTY line 194	
	Router#	service-module ism 0	/0 status	
	You can display the status of the heartbeat reset feature with the service-moduleismstatus command:			
	Router#	service-module ism 0	/0 heartbeat-reset disable	
Examples	The follow	wing example shows how	w to disable the ISM from being reset if the heartbeat is lost:	
	stops send	ling traffic to the module	e router applies a fail-open or fail-close configuration option to the module, e, and sets the module to error state. The router performs a hardware reset he heartbeat is reestablished.	
Usage Guidelines	When the ISM is booted in fail-safe mode or is undergoing an upgrade, this command prevents a reboot due the process.		è mode or is undergoing an upgrade, this command prevents a reboot during	
	15.0(1)M	This command was intr	oduced.	
Command History	Release			
Command Modes	Privilegeo	I EXEC (#)		
Command Default	_	set when heartbeat is los	t.	
	enable		M if the heartbeat is lost.	
	/ port disable		dule interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required. M if the heartbeat is lost.	
		always use 0.		
Syntax Description	slot		lot in which the service module is installed. For internal service modules,	

mode.

Performs a graceful shutdown and reboot of the ISM.

service-module ism reload

Command	Description
service-module ism reset	Resets the ISM hardware.
service-module ism shutdown	Performs a graceful shutdown of the ISM.
service-module ism status	Displays configuration information related to the hardware and software on an ISM.

service-module ism install

To use Cisco SRE to install an application on a internal service module (Cisco ISM-SRE), use the **service-moduleisminstall**command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* install url *url* [script *filename*] [argument "string"] [force]

Syntax Description	slot/port	Location of the services engine module in the router. For internal service modules, the slot and port number must be 0.	
url url		Address of FTP or HTTP server, as defined in RFC 2396, on which application packages and Tcl scripts are located.	
	script	(Optional) Changes name of Tcl script to be run from default value to script specified by <i>filename</i> argument.	
	filename	Name of Tcl script.	
	argumen	t (Optional) Installer will not present options for the variable specified in the <i>string</i> argument.	
	" string	" Alphanumeric characters of variable to be passed directly to the Tcl script via the command line. Variable must be enclosed in quotation marks ("")	
	force	(Optional) Tcl script automatically proceeds with install without prompting for user input.	
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	15.0(1)M	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		nand uses a common module-dependent bootloader to install a Linux-based application, such as ty Express or Cisco AXP, on an internal service module (Cisco ISM-SRE).	
	The slash	mark (/) is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>port</i> argument.	
	You can only issue one instance of this command at a time on a router. You cannot use this command to ins an application on two or more services engine modules in the same router at a time.		
	The Tcl script to be run must reside in the same FTP or HTTP server and directory as the application package to be installed. If a credential is required, the user name and password must be imbedded in the url as show in the following example:		
	Router# s	service-module ism 0/0 install url ftp://username:passwd@server.com/axp	
	issued in the	nore of the optional keyword/argument combinations are used with this command, they must be he order presented in the command syntax. For example, you cannot use the force keyword before or argument keywords, nor the argument keyword before the script keyword, when you issue this	
		ript <i>filename</i> keyword/argument combination with this command to specify that the Cisco IOS use some Tcl script other than the default installer during the installation.	

	Use the argument " <i>string</i> " keyword/argument combination with this command to manually provide variables during installation process and bypass the user interaction feature of the installer. The variable must include the left and right quotation marks ("").
	Use the force keyword with this command to install an application without prompting for user input. If you use this keyword and if the application requires you to provide certain variables during the installation, you should also use the argument " <i>string</i> " keyword/argument combination to manually provide the required variables because the force keyword will direct the installer to bypass all user interaction during the installation.
	To stop the install while the Tcl script is being downloaded, use the service-moduleisminstallabort command. This command cannot be used once the actual installation begins.
Examples	The following example shows how to use this command to run the "help.sre" Tcl script rather than the default installation Tcl script:
	Router# service-module ism 0/0 install url ftp://server.com/cue script help.sre Router#
	The following example shows how to direct the installer to use the specified language variable for US English instead of prompting you with language options for Cisco Unity Express:
	Router# service-module ism 0/0 install url ftp://server.com/cue argument "lang=en_us" Router#
	The following example shows the messages displayed on the module console during a successful installation using Cisco SRE:
	<pre>Feb 6 19:09:22.526 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_PROG: Service-Module-ISM 0/0 PROGRESSING: Validating package signature1 . Feb 6 19:09:23.058 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_PROG: Service-Module-ISM 0/0 PROGRESSING: Parsing package manifest files1 . Feb 6 19:09:44.742 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_PROG: Service-Module-ISM 0/0 PROGRESSING: Starting payload download1 . Feb 6 19:09:52.022 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_PROG: Service-Module-ISM 0/0 PROGRESSING: Performing Hot install1 . Install successful on Service-Module-ISM 0/0 Feb 6 19:10:28.826 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_SUCC: Service-Module-ISM 0/0 SUCCESS: install-completed .</pre>

Related Commands	Command	Description
	service-module ism install abort	Stops the install process and returns to the boot-loader prompt.
		Uses Cisco SRE to uninstall an SRE-supported application on an SRE-enabled services engine module.

service-module ism install abort

To abort the Cisco SRE install process on a Cisco ISM-SRE, use the **service-moduleisminstallabort** command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* install abort [force]

Syntax Description	-	Location of the services engine module in the router. For internal service modules, the slot and port number must be 0.	
	force	(Optional) Tcl script automatical	ly stops the installation without prompting for confirmation.
Command Modes	Privilegeo	1 EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	15.0(1)M	This command was introduced.	
Usage Guidelines		mand stops the installation during to stop the process once the actu	g the downloading portion of the process only. You cannot use this al installation has begun.
	Use the fo	orce keyword with this command	to stop the process without first prompting for confirmation.
Examples	The following example shows how to use this command to stop an application installation without first prompting for confirmation:		
	Router#	service-module ism 0/0 inst	all abort force
	•		
	boot-loa	der>	

Related Commands	Command	Description
		Uses Cisco SRE to install an SRE-supported application on an SRE-enabled services engine module.

service-module ism reload

To perform a graceful shutdown and reboot of the internal service module (ISM) operating system, use the **service-moduleismreload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module ism slot/port reload

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which the service module is installed. For internal service modules, always use 0
	l port	Port number of the module interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.
Command Modes	Privilegeo	d EXEC (#)
Command History	Release	Modification
	15.0(1)M	This command was introduced for ISMs.
Usage Guidelines	At the con	nfirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.
Examples	The following example shows how to gracefully shut down and reboot the ISM operating system:	
	Router#	service-module ism 0/0 reload

Do you want to proceed with reload?[confirm]

Related Commands	Command	Description
	interface ism	Configures an interface for an ISM and enters interface configuration mode.
	service-module ism reset	Resets the ISM hardware.
	service-module ism shutdown	Gracefully shuts down the ISM.
	show diag	Displays controller information for ISMs.
	show interfaces ism	Displays basic interface configuration information for ISMs.

service-module ism reset

To reset the internal service module (ISM) hardware, use the **service-moduleismreset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* reset

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which the	service module is installed. For internal service modules, always use 0.
	l port	Port number of the mod	ule interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.
Command Modes	Privilege	d EXEC (#)	
Command History	Release	Modification	
	15.0(1)M	This command was intr	oduced for ISMs.
Usage Guidelines	At the co	nfirmation prompt, press	Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.
Cau		ause you may lose data, n d state.	use the service-moduleismreset command only to recover from a shutdown or
Examples	The follo	wing example shows ho	w to reset the ISM hardware:
	Router#	service-module ism 0	/0 reset
	Warning:	-	om shutdown or failed state e the NVRAM, nonvolatile file system or unsaved configuration! m]
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description
	interfac	e ism	Configures an interface for an ISM and enters interface configuration mode.
	service-	module ism reload	Performs a graceful shutdown and reboot of the ISM operating system.
	service-	module ism shutdown	Gracefully shuts down the ISM.
	show dia	ag	Displays controller information for ISMs.
	show int	terfaces ism	Displays basic interface configuration information for ISMs.

service-module ism session

enable

To begin a configuration session for an internal service module (ISM) through a console connection, use the **service-moduleismsession** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* session [clear]

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot i	n which the service mod	lule is installed. For	r internal service mo	odules, always use 0.
	l port	Port number	of the module interface	. Always use 0. Th	e slash mark (/) is re	quired.
	clear	(Optional) C	Elears the ISM configuration	tion session.		
Command Modes	Privileged	I EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modificatio	n			
	15.0(1)M	This comma	and was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	Only one	session at a t	ime is allowed into the	service module from	n the ISM interface.	
		shell. To acc	n, you can perform any here a	-		
			guration tasks and exit the signal ession. At the confirmat			
Examples	The follow	wing exampl	e shows a session being	opened for an ISM	:	
	Router#	service-mod	dule ism 0/0 session			
	Trying 10.10.10.1, 2129 Open					
	ISE-netmodule con now available Press RETURN to get started!					
	ISE-netmodule> enable ISE-netmodule#					
	The following example clears the session that had been used to configure the ISM in slot 0:					
	Router# [confirm [OK]		dule ism 0/0 session	clear		
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description			

Enters privileged EXEC mode.

Command	Description
interface	Configures an interface and enters interface configuration mode.
show diag	Displays controller information for a service module.
show interface ism	Displays basic interface configuration information for service modules.

service-module ism shutdown

To gracefully shut down an internal service module (ISM), use the **service-moduleismshutdown** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* shutdown

Syntax Description	slot	<i>slot</i> Router slot in which the service module is installed. For internal service modules, always			
	l port	Port number of the	module interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.		
Command Modes	Privilegeo	1 EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	15.0(1)M	This command was	introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	At the con	nfirmation prompt, p	press Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.		
		-	he operating system of the specified ISM in an orderly fashion to protect the has been shut down, the module can be removed from the router.		
Examples	The follow	wing example shows	s how to gracefully shut down the ISM:		
	Router#	Router# service-module ism 0/0 shutdown			
	-	Do you want to proceed with shutdown?[confirm] Use service module reset command to recover from shutdown.			
	WARNING: Confirm that the service-module status shows 'is Shutdown' before removing the module or powering off the system !				
Related Commands	Command Description				
	interface	e ism	Configures an interface for an ISM and enters interface configuration mode.		
	service-1	nodule ism reload	Performs a graceful shut down and reboot of the ISM operating system.		
	service-1	nodule ism reset	Resets the hardware on the ISM.		
	show dia	ng	Displays controller information for ISMs.		
	show int	how interfaces ism Displays basic interface configuration information for ISMs.			

service-module ism statistics

To display reset and reload information for an internal service module (ISM) and its Cisco IOS software, use the **service-moduleismstatistics** command in EXEC mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* statistics

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which the service module is installed. For internal service modules, always use 0.				
	l port	Port number of the mod	lule interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.			
Command Modes	User EXE	EC (>) Privileged EXEC	(#)			
Command History	Release	Modification				
	15.0(1)M	This command was intr	roduced.			
Examples	The following example displays information for an ISM:					
	Router# service-module ism 0/0 statistics					
	CLI res CLI rel Registr Error r	eset Statistics: et count = 0 oad count = 0 ation request timeou ecovery timeout rese registration count =	t count = 0			
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description			
	interface	e ism	Configures an interface for an ISM and enters interface configuration mode.			
	service-r	nodule ism reload	Performs a graceful shutdown and reboot of the ISM operating system.			
	service-r	nodule ism reset	Resets the ISM hardware.			

show interfaces ism Displays basic interface configuration information for ISMs.

Gracefully shuts down the ISM.

service-module ism shutdown

service-module ism status

To display configuration information related to the hardware and software on an internal service module (ISM), use the **service-moduleismstatus**command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module ism slot/port status

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which the service module is installed. For internal service modules, always use 0			
	l port	Port number of the module interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.			
Command Modes	Privilege	d EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	15.0(1)M	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	Use this c	command to:			
	• Disp	Display the ISMs software release version			
	• Check the ISM status (steady or down)				
	• Disp	play hardware information for the ISM, including CPU, memory, and interface information			
Examples	The following example displays information for an ISM:				
	Router# service-module ism 0/0 status				
	Service Module is Cisco ISMO/O Service Module supports session via TTY line 323 Service Module is in Steady state				
	Getting Cisco Fo FNDN Run	Module heartbeat-reset is enabled status from the Service Module, please wait pundation Software 1.0 nning on ISM all/uninstall in progress			
Related Commands	Comman	nd Description			
	interfac	e ism Configures an interface for an ISM and enters interface configuration mode.			
	show dia	ag Displays controller information for service modules.			

show interfaces ism Displays basic interface configuration information for ISMs.

service-module ism uninstall

To use Cisco SRE to uninstall an application on an internal service module (Cisco ISM-SRE), use the **service-moduleismuninstall** command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.

service-module ism *slot/port* uninstall [force]

Syntax Description	slot / por	Location of the services engine module in the router. For internal service modules, the slot and port number must be 0.		
	force	(Optional) Tcl script automatically proceeds with uninstall without prompting for confirmation.		
Command Modes	Privileged E	EXEC (#)		
Command History	Release N	Modification		
	15.0(1)M T	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command completely erases the disk or compact flash on the SRE-enabled services engine module and removes the application keys. It does not remove application licenses.			
	The slash mark (1) is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>port</i> argument.			
	You can only issue one instance of this command at a time on a router. You cannot use this command to uninstall an application on two or more services engine modules in the same router at a time.			
	Use the force	e keyword with this command to uninstall an application without first prompting for confirmation		
Examples	The following example shows how to use this command to uninstall an application without prompting for confirmation:			
	Router# sei Router#	ervice-module ism 0/0 uninstall force		
Related Commands	Command	Description		

Related Commands	Command	Description
		Uses Cisco SRE to install an SRE-supported application on an SRE-enabled services engine module.

service-module mgf ip address

To place the service module (Cisco SM-SRE or Cisco ISM-SRE) on a subnet, use the **service-modulemgfipaddress** command in interface configuration mode.

service-module mgf ip address ip-address subnet-mask [vlan vlan-id]

	_			
Syntax Description	<i>ip-address</i> IP address of the module's MGF interface.			
	subnet-mask	Subnet mask to append to the IP address.		
	vlan vlan-id	(Optional) Number of the VLAN to be assigned. The valid range is from 2 to 4094.		
Command Default	Service module	is not placed on a subnet.		
Command Modes	Interface configuration (config-if)			
Command History	Release Modi	fication		
	15.1(3)T This c	command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use this command without the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> argument to configure the IP address on the module side for the default VLAN (VLAN 1). Use this command with the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> argument to configure the IP address on the module side for VLANs other than VLAN 1.			
Examples	The following example assigns IP addresses to the default VLAN of the port and VLAN 20:			
	Router (config)# interface sm 1/0 -if)# service-module mgf ip address 192.0.2.0 -if)# service-module mgf ip address 192.0.2.1 vlan 20		

service-module mgf ip default-gateway

To define a default gateway (router) for a service module (Cisco SRE SM or Cisco SRE ISM), use the **service-modulemgfipdefault-gateway** command in interface configuration mode.

service-module mgf ip default-gateway gateway-ip-address [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description	gateway-ip-addres	gateway-ip-address IP address of the module's default gateway.				
	vlan vlan-id	vlan-id(Optional) Number of the VLAN to be assigned. The valid range is from 2 to 4094.				
Command Default	Default gateway is	Default gateway is not defined for a service module.				
Command Modes	Interface configurat	tion (config-if)				
Command History	Release Modifica	tion				
	15.1(3)T This com	mand was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	the default VLAN (without the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> argument to configure the default gateway on the module side for VLAN 1). Use this command with the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> argument to configure the default dule side for VLANs other than VLAN 1.				
Examples	The following exan	nple assigns 192.0.2.0 as the default gateway for VLAN 1:				
	Router(config)# : Router(config-if	interface sm 2/0)# service-module mgf ip default-gateway 192.0.2.0				

service-module mgf ipv6 address

To place the service module (Cisco SM-SRE or Cisco ISM-SRE) on a subnet, use the **service-modulemgfipv6address** command in interface configuration mode.

service-module mgf ipv6 address ipv6-address [vlan vlan-id]

Syntax Description	ipv6-addres	ss IPv6 address of the module's MGF interface.			
	vlan-id	(Optional) Number of the VLAN to be assigned. The valid range is from 2 to 4094.			
Command Default	IPv6 address	IPv6 address is not configured on the service module.			
Command Modes	Interface con	Interface configuration (config-if)			
Command History	Release M	Iodification			
	15.1(3)T T	his command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	Use this command without the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> argument to configure the IPv6 address on the module side for the default VLAN (VLAN 1). Use this command with the vlan <i>vlan-id</i> argument to configure the IPv6 address or the module side for VLANs other than VLAN 1.				
Examples	The following example assigns IPv6 addresses to the default VLAN of the port and VLAN 20:				
	Router (con	afig)# interface sm 2/0 afig-if)# service-module mgf ipv6 address 2001:0DB8::/48 afig-if)# service-module mgf ipv6 address 2001:0DB8::/48 vlan 20			

service-module routing redistribute

To enable the router to send its routing database to the satellite network central hub, use the **service-moduleroutingredistribute** command in satellite interface configuration mode. To prevent the router from sending its routing database over the satellite network, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module routing redistribute no service-module routing redistribute

Syntax Description This command has no arguments or keywords.

Command Default The router is enabled to send its routing database to the hub.

Command Modes Satellite interface configuration

 Command History
 Release
 Modification

 12.3(14)T
 This command was introduced.

Usage Guidelines The service-moduleroutingredistribute command is used on a VSAT router, that is, an earthbound modular access router equipped with a Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT) that connects to a satellite network. When VSAT route updates are enabled, the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module uses Router Blade Configuration Protocol (RBCP) messages to communicate VSAT routing table changes to the hub.

Entering the **noservice-moduleroutingredistribute** command is useful when you do not want the hub to be aware of all the routes known by the VSAT router, such as when Network Address Translation (NAT) is configured on the router.

The hub must learn the remote VSAT routing database for the satellite network to function properly. Therefore, if you enter the **noservice-moduleroutingredistribute** command, then one of the following actions is required:

- You use RIPv2 as the only routing protocol on your VSAT router. The hub can understand and track RIPv2 route updates.
- On the hub router, configure static routes to the VSAT router networks.

Examples The following example shows how to prevent the VSAT router from sending its routing database to the satellite network central hub:

Router(config-if) # no service-module routing redistribute

service-module satellite backup

To test the hub dial backup connection for the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT), use the **service-modulesatellitebackup** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service module satellite slot/unit backup {initiate | terminate}

Syntax Description	on <i>slot</i> Router chassis slot in which the network module is installed.			
	<i>unit</i> Interface number.		r NM-1VSAT-GILAT network modules, always use 0.	
	initiate	Initiates a hub dial back	al backup connection.	
	terminat	e Terminates a hub dial b	packup connection.	
Command Default	No default	behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.3(14)T	This command was introd	uced.	
Usage Guidelines Examples	 The service-modulesatellitebackup command is used only when you configure <i>hub</i> dial backup for the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT). Normally, the hub dial backup connection comes up only when the satellite link goes down (for example, because of a rain-fade event). The service-modulesatellitebackup command allows you to artificially bring down the satellite link to test the hub dial backup connection. The following example shows how to initiate a satellite backup test: 			
	Router# service-module satellite 1/0 backup initiate			
	The following example shows how to terminate a running satellite backup test:			
	Router# service-module satellite 1/0 backup terminate			
Related Commands	Command		Description	
	service-module backup interface Specifies the interface to use to back up the satellite interface on the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).			
	service-module backup mode Sets the terrestrial backup mode for the Cisco IP VSAT satellite Water network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).			

service-module satellite configuration

To enter satellite initial configuration mode, use the **service-modulesatelliteconfiguration**command in user EXEC or privileged EXEC mode.

service-module satellite slot/unit configuration

Syntax Description	<i>slot</i> Router chassis slot in which the network module is installed.				
	<i>unit</i> Interface number. For NM-1VSAT-GILAT network modules, always use 0.				
Command Default	No default behavior or values.				
Command Modes	User EXEC Privileged EXEC				
Command History	Release Modification				
	12.3(14)T This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	You need a password from your satellite service provider to enter satellite initial configuration mode.				
	The parameters that you configure in satellite initial configuration mode are saved directly to the network module and do not appear in the router configuration, even though you configure the parameters through the Cisco IOS CLI.				
	To view the parameter values that were configured in satellite initial configuration mode, use one of the following commands:				
	• show command in satellite initial configuration mode				
	• service-module satellite <i>slot</i> /0 status command in privileged EXEC mode				
	Note This command is typically used by an installation technician. Do not use this command unless your satellite service provider instructs you to perform the satellite initial configuration and provides all necessary parameter values.				
Examples	The following example shows how to enter satellite initial configuration mode:				
	Router> service-module satellite 1/0 configuration				
	Password: <mypassword></mypassword>				
	Reminder:changing any parameters will result in a software reset of the module. Router(sat-init-config)>				

Related Commands	Command	Description
	end (satellite initial configuration)	Exits satellite initial configuration mode, saves any new or changed parameters, and resets the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).
	exit (satellite initial configuration)	Exits satellite initial configuration mode, saves any new or changed parameters, and resets the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).
	service-module satellite status	Displays status information related to the hardware and software on the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT), including the initial configuration parameters.
	show (satellite initial configuration)	Displays the initial configuration parameters for the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).

service-module satellite cw-mode

To enable or disable continuous wave mode, use the **service-modulesatellitecw-mode** command in satellite interface configuration mode.

service-module satellite *slot/unit* cw-mode {off | on frequency *frequency* [time *time*]}

Syntax Description	unit		Router chassis slot in which the network module is installed.		
			Interface number. For NM-1VSAT-GILAT network modules, always use 0. Disables continuous wave mode.		
	on		Enables continuous wave mode.		
	frequenc	y frequency	Frequency, in kilohertz, in the range from 900000 to 1650000.		
	time time		Length of time, in seconds, that continuous wave mode is enabled. The <i>time</i> argument is a number in the range from 60 to 1800.		
Command Default	Continuou	is wave mode	is disabled.		
	If the time	is not specifie	d, continuous wave mode continues until turned off.		
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	12.3(14)T	This command was introduced.			
	12.4(2)T	A password challenge was added to the command-line interface when continuous wave mode is enabled.			
Usage Guidelines			can be enabled only when the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module in boot mode.		
	When continuous wave mode is enabled, the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module transmits unmodulated carrier waves that can be used for dish antenna orientation adjustments and for signal quality measurements.				
		Note This command is typically used by an installation technician. Do not use this command unless your sa service provider instructs you to do so.			
	Note You r	need a passwo	rd from your satellite service provider to enable continuous wave mode.		

Examples

The following example shows how to enable continuous wave mode for 2 minutes, at 900000 kilohertz:

```
Router# service-module satellite 1/0 cw-mode on frequency 900000 time 120
```

Password: <mypassword> CW mode obtained.

The following example shows how to disable continuous wave mode:

Router# service-module satellite 1/0 cw-mode off

CW mode released.

The following example shows the message that appears when you try to enable continuous wave mode while the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module is *not* in boot mode:

Router# service-module satellite 1/0 cw-mode on frequency 900000 time 120

Password <mypassword> % CW mode NOT obtained! Valid during boot mode only.

service-module satellite status

To display status information related to the hardware and software on the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT), including the initial configuration parameters, use theservice-modulesatellitestatus command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module satellite slot/unit status [log]

Syntax Description	slot Ro	uter chassis slot in which the network module is installed.		
	unit Int	erface number. For NM-1VSAT-GILAT network modules, always use 0.		
	log Extends the output to include the last ring of messages from the firmware and the last crash available from the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module.			
Command Default	No default behavior or values.			
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.3(14)7	This command was introduced.		
Usage Guidelines	Use the service-modulesatellitestatus command to troubleshoot the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).			
Examples	See the tal	ble below for service-modulesatellitestatus command output field descriptions.		
	This section provides the following examples:			
	Normal O	peration Example		
	The follov working c	ving example shows that the link to the hub (backbone status) is up, as is expected in normal onditions:		
	Router# service-module satellite 2/0 status			
	Getting status from the satellite module, please wait Software Versions, OS:14.2.2, RSP:1.5.1.3, MBC:1.0.0.5 HW Version:00008100 CPA Number:6204, HPS CPA:1, HSP Link:2 AA Group: 258, SW Group: 512, Download: YES Service Module Uptime:00:06:40, Router Uptime:1 day, 20 hours, 26 minutes			
	Current : Oper Mode , In Dia RBCP Reco Bit Erro: IP Addres Service N	<pre>would optime.00.00.40, Kould optime.1 day, 20 hours, 20 hours</pre>		

```
BackBone Status:UP
, Two-Way Mode:YES, DA/RA Mode:RA
Outbound Modulation Type:DVB, OB Code Rate:3/4
Outbound Unicast Packets:61, OB Multicast Packets:23547
Outbound ID:2, OB PID:514, OB Freq:1201000, OB Bit Rate:3000000
Outbound Sync IP address: 172.22.0.3
Inbound Start Freq:1201176, IB Stop Freq:1209336
Inbound Data Rate: 307200, IB Freq Offset:0
Inbound Packets: 3553
BackBone Hub Link Status:UP
BackBone Received Packets:1, BB Sent:3552
BackBone Received Retransmitted:0, BB Sent Retrans:0
Service Module Eth RX:3550, TX:47110
Service Module Eth Multicast RX:1, Multicast TX:23563
Bufs Configured: 5000, Bufs Free: 4951
Internal Software State parameters:
   Service Module SW State Var:3
   General IOS FSM:LINK UP, HSRP FSM:ACTIVE, HSRP VSAT Mode:ACTIVE
   Lost Beats Total:0, Lost Beats This Retry:0
VOIP DA calls:
  NONE
```

Boot Mode Example

Router# service-module satellite 1/0 status

The following example shows that the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module is in boot mode after a software reset, so that the link to the hub (backbone status) is down:

```
Getting status from the satellite module, please wait..
Software Versions, OS:0.0.0, RSP:1.0.0.5, MBC:0.0.0.0
HW Version:001D1757
CPA Number:6204, HPS CPA:0, HSP Link:2
AA Group: 258, SW Group: 512, Download: YES
Service Module Uptime:00:00:14, Router Uptime:1 day, 20 hours, 19 minutes
Current router clocktime:*03:04:38.017 UTC Tue Dec 2 2003
Oper Mode:BOOT
, In Dial Backup:NO, Standby:NO, One-Way:NO
RBCP Received Packets:1, RBCP Sent Packets:8
Bit Error Rate: 0e-0, Signal to Noise Ratio: 12.4453
IP Address/Mask:172.27.1.54/255.255.255.252
Service Module MAC:00:A0:AC:00:20:60
RX Lock:LOCKED, Sync Lock:NOT LOCKED
BackBone Status: DOWN
, Two-Way Mode:YES, DA/RA Mode:RA
Outbound Modulation Type:DVB, OB Code Rate:3/4
Outbound Unicast Packets:0, OB Multicast Packets:0
Outbound ID:2, OB PID:514, OB Freq:1201000, OB Bit Rate:30000000
Outbound Sync IP address: 172.22.0.3
Inbound Start Freq:1201176, IB Stop Freq:1209336
Inbound Data Rate: 307200, IB Freq Offset:0
COUNTERS OMITTED. Not available at this time.
Internal Software State parameters:
   Service Module SW State Var:3
   General IOS FSM:LINK_DOWN, HSRP FSM:ACTIVE, HSRP VSAT Mode:ACTIVE
   Lost Beats Total:0, Lost Beats This Retry:0
VOIP DA calls:
  NONE
```

Software Reset Example

The following example shows what appears during the beginning stages of a software reset:

```
Router# service-module satellite 2/0 status
```

Getting status from the satellite module, please wait.. % Satellite2/0 card is busy. Status is not available. Try later.

Hub Dial Backup Example

The following example shows that the hub dial backup link is being used instead of the satellite link. Note, however, that hub dial backup keeps the backbone status up. In hub dial backup mode, the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module connects to the hub over a specified dial backup link and maintains TCP connections.

```
Router# service-module satellite 1/0 status
```

```
Getting status from the satellite module, please wait..
Software Versions, OS:14.2.3, RSP:1.5.1.3, MBC:1.0.0.5
HW Version:00008100
CPA Number: 3201, HPS CPA:1, HSP Link:2
AA Group: 258, SW Group: 512, Download: YES
Service Module Uptime:02:09:38, Router Uptime:2 hours, 10 minutes
Current router clocktime:*19:28:20.195 UTC Wed Apr 7 2004
Oper Mode: OPERATIONAL, In Dial Backup: YES
, Standby:NO, One-Way:NO
RBCP Received Packets: 31511, RBCP Sent Packets: 31358
Bit Error Rate: 0e-0, Signal to Noise Ratio: 12.4453
IP Address/Mask:10.0.0.100/255.255.255.0
Service Module MAC:00:A0:AC:00:20:66
RX Lock:LOCKED, Sync Lock:NOT LOCKED
BackBone Status:UP
, Two-Way Mode:YES, DA/RA Mode:RA
Outbound Modulation Type:DVB, OB Code Rate:3/4
Outbound Unicast Packets: 39944, OB Multicast Packets: 45612
Outbound ID:2, OB PID:514, OB Freq:1201000, OB Bit Rate:30000000
Outbound Sync IP address: 172.22.0.3
Inbound Start Freq:1201176, IB Stop Freq:1209336
Inbound Data Rate: 307200, IB Freq Offset:0
Inbound Packets:8281
BackBone Hub Link Status:UP
BackBone Received Packets: 37894, BB Sent: 39162
BackBone Received Retransmitted:1, BB Sent Retrans:12
Service Module Eth RX:37840, TX:129000
Service Module Eth Multicast RX:202, Multicast TX:45970
Bufs Configured: 5000, Bufs Free: 4949
Internal Software State parameters:
   Service Module SW State Var:3
   General IOS FSM:LINK UP, HSRP FSM:N/A, HSRP VSAT Mode:N/A
   Lost Beats Total:0, Lost Beats This Retry:0
```

VoIP Example

The following example shows the status of VoIP calls. Note that dedicated access (DA) mode is in use, and you can see the bandwidth (26 kilobits per second) being used on the DA channels.

```
Router# service-module satellite 1/0 status
Getting status from the satellite module, please wait ..
Software Versions, OS:14.2.3, RSP:1.5.1.3, MBC:1.0.0.5
HW Version:00008100
CPA Number:6202, HPS CPA:1, HSP Link:2
AA Group: 258, SW Group: 512, Download: YES
Service Module Uptime:00:34:53, Router Uptime:2 days, 21 hours, 23 minutes
Current router clocktime:*08:33:51.301 UTC Mon Feb 16 2004
Oper Mode:OPERATIONAL, In Dial Backup:NO, Standby:NO, One-Way:NO
RBCP Received Packets: 335, RBCP Sent Packets: 332
Bit Error Rate: 0e-0, Signal to Noise Ratio: 12.4453
IP Address/Mask:10.2.0.2/255.255.0.0
Service Module MAC:00:A0:AC:00:20:67
RX Lock:LOCKED, Sync Lock:LOCKED
BackBone Status:UP, Two-Way Mode:YES, DA/RA Mode:DA
Outbound Modulation Type:DVB, OB Code Rate:3/4
Outbound Unicast Packets: 758, OB Multicast Packets: 139823
Outbound ID:2, OB PID:514, OB Freq:1201000, OB Bit Rate:30000000
Outbound Sync IP address: 172.22.0.3
Inbound Start Freq:1201176, IB Stop Freq:1209336
Inbound Data Rate:307200, IB Freq Offset:0
Inbound Packets:346
BackBone Hub Link Status:UP
BackBone Received Packets: 335, BB Sent: 288
BackBone Received Retransmitted:0, BB Sent Retrans:0
Service Module Eth RX:356, TX:280163
Service Module Eth Multicast RX:1, Multicast TX:139918
Bufs Configured: 5000, Bufs Free: 4951
Internal Software State parameters:
```

Service Module SW State Var:3 General IOS FSM:LINK_UP, HSRP FSM:N/A, HSRP VSAT Mode:N/A Lost Beats Total:0, Lost Beats This Retry:0

```
VOIP DA calls:
```

Firmware Debug Log Example

The following example includes the firmware debug message log:

Router# service-module satellite 1/0 status log

```
Getting status from the satellite module, please wait..
Software Versions, OS:14.2.3, RSP:1.5.1.3, MBC:1.0.0.5
HW Version:00008100
CPA Number:1203, HPS CPA:1, HSP Link:2
AA Group: 258, SW Group: 512, Download: YES
Service Module Uptime:19:01:32, Router Uptime:1 week, 4 days, 16 hours,
15 minutes
Current router clocktime:*15:12:45.310 UTC Mon May 13 2002
Oper Mode:OPERATIONAL, In Dial Backup:NO, Standby:NO, One-Way:NO
RBCP Received Packets:9279, RBCP Sent Packets:9276
Bit Error Rate:0e-0, Signal to Noise Ratio:12.4453
IP Address/Mask:14.0.0.6/255.255.255.0
```

```
Service Module MAC:00:A0:AC:00:20:72
RX Lock:LOCKED, Sync Lock:LOCKED
BackBone Status:UP, Two-Way Mode:YES, DA/RA Mode:RA
Outbound Modulation Type:DVB, OB Code Rate:3/4
Outbound Unicast Packets:11099797, OB Multicast Packets:429401
Outbound ID:2, OB PID:514, OB Freq:1201000, OB Bit Rate:30000000
Outbound Sync IP address: 172.22.0.3
Inbound Start Freq:1201176, IB Stop Freq:1209336
Inbound Data Rate: 307200, IB Freq Offset:0
Inbound Packets: 674619
BackBone Hub Link Status:UP
BackBone Received Packets:11084921, BB Sent:93899
BackBone Received Retransmitted: 352, BB Sent Retrans: 2
Service Module Eth RX:10001424, TX:18532485
Service Module Eth Multicast RX:2615, Multicast TX:431486
Bufs Configured: 5000, Bufs Free: 1240
Internal Software State parameters:
  Service Module SW State Var:3
  General IOS FSM:LINK_UP, HSRP FSM:N/A, HSRP VSAT Mode:N/A
  Lost Beats Total:4, Lost Beats This Retry:0
VOIP DA calls:
 NONE
Last forced reset log from card
bb 01 e3 a3 28 00 00 10 00 01 ff 6f f0 00 00 10
00 00 2a aa 00 4f f9 5f c4 00 00 01 2a ff ff ff
ff 00 00 80 00 01 ff 6f f0 00 00 00 00 01 ff 76
b0 01 e3 a3 28 00 00 90 02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
13 00 18 84 1c 00 00 00 00 01 e3 a3 28 00 2b 00
00 00 2b 00 00 01 ff 76 b0 00 2a a2 80 00 00 88
88 00 00 90 02 00 0a 7f 58 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 40 00 00 43 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 01 ff 76
b0 00 00 00 00 01 ff 70 20 ff ff ff
```

The table below describes the significant fields shown in the displays.

Field	Description
Software Versions HW Version	Software (not Cisco IOS) and hardware versions on the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module. Useful for technical support.
CPA Number HPS CPA HSP Link AA Group SW Group Download	VSAT-to-hub link parameters.
Oper Mode	 Operational mode; one of the following values: OPERATIONALBoot complete and running operational code. BOOT HOLDHeld in boot mode.

• BOOT--In boot mode after a reset.

• UNKNOWN--Indicates an error.

IDLE--Transitional state.

Table 1: service-module satellite status Field Descriptions

Field	Description		
In Dial Backup	YES indicates that the satellite link is down and that the hub dial backup connection is in use.		
	NO means that the hub dial backup connection is not in use or not configured.		
	Note This field does not indicate whether <i>router</i> dial backup mode is in use.		
Standby	YES indicates that the router in which the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module is installed is in standby mode for Hot Standby Router Protocol (HSRP).		
	NO indicates that the router in which the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module is installed is either in active mode for HSRP, or HSRP is not configured.		
One-Way	YES indicates one-way operational mode.		
	NO indicates two-way operational mode.		
RBCP Received Packets RBCP Sent Packets	Number of sent and received Router Blade Configuration Protocol (RBCP) packets.		
IP Address/Mask	IP address and subnet mask of the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module.		
RX Lock Sync Lock	Corresponds to the following LEDs on the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module faceplate:		
	• RX LOCKIndicates whether or not the DVB (outbound) receiver is locked.		
	• SYNCIndicates whether or not the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module is synchronized with the hub timing.		
	For both fields:		
	• LOCKED indicates that the initial connection to the hub was successful. This means that the dish antenna is positioned correctly and the satellite initial configuration parameters are valid.		
	• NOT LOCKED indicates that the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module is in a transitional state during the boot process. If NOT LOCKED does not eventually become LOCKED, then the satellite initial configuration parameters are incorrect, there is a hardware problem, or the satellite signal has faded because of rain-fade or obstruction.		
BackBone Status	Backbone link to the hub, either fully established (UP) or not fully established (DOWN).		
	Corresponds to the ON LINE LED on the NM-1VSAT-GILAT network module faceplate.		

Field	Description		
Two-Way Mode	YES indicates two-way operational mode.		
	NO indicates one-way operational mode.		
DA/RA Mode	Indicates whether the satellite link is operating in random access (RA) or dedicated access (DA) mode. DA mode is required for VoIP calls.		
Outbound Modulation Type	Satellite initial configuration parameters:		
OB Code Rate	Outbound modulation type		
Outbound ID	Outbound Viterbi code rate		
OB PID	• Outbound VSAT ID		
OB Freq	• Outbound packet identifier (PID)		
OB Bit Rate	• Outbound frequency		
Outbound Sync IP address	Outbound data rate		
	Outbound synchronization IP address		
Internal Software State parameters	Internal states that are useful for technical support.		
VOIP DA calls	Information about VoIP calls, which use DA mode.		
	Note This field appears only on routers that run VoIP-enabled Cisco IOS software images.		
Last forced reset log from card	Debug information used by technical support.		

network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT).

Related Commands Command Description show (satellite initial configuration) Displays the initial configuration parameters for the Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT). show controllers satellite Displays controller information about the internal router interface that connects to an installed Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN network module (NM-1VSAT-GILAT). show interfaces satellite Displays general interface settings and traffic rates for the internal router interface that connects to an installed Cisco IP VSAT satellite WAN

service-module service-engine

To enter the Cisco Unity Express command environment using a network module (NM) or an advanced Integration Module (AIM) card module, use the **service-moduleservice-engine** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module service-engine slot/port session

Syntax Description		number of the NM or AIM.		
Command Default	No default	behavior or values.		
Command Modes	Privileged I	EXEC		
Command History	Release	Modification		
	12.2(15)ZJ	This command was introduced for NMs.		
	12.3(4)T	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(4)T.		
	12.3(7)T	Support was added for AIMs.		
Usage Guidelines		and may only be used for NMs and AIMs running Cisco Unity Express. If your system does not ardware, then you will be unable to enter this command.		
	The no form of this command (nointerfaceservice-engine) is not available. You can enter the exit command to return to the router.			
Examples	The following example shows the command for enabling Cisco Unity Express command environment using either a NM or AIM located in slot 4, port 0:			
		ervice-module service-engine 4/0 session rying 172.18.106.66, 2129 Open		

service-module sm default-boot

To configure the SM-SRE service module to use the default BIOS and bootloader, use the **service-modulesmdefault-boot** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module sm slot/port default-boot

Syntax Description	<i>slot</i> Router slot in which the service module is installed. Range: 1 to 4.			
	/ port Port number of the module interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release Modification			
	15.0(1)M This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	After a downtime event or failed upgrade, use this command to configure the service module to use the prima BIOS and primary bootloader to perform startup routines.			
Examples	The following is sample output for a service module:			
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 default-boot clear Clear Default Boot set Set Default Boot			
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 default-boot clear Router# service-module sm 1/0 default-boot set			

service-module sm heartbeat-reset

service-module sm reload

To prevent Cisco IOS software from rebooting the SM-SRE service module when the heartbeat is lost, use the **service-modulesmheartbeat-reset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module sm *slot/port* heartbeat-reset {disable | enable}

Syntax Description	slot	Number of the router sl	ot in which the service module is installed. Range: 1 to 4.		
	<i>l port</i> Port number of the module interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.disable Disables reset of the service module if the heartbeat is lost.				
	enable	Enables reset of the serv	vice module if the heartbeat is lost.		
Command Default	Service m	vice module is reset when heartbeat is lost.			
Command Modes	Privilegeo	d EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	15.0(1)M	This command was intro	oduced.		
Usage Guidelines	When the service module is booted in failsafe mode or is undergoing an upgrade, this command prevents a reboot during the process.				
	When the service module heartbeat is lost, the router applies a fail-open or fail-close configuration opt the module, stops sending traffic to the module, and sets the module to error state. The router performs hardware reset on the service module and monitors it until the heartbeat is reestablished.				
Examples	The following example shows how to disable the service module from being reset if the heartbeat is lost: Router# service-module sm 1/0 heartbeat-reset disable You can display the status of the heartbeat reset feature with the service-modulesmstatuscommand:				
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 status				
	Service Module is Cisco IDS-Sensor 1/0 Service Module supports session via TTY line 194 Service Module heartbeat-reset is enabled <=====				
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description		
	interface		Configures an interface for a service module and enters interface configuration mode.		

Performs a graceful shutdown and reboot of the service module.

Command	Description
service-module sm reset	Resets the service module hardware.
service-module sm shutdown	Performs a graceful shutdown of the service module.
service-module sm status	Displays configuration information related to the hardware and software on a service module.

service-module sm install

To use Cisco SRE to install an application on a service module (Cisco SM-SRE), use the **service-modulesminstall**command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.

service-module sm slot/port install url url [script filename] [argument "string"] [force]

Syntax Description	slot / por	<i>rt</i> Location of the services engine module in the router. For service modules, the slot number is 1 to 4 and the port number must be 0.			
	url url	Address of FTP or HTTP server, as defined in RFC 2396, on which application packages and Tcl scripts are located.(Optional) Changes name of Tcl script to be run from default value to script specified by <i>filename</i> argument.			
	script				
	filename	Name of Tcl script.			
	argument	(Optional) Installer will not present options for the variable specified in the <i>string</i> argument.			
	string	Alphanumeric characters of variable to be passed directly to the Tcl script via the command line. Variable must be enclosed in quotation marks ("")			
	force	(Optional) Tcl script automatically proceeds with install without prompting for user input.			
Command Modes	Privileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	15.0(1)M This command was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	This command uses a common module-dependent bootloader on Cisco SRE to install a Linux-based application, such as Cisco Unity Express or Cisco AXP, on a service module (Cisco SM-SRE).				
	The slash m	nark (/) is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>port</i> argument.			
	You can only issue one instance of this command at a time on a router. You cannot use this command to install an application on two or more services engine modules in the same router at a time.				
	The Tcl script to be run must reside in the same FTP or HTTP server and directory as the application packages to be installed. If a credential is required, the user name and password must be imbedded in the url as shown in the following example:				
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 install url ftp://username:passwd@server.com/axp				
	If two or more of the optional keyword/argument combinations are used with this command, they must be issued in the order presented in the command syntax. For example, you cannot use the force keyword before the script or argument keywords nor the argument keyword before the script keyword when you issue this command.				
	Use the script <i>filename</i> keyword/argument combination with this command to specify that the Cisco IOS software use some Tcl script other than the default installer during the installation.				

I

	Use the argument " <i>string</i> " keyword/argument combination with this command to manually provide variables during installation process and bypass the user interaction feature of the installer. The variable must include the left and right quotation marks ("").				
	Use the force keyword with this command to install an application without prompting for user input. If you use this keyword and if the application requires you to provide certain variables during the installation, you should also use the argument " <i>string</i> " keyword/argument combination to manually provide the required variables because the force keyword will direct the installer to bypass all user interaction during the installation.				
	To stop the install while the Tcl script is being downloaded, use the service-modulesminstallabort command. This command cannot be used once the actual installation begins.				
Examples	The following example shows how to use this command to run a "help.sre" Tcl script rather than the default installation Tcl script:				
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 install url ftp://server.com/cue script help.sre Router#				
	The following example shows how to direct the installer to use the specified language variable for US English instead of prompting you with language options for Cisco Unity Express:				
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 install url ftp://server.com/cue argument "lang=en_us" Router#				
	The following example shows the messages displayed on the module console during a successful installation using Cisco SRE:				
	<pre>Feb 6 19:09:22.526 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_PROG: Service-Module-SM 1/0 PROGRESSING: Validating package signature1 . Feb 6 19:09:23.058 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_PROG: Service-Module-SM 1/0 PROGRESSING: Parsing package manifest files1 . Feb 6 19:09:44.742 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_PROG: Service-Module-SM 1/0 PROGRESSING: Starting payload download1 . Feb 6 19:09:52.022 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_PROG: Service-Module-SM 1/0 PROGRESSING: Performing Hot install1 . Install successful on Service-Module-SM 1/0 Feb 6 19:10:28.826 EDT: %SM_INSTALL-6-INST_SUCC:</pre>				
	Service-Module-SM 1/0 SUCCESS: install-completed .				

Related Commands	Command	Description
	service-module sm install abort	Stops the install and returns to the boot-loader prompt.
	service-module sm uninstall	Uses Cisco SRE to uninstall an SRE-supported application on an SRE-enabled services engine module.

service-module sm install abort

To abort the Cisco SRE install process on a Cisco SM-SRE, use the **service-modulesminstallabort** command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.

service-module sm slot/port install abort [force]

Syntax Description	slot/port	Location of the services engine module in the router. For service modules, the slot number is 1 to 4 and the port number must be 0.			
	force	(Optional) Tcl script auton	natically stops the installation without prompting for confirmation.		
Command Modes	Privilege	d EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	15.0(1)M	This command was introd	uced.		
Usage Guidelines	This command stops the installation during the downloading portion of the process only and returns the console to the boot-loader prompt. You cannot use this command to stop the process once the actual installation has begun.				
	Use the force keyword with this command to stop the process without first prompting for confirmation.				
Examples	The following example shows how to use this command to stop an application installation without first prompting for confirmation:				
	Router# service-module sm 4/0 install abort force				
	boot-loa	der>			
Related Commands	Comman	d Descr	iption		

	Related Commands	Command	Description	
service-module sm install Uses Cisco SRE to install an SRE-supported application on an SRE-enabled services engine module.			TI TI TI	

service-module sm reload

To perform a graceful shutdown and reboot of the SM-SRE service module operating system, use the **service-modulesmreload** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module sm slot/port reload

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which th	he service module is installed. Range: 1 to 4.			
	/ port	Port number of the mo	dule interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.			
Command Modes	Privilege	ivileged EXEC (#)				
Command History	Release	Modification				
	15.0(1)M	This command was int	troduced.			
Usage Guidelines	At the co	nfirmation prompt, pres	ss Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.			
Examples	The following example shows how to gracefully shut down the module and reboot the operating system:					
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 reload Do you want to proceed with reload?[confirm]					
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description			
	interface sm		Configures an interface for a service module and enters interface configuration mode.			
	service-	module sm reset	Resets the service module hardware.			
	service-	module sm shutdown	Gracefully shuts down the service module.			
	show dia	ag	Displays controller information for service modules.			
	show in	terfaces sm	Displays basic interface configuration information for service modules.			

service-module sm reset

To reset the SM-SRE service module hardware, use the **service-modulesmreset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module sm slot/port reset

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which the service module is installed. Range: 1 to 4.					
	l port	Port number of the mod	lule interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.				
Command Modes	Privilegeo	1 EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modification					
	15.0(1)M	This command was int	roduced.				
Usage Guidelines	At the co	nfirmation prompt, press	s Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel.				
Cau		use you may lose data, d state.	use the service-modulesmreset command only to recover from a shutdown or				
Examples		The following example shows how to reset the service module hardware:					
	Use rese Warning:	t only to recover fr	com shutdown or failed state Ne the NVRAM, nonvolatile file system or unsaved configuration!				
Related Commands	Command		Description				
	interface sm		Configures an interface for a service module and enters interface configuration mode.				
	service-module sm reload		Performs a graceful shutdown and reboot of the service module operating system.				
	service-module sm shutdown		Gracefully shuts down the service module.				
	show dia	ıg	Displays controller information for service modules.				
	show int	erfaces sm	Displays basic interface configuration information for service modules.				

service-module sm session

To begin a configuration session for an SM-SRE service module through a console connection, use the **service-modulesmsession** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module sm slot/port session [clear]

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which the service module is installed. Range: 1 to 4.						
	l port	Port numbe	r of the module inter	rface. Always	s use 0. The	slash mark (/) i	s required.	
	clear	(Optional)	(Optional) Clears the service module configuration session.					
Command Modes	Privileged	I EXEC (#)						
Command History	Release	Modificati	on					
	15.0(1)M	This comm	and was introduced.	_				
Usage Guidelines	Only one	session at a	time is allowed into	the service r	nodule from	the service mo	dule interfa	ce.
	After starting a session, you can perform any service module configuration task. You first access the service module console in a user-level shell. To access the privileged EXEC command shell, where most comman are available, use the enable command.							
After you finish configuration tasks and exit the service module console session, use this com clear keyword to clear the session. At the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the ac cancel.								
Examples	The following example shows a session being opened for an SM-SRE:							
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 session							
	Trying 1	0.10.10.1,	2129 Open					
		e con now TURN to ge						
	SE-Modul	e> enable						
	The follow	wing examp	le clears the session	that had been	n used to cor	nfigure the SM-	-SRE in slot	1:
	Router# [confirm [OK]	-						
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description]

Enters privileged EXEC mode.

enable

Command	Description
interface	Configures an interface and enters interface configuration mode.
show diag	Displays controller information for a service module.
show interface sm	Displays basic interface configuration information for service modules.

service-module sm shutdown

To gracefully shut down an SM-SRE service module, use the **service-modulesmshutdown** command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module sm slot/port shutdown

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which the service module is installed. Range: 1 to 4.			
	l port	Port number of the module interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.			
Command Modes	Privilege	d EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	15.0(1)M	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	At the confirmation prompt, press Enter to confirm the action or n to cancel. This command brings down the operating system of the specified service module in an orderly fashion to protect the hard drive. When the system is shut down, the module can be removed from the router.				
Examples	The follo	wing example shows how to gracefully shut down the service module:			
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 shutdown				
	Do you want to proceed with shutdown?[confirm] Use service module reset command to recover from shutdown.				
	WARNING: Confirm that the service-module status shows 'is Shutdown' before removing the module or powering off the system !				

Related Commands	Command	Description		
	interface sm	Configures an interface for an SM-SRE and enters interface configuration mode.		
	service-module sm reload	Performs a graceful shut down and reboot of the SM-SRE operating system.		
	service-module sm reset	Resets the hardware on the SM-SRE.		
	show diag	Displays controller information for service modules.		
	show interfaces sm	Displays basic interface configuration information for SM-SREs.		

service-module sm statistics

To display reset and reload information for an SM-SRE service module and its Cisco IOS software, use the service-modulesmstatisticscommand in EXEC mode.

service-module sm slot/port statistics

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot in which th	e service module is installed. Range: 1 to 4.			
	l port	Port number of the mod	ort number of the module interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.			
Command Modes	User EXI	EC (>) Privileged EXEC	C (>) Privileged EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification				
	15.0(1)M	This command was int	roduced.			
Examples	The follo	wing example displays	information for a service module in slot 1:			
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 statistics					
	CLI res CLI rel Registr Error r	Reset Statistics: eset count = 0 eload count = 0 eration request timeout reset count = 1 recovery timeout reset count = 1 e registration count = 1				
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description			
	interface	e sm	Configures an interface for an SM-SRE and enters interface configuratio mode.			
	service-1	nodule sm reload	Performs a graceful shutdown and reboot of the SM-SRE operating system.			
	service-module sm reset Resets the SM-SRE hardware.					
	service-1	ice-module sm shutdown Gracefully shuts down the SM-SRE.				
	show interfaces smDisplays basic interface configuration information for SM-SREs.					

service-module sm status

To display configuration information related to the hardware and software on an SM-SRE service module, use the **service-modulesmstatus**command in privileged EXEC mode.

service-module sm slot/port status

Syntax Description	slot	Router slot i	in which the service module is installed. Range: 1 to 4.				
	/ port	Port number	of the module interface. Always use 0. The slash mark (/) is required.				
Command Modes	Privilege	d EXEC (#)					
Command History	Release	Modificatio	Dn				
	15.0(1)M	This comm	and was introduced.				
Usage Guidelines	Use this c	command to:					
	Display the SM-SREs software release version						
	• Check the SM-SRE status (steady or down)						
	• Display hardware information for the SM-SRE, including CPU, memory, and interface information						
Examples	The follo	wing exampl	e displays information for an SM-SRE:				
	Router# service-module sm 1/0 status						
	Service Module is Cisco SM1/0 Service Module supports session via TTY line 67 Service Module is in Steady state Service Module heartbeat-reset is enabled						
	Getting status from the Service Module, please wait Cisco Foundation Software 1.0 FNDN Running on SM						
	No insta	ll/uninstal	ll in progress				
Related Commands	Comman	d	Description				
	interfac	e sm	Configures an interface for an SM-SRE and enters interface configuration mode.				

show interfaces sm	Displays basic interface configuration information for SM-SREs.

Displays controller information for service modules.

show diag

service-module sm uninstall

To use Cisco SRE to uninstall an application on a service module (Cisco SM-SRE), use the **service-modulesmuninstall**command in privileged EXEC configuration mode.

service-module sm slot/port uninstall [force]

Syntax Description	slot / po	<i>bort</i> Location of the services engine module in the router. For service modules, the slot number is 1 to 4 and port number must be 0.			
	force	(Optional) Tcl script automatically proceeds with uninstall without prompting for confirmation.			
Command Modes	Privileged	EXEC (#)			
Command History	Release	Modification			
	15.0(1)M	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command completely erases the disk or compact flash of the SRE-enabled services engine module and removes the application keys. It does not remove application licenses.				
	The slash mark (/) is required between the <i>slot</i> argument and the <i>port</i> argument.				
	You can only issue one instance of this command at a time on a router. You cannot use this command to uninstall an application on two or more services engine modules in a router at a time.				
	Use the for	rce keyword with this command to uninstall an appliction without first prompting for confirmation.			
Examples	The following example shows how to use this command to uninstall an application without first prompting for confirmation:				
		service-module stall 1/0 force			
Palatad Commanda		Description			

Related Commands

Command	Description
	Uses Cisco SRE to install an SRE-supported application on an SRE-enabled services engine module.

service-module t1 cablelength short

To set transmission attenuation for shorter cable lengths, use the **service-modulet1cablelengthshort** command in interface configuration mode. To disable transmission attenuation for shorter cable lengths, use the **no** form of this command.

 $service-module\ t1\ cablelength\ short\ \{110ft\ |\ 220ft\ |\ 330ft\ |\ 440ft\ |\ 550ft\ |\ 660ft\}$ no service-module\ t1\ cablelength\ short

Syntax Description	110ft	Sets a cable leng	gth from 0 to 110 feet.
	220ft	Sets a cable leng	gth from 111 to 220 feet.
	330ft	Sets a cable leng	gth from 221 to 330 feet.
	440ft	Sets a cable leng	gth from 331 to 440 feet.
	550ft	Sets a cable leng	gth from 441 to 550 feet.
	660ft	Sets a cable leng	gth from 551 to 660 feet.
	_		
Command Default	No defa	ult behavior or va	alues
Command Modes	Interfac	e configuration	
Command History	Releas	e Modificatio	n
	12.2(15)ZL This comma	and was introduced.
	12.3(2)	T This comma	and was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.3(2)T.
Usage Guidelines		mmand is intende ration options.	ed only for the Version 2 card, WIC-1-DSU-T1 V2, as part of the service-modulet1
	equal to cable lea can exis	660 feet. The rel ngths longer than at. They cannot co	nfigure the transmission (tx) attenuation for cables whose length is shorter than or lated command, service-modulet1lbo , is used to define the line-build-out values for 660ft. At any time, only one, either the short configuration or the lbo configuration, b-exist. The configuration of one command will cause the effect of the other command w command will be in effect.
Examples	The foll	lowing example s	shows how to set the short cablelength to 220 feet.
			rface serial 0/0 ervice-module t1 cablelength short 220ft
Related Commands	Comma	and	Description
	service	e-module t1 lbo	Configures the CSU line-build-out (lbo) on a fractional T1/T1 DSU/CSU module.
	1		

L

service-module t1 clock source

To specify the clock source for the fractional T1/T1 CSU/DSU module, use the **service-modulet1clocksource** command in interface configuration mode. To return to the default line clock, use the **no** form of this command.

service-module t1 clock source $\{internal \, | \, line\}$ no service-module t1 clock source

Syntax Description	internal	Specifies the CSU/DSU internal clock.
	line	Specifies the line clock. This is the default.

Command Default Line clock

Command Modes Interface configuration

Release Modification 11.2 This command was introduced. 12.2(33)SRA This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA. 12.2SX This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

Examples

Command History

The following example sets an internal clock source on serial line 0:

```
Router(config) # interface serial 0
Router(config
-if)
# service-module t1 clock source internal
```

Related Commands	Command	Description
		Sets up the clock source on a serial interface for a 4-wire, 56/64-kbps CSU/DSU module.

service-module t1 data-coding

To guarantee the ones density requirement on an alternate mark inversion (AMI) line using the fractional T1/T1 module, use the **service-modulet1data-coding**command in interface configuration mode. To enable normal data transmission, use the**no**form of this command.

service-module t1 data-coding {inverted | normal} no service-module t1 data-coding

Syntax Description	inverted	Inverts bit codes by	y changing all 1 bits to 0 bits and all 0 bits to 1 bits.		
	normal	Requests that no bi	it codes be inverted before transmission. This is the default.		
Command Default	Normal trai	nsmission			
Command Modes	Interface configuration				
Command History	Release	Modification			
	11.2	This command y	was introduced.		
	12.2(33)SR	A This command	was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.		
	12.28X		is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.		
Usage Guidelines	Data inversion is used to guarantee the ones density requirement on an AMI line when using bit-oriented protocols such as High-Level Data Link Control (HDLC), PPP, X.25, and Frame Relay. If the time slot speed is set to 56 kbps, this command is rejected because line density is guaranteed when transmitting at 56 kbps. Use this command with the 64-kbps line speed.				
	If you trans communica		les, both CSU/DSUs must have this command configured for successful		
Examples	The follow	ing example inverts	bit codes using a time slot speed of 64 kbps:		
	Router(config)# interface serial 0 Router(config -if)				
	Router(con -if)	nfig	Lots all speed 64		
	# service	-module t1 data-c	coaing invertea		
Related Commands	Command		Description		
	service-me	odule t1 linecode	Selects the linecode for the fractional T1/T1 module.		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{C} \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{c} 1 + \mathbf{c} 1 + \mathbf{c} 1 = \mathbf{c} 1 + \mathbf{c} 1 = \mathbf{c} 1 + \mathbf{c} 1 + \mathbf{c} 1 + \mathbf{c} 1 = \mathbf{c} 1 + \mathbf{c} 1 = \mathbf{c} 1 + \mathbf{c} 1$		

service-module t1 timeslots | Defines time slots that constitute a fractional T1/T1 (FT1/T1) channel.

service-module t1 fdl

To set the facilities data link (FDL) parameter to either ATT or ANSI, use the**service-modulet1fdl** command in interface configuration mode. To ignore the FDL parameter, use the **no** form of this command.

Syntax Description	ansi	Sets the FDL parameter to ANSI.
	att	Sets the FDL parameter to ATT.

Command Default Determined by the telephone company

Command Modes Interface configuration

Command History	Release	Modification
	11.2 P	This command was introduced.
12.2(33)SRA		This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.

Usage Guidelines The default is noservice-modulet1fdl. The ansi or att options are determined by your service provider or telephone company.

Examples

The following example sets the FDL parameter to ANSI:

Router(config) # interface serial 0
Router(config
-if)
service-module t1 fdl ansi

service-module t1 framing

To select the frame type for a line using the fractional T1/T1 (FT1/T1) module, use the **service-modulet1framing** command in interface configuration mode. To revert to the default, Extended Super Frame, use the **no**form of this command.

 $\label{eq:service-module t1 framing commandservice-module t1 framing $$ \{esf \, | \, sf $$ no service-module t1 framing commandservice-module t1 framing $$ \{esf \, | \, sf $$ } $$ \end{tabular}$

Syntax Description	esf	esf Specifies extended super frame (ESF) as the T1 frame type. This is the default.				
	sf	sfSpecifies D4 super frame (SF) as the T1 frame type.				
Command Default	esf					
Command Modes	Interface configuration					
Command History	Release Modification					
	11.2 This command was introduced.					
	12.2(33)SRA This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.					
	12.2SXThis command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware					
Usage Guidelines	Use this command in configurations in which the router communicates with FT1/T1 data lines. The service provider determines which framing type, either esf or sf , is required for your circuit.					
Examples	The following example enables Super Frame as the FT1/T1 frame type:					
	Router(config -if) # service-module t1 framing sf					

service-module t1 lbo

To configure the CSU line-build-out (LBO) on a fractional T1/T1 CSU/DSU module, use the **service-modulet1lbo**command in interface configuration mode. To disable line-build-out, use the **no**form of this command.

service-module t1 lbo $\{-15 db | -7.5 db | none\}$ no service-module t1 lbo $\{-15 db | -7.5 db | none\}$

Syntax Description	-15 db	Decreases outgoing signal strength by 15 dB.				
	-7.5 db	Decreases outgoing signal strength by 7.5 dB.				
	none	Transmits packets without decreasing outgoing signal strength.				
Command Default	Disabled					
Command Modes	Interface configuration					
Command History	Release	Modification				
	11.2	This command was introduced.				
	12.2(33)	This command was integrated into Cisco IOS Release 12.2(33)SRA.				
	12.2SX	This command is supported in the Cisco IOS Release 12.2SX train. Support in a specific 12.2SX release of this train depends on your feature set, platform, and platform hardware.				
Usage Guidelines	Use this command to decrease the outgoing signal strength to an optimum value for a fractional T1 lin receiver. The ideal signal strength should be -15 dB to -22 dB, which is calculated by adding the phone company loss, cable length loss, and line build out.					
	You may use this command in back-to-back configurations, but it is not needed on mo					
Examples	The following example sets the LBO to -7.5 dB:					
	Router(config)# interface serial 0 Router(config -if) # service-module t1 lbo -7.5 db					