Configure and Verify Port-Channel on Firepower Appliances

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Introduction

This document describes how to configure, verify, and troubleshoot the Port-Channel on Firepower Appliances.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Firepower Management Center (FMC)
- Firepower Chassis Manager (FCM)
- Firepower eXtensible Operating System (FXOS)
- Firepower Threat Defense (FTD)
- EtherChannel (EC)



Note: In this document, the terms EtherChannel and Port-Channel (PC) are used interchangeably.

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- 2 x FPR4120 on FXOS 2.2(2.17), FTD 6.2.0.2.51
- 1 x FPR4110 on FXOS 2.1(0.159), FTD 6.1.0.330
- 1 x FPR2110 on FTD 6.2.1 (build 341)
- 1 x FPR1150 on FTD 6.5.0
- WS-C3750X-24 on15.2(4)E5

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background Information

This document describes the configuration, verification and troubleshoot of a Port-Channel on Firepower Appliances (FPR1xxx, FPR21xx, FPR41xx, FPR93xx). The document configuration examples are based on Firepower Threat Defense (FTD), but many concepts (for example, the verification and troubleshoot) are fully applicable to Adaptive Security Appliance (ASA) as well.

Configure

Port-Channel on FPR4100/FPR9300

Network Diagram



Configure a Port-Channel from FXOS User Interface (FPR4100/FPR9300)

FTD Port-Channel on Firepower Appliances is managed by the FXOS code. On FPR4100/FPR9300 the configuration is done from the Firepower Chassis Manager:

Overview Interfa	ces Logical De	evices Security	Engine Platform S	ettings					
		CONSOLE MGMT	USB 2 4	e 1	Network Module	2 : Empty	Network Module 1 3 2 4	3 5 6	
All Interfaces Hardw	vare Bypass								
							Add Por	rt Channel Filter	×
Interface	Туре	Admin Speed	Operational Speed	Application	Admin Duplex	Auto Negotiation	Operation State	Admin State	
MGMT	Management							\checkmark	
 Imp Port-channel15 	data	1gbps	1gbps	FTD	Full Duplex	no	up		/ 1
Ethernet1/2							up		
Ethernet1/3							up		
Port-channel48	cluster	10gbps	indeterminate		Full Duplex	no	admin-down	X	a 🖉
Ethernet1/1	mgmt	1gbps	lgbps	FTD	Full Duplex	no	up		J
Ethernet1/4	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	failed	X	<i>_</i>

All Interfaces	Hardware Bypass							
		Edit Port Cha	nnel - Port-c	hanne	el15			?×
Interface	Туре	Port Channel ID:	15		C Enable			
🗎 мдмт	Management	Type:	Data	*				
4 📅 Port-channe	el15 data	Admin Speed:	1gbps	*				
Ethernet	:1/2	Admin Duplex:	Full Duplex	~				
Ethernet	:1/3	Auto Negotiation:	Yes No					
Port-channe	el48 cluster							
Ethernet1/1	L mgmt	Interfaces						
Ethernet1/4	4 data	Ava	ilable Interface	_		Member ID		
Ethernet1/5	5 data		Ethernet1/4	*		Ethernet1/2	8	
Ethernet1/6	5 data		Ethernet1/5					
Ethernet1/7	7 data		Ethernet1/6					
Ethernet1/8	3 data		Ethernet1/8		Add Interface			
Ethernet3/1	L data		Ethernet3/1					
Ethernet3/2	2 data		Ethernet3/2					
Ethernet3/3	3 data		Ethernet3/4					
Ethernet3/4	s data		Ethernet3/5	Ŧ				
Ethernet3/5	5 data							
Ethernet3/6	5 data					0	ĸ	Cancel

The Port-Channel is down (failed state) until it is assigned to a logical device:

Overview Inter	faces Logica	I Devices Secur	ity Engine Platfor	m Settings					
	rduna Burana	CONSOLE MGMT	USB 2 4	dule 1	Network Mod	ule 2 : Empty	Network 1 2	Module 3 3 5 4 6	
All Interfaces na	ruware bypass							Add Port	Channel
Interface	Туре	Admin Speed	Operational Speed	Application	Admin Duplex	Auto Negotiation	Operation State	Admin State	
М мбмт	Management								
Port-channel15	data	1gbps	1gbps		Full Duplex	no	failed		J 🗇
Ethernet1/2	data	1gbps			Full Duplex	no	down		
Ethernet1/3	data	1gbps			Full Duplex	no	down		
Port-channel48	cluster	10gbps	indeterminate		Full Duplex	no	admin-down	X	P 🖥
Ethernet1/1	mgmt	1gbps	1gbps	FTD	Full Duplex	no	up		P
Ethernet1/4	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	failed	X	ø
Ethernet1/5	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	sfp-not-present	X	6
Ethernet1/6	data	10gbps	10gbps	FTD	Full Duplex	no	sfp-not-present	X	P
Ethernet1/7	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	sfp-not-present	X	P
Ethernet1/8	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	sfp-not-present	X	ø
Ethernet3/1	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	admin-down	X	6
Ethernet3/2	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	admin-down	X	0
Ethernet3/3	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	admin-down	X	0
Ethernet3/4	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	admin-down	X	0
Ethernet3/5	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	admin-down	X	6
Ethernet3/6	data	10gbps	10gbps		Full Duplex	no	admin-down		62

To assign the Port-Channel to the logical device:

Overview Inter	rfaces Logica	I Devices Security Engine P	Platform Settings	System Tools Help adn
Provisioning - ma Standalone Cise	zafeiro_FTD co Firepower Th	nreat Defense 6.2.0.363		Save Cancel
Data Ports				
Ethernet1/4				
Ethernet1/5				
Ethernet1/6				
Ethernet1/7				
Ethernet1/8				
Ethernet3/1	Θ	Ethernet1/6		
Ethernet3/2	Ð	C		-
Ethernet3/3	Θ			
Ethernet3/4	Θ			FTD - 6.2.0.363 Ethernet1/1
Ethernet3/5	Θ	Port-		Click to configure
Ethernet3/6 Port-channel15	Θ	Chamier 2		

The result:

Overview Inte	rfaces Logical [Devices Secur	ity Engine Platfo	orm Settings						
Network Module 1 Network Module 2: Empty I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 I 3 5 Interfaces Hardware Bypass										
All Interfaces Ha	ardware Bypass									
									Add Port Channel	
Interface	Туре	Admin Speed	Operational Speed	Application	Admin Duplex	Auto Negotiation	Operation State	Admin State		
М мбмт	Management									
✓ ₩ Port-channel15	data	1gbps	1gbps	FTD	Full Duplex	no	up		J 🕄	
Ethernet1/2							up			
Ethernet 1/3							up			
Port-channel48	cluster	10gbps	indeterminate		Full Duplex	no	admin-down	X	age 🗄	
Ethernet1/1	mgmt	1gbps	1gbps	FTD	Full Duplex	no	up		0	

Main points

- Before FXOS 2.4.x release, the FPR4100/FPR9300 supports only LACP (no mode ON or PAGP). Since FXOS 2.4.1.101 mode ON is supported for data and data-sharing Etherchannels.
- Please ensure that the interface(s) which are to be added in the Port-Channel are not added already to the logical device. If they are, they do not show up in the interface when the Port-Channel is added.
- You cannot enable/disable individual Port-Channel members, but only the Port-Channel itself.
- You cannot delete a Port-Channel that is used by a Logical Device (for example, ASA or FTD). You must disassociate it first.
- The Port-Channel does not come up until you assign it to a logical device. If the EtherChannel is removed from the logical device or the logical device is deleted, the Port-Channel reverts to a Suspended state.
- Set the switch ports that connect to Active mode for the best compatibility.

Switch Configuration

When you configure the switch, in order to avoid Port-Channel instabilities it is recommended to:

- Use the interface range command.
- Shutdown the Port-Channel interface members before you make changes that affect the Port-Channel operation (for example, if the Port-Channel mode is changed).

Example

```
<#root>
Switch(config)#
interface range g1/0/2 - 3
Switch(config-if-range)#
shutdown
Switch(config-if-range)#
switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
Switch(config-if-range)#
```

switchport mode trunk
Switch(config-if-range)#
channel-group 5 mode active
Switch(config-if-range)#
no shutdown



Note: Always refer to the switch model Configuration Guide section for additional details.

Configure a Port-Channel from FXOS CLI (FPR4100/FPR9300)

Step 1. Verify the interfaces that are already assigned to the FTD logical device.

<#root>

FP4110-7-A#

FP4	110-7-A /ssa a	¥					
show	w logical-dev:	ice					
Log [.]	ical Device: Name De	escription Slot ID	Mode	Oper	State	Template Name	
	mzafeiro_FTD		1		Standalone Ok		ftd
FP4	110-7-A /ssa a	¥					
scoj	pe logical-dev	vice mzafeiro_FTD					
FP4	110-7-A /ssa/	logical-device #					
show	w external-po	rt-link					
Exte	ernal-Port Liı Name	nk: Port or Port Cha	annel Name	App Name	Description		
	Ethernet11_f	td Ethernet1/1 td Ethernet1/6		ftd ftd			

Step 2. Verify the chassis interfaces.

<#root>

scope ssa

FP4110-7-A#

scope eth-uplink

FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink #

scope fabric a

FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink/fabric #

show interface

Interface:

Port Name	Port Type	Admin State	Oper State	State Reason
Ethernet1/1	Mgmt	Enabled	Up	
Ethernet1/2	Data	Disabled	Admin Down	Administratively down
Ethernet1/3	Data	Disabled	Admin Down	Administratively down
Ethernet1/4	Data	Disabled	Failed	SFP checksum error
Ethernet1/5	Data	Disabled	Sfp Not Present	Unknown
Ethernet1/6	Data	Disabled	Sfp Not Present	Unknown
Ethernet1/7	Data	Disabled	Sfp Not Present	Unknown
Ethernet1/8	Data	Disabled	Sfp Not Present	Unknown
Ethernet3/1	Data	Disabled	Admin Down	Administratively down
Ethernet3/2	Data	Disabled	Admin Down	Administratively down
Ethernet3/3	Data	Disabled	Admin Down	Administratively down
Ethernet3/4	Data	Disabled	Admin Down	Administratively down
Ethernet3/5	Data	Disabled	Admin Down	Administratively down
Ethernet3/6	Data	Disabled	Admin Down	Administratively down

```
FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink/fabric #
```

show port-channel

Port Channel:

Port Channel Id	Name	Port Type	Admin State	Oper State	State Reason
48	Port-channel48	Cluster	Disabled	Admin Down	 Administrativelv dow
			2.000.00		

Step 3. Create the Port-Channel.

```
<#root>
bsns-4110-2-A#
scope eth-uplink
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink #
scope fabric a
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric #
create port-channel 15
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
create member-port Ethernet1/5
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel/member-port* #
exit
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
create member-port Ethernet1/6
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel/member-port* #
exit
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
set port-type data
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
set speed 1gbps
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
enable
bsns-4110-2-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
commit-buffer
```

Step 4. Assign the interface to the FTD logical device:

<#root>

FP4110-7-A#

scope ssa

FP4110-7-A /ssa #

scope logical-device mzafeiro_FTD

FP4110-7-A /ssa/logical-device #

create external-port-link PC15_ftd Port-channel15 ftd

FP4110-7-A /ssa/logical-device/external-port-link* #

commit-buffer

FP4110-7-A /ssa/logical-device/external-port-link #

Verification

<#root>

FP4110-7-A#

scope ssa

FP4110-7-A /ssa #

scope logical-device mzafeiro_FTD

FP4110-7-A /ssa/logical-device #

show external-port-link

External-Port Lin Name	k: Port or Port Chan	nel Name App Name	Description
Ethernet11_ft	d Ethernet1/1	ftd	
Ethernet16_ft	d Ethernet1/6	ftd	
PC15_ftd	Port-channel15	ftd	

<#root>

FP4110-7-A#

scope eth-uplink

FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink #

scope fabric a

FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink/fabric #

show port-channel

Port Channel:

Port Channel Id	l Name	Port Type	Admin State	Oper State	State Reason
15	Port-channel15	Data	Enabled	Up	

```
<#root>
```

FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink/fabric #

enter port-channel 15

FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel #

show member-port

Member Port:

Port Name	Membership	Oper State	State Reason
Ethernet1/2	Up	Up	
Ethernet1/3	Up	Up	

Delete the Port-Channel from FXOS CLI (FPR4100/FPR9300).

<#root>
FP4110-7-A#
scope eth-uplink
FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink #
scope fabric a
FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink/fabric #
delete port-channel 15
FP4110-7-A /eth-uplink/fabric* #
commit-buffer

Port-Channel on FPR21xx/FPR1xxx

Network Diagram

48



The FTD Port-Channel on FPR21xx/FPR1xxx appliances is managed by the FXOS code, but the configuration is done from the FMC since the FTD and FXOS code is integrated in one software bundle:

	Over	view Analysis	Policies D	Devices Ob	jects AMF	P Intelli	gence	Dep	loy 🥥	System	Help 🔻	admin 🔻
	Devic	e Management	NAT VF	PN▼ QoS	Platform Se	ttings	FlexConfig	Certificates				
(FTD Cisco F	2100 irepower 2110 Thread	t Defense								Save	Cancel
	Devi	ce Routing	Interfaces	Inline Sets	5 DHCP	SNMP						
	2									0	Add Inte	erfaces 🔹
	s	Interface	Log	gical Name	Type Secu	rity Zo	MAC Addre	ss (Active/S	IP Addre	ss 🗿 Su	b Interface	
ſ	0	Ethernet1/1		F	Physical					Eth	ner Channel	Interface
	0	Ethernet1/2		F	Physical							Ø
	0	Ethernet1/3		F	Physical							

Add Ether Ch	annel Ir	terface					? ×
Name:	INSIDE		✓ Enable	d 🗌 Mar	agement Only		
Security Zone:						•	
Description:							
General IPv	4 IPv6	Advanced	Hardware Co	nfiguration			
MTU:		1500		(64 -			
Ether Channel II	o*:	11		(1 - 48)			
Available Interfa	aces C			S	elected Interfaces	5	
🔍 Search				[🖉 Ethernet1/1		8
Ethernet1/1	13		-	[🖉 Ethernet1/2		8
Ethernet1/1	14		Ad	d			
Ethernet1/1	15						
Ethernet1/1	16						
Ethernet1/2							
Ethernet1/3	3		-				
Teles							
					(ОК	Cancel

Mode (LACP Active or ON) are configured from the Advanced tab:

Add Ether Ch	nannel Interf	ace	? ×
Name:	INSIDE	Enabled Management Only	
Security Zone:		v	
Description:			
General IPv4	IPv6 Adva	anced Hardware Configuration	
Information	ARP and MAC	Security Configuration	
LACP Mode: Active Mac Addr	ess:	Active Active	
Standby Mac Ad	ldress:	On	
DNS Lookup:			

Duplex and Speed settings are configured from the Hardware Configuration tab:

Add Ether Ch	annel Interface	
Name:	INSIDE	Enabled Management Only
Security Zone:		~
Description:		
General IPv4	IPv6 Advanced	Hardware Configuration
Duplex:	full	~
Speed:	1gbps	~
Auto-negotiation		



Note: On FPR2100, you cannot create a Port-Channel from FXOS CLI unless you use an ASA as a logical device. After ASA 9.13.x, this is the case only in Platform Mode. In Appliance Mode (11xx/21xx), there is not FCM and all interface configuration is performed directly in the ASA CLI.

<#root>
Fp2110 /eth-uplink/fabric* #
create port-channel 16
Fp2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
create member-port Ethernet1/10
<pre>Fp2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel/member-port* #</pre>
exit
Fp2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
create member-port Ethernet1/11
Fp2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel/member-port* #
exit
Fp2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel* #
commit-buffer
Error: Changes not allowed. use: 'connect ftd' to make changes.

In case a physical interface is down and you want to enable it do this:

<#root> firepower-2110# scope eth-uplink firepower-2110 /eth-uplink # scope fabric a

firepower-2110 /eth-uplink/fabric #

show interface

Interface:

Port Name	Port Type	Admin State	Oper State	State Reason
Ethernet1/3	Data	Enabled	Up	Up
Ethernet1/4	Data	Disabled	Link Down	Down
Ethernet1/5	Data	Disabled	Link Down	Down
Ethernet1/6	Data	Disabled	Link Down	Down
Ethernet1/7	Data	Disabled	Link Down	Down
Ethernet1/8	Data	Disabled	Link Down	Down
Ethernet1/9	Data	Disabled	Link Down	Down
Ethernet1/10	Data	Disabled	Link Down	Down

Ethernet1/11 Data Ethernet1/12 Data Ethernet1/13 Data Fthernet1/14 Data Disabled Link Down Down Disabled Link Down Down Disabled Link Down Down Disabled Link Down Down Disabled Link Down Disabled Link Down Ethernet1/15 Data Down Ethernet1/16 Data Down firepower-2110 /eth-uplink/fabric # enter interface Ethernet1/4 firepower-2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/interface # show Interface: Port Name Port Type Admin State Oper State State Reason Ethernet1/4 Data Disabled Link Down Down firepower-2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/interface # enable firepower-2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/interface* # commit-buffer firepower-2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/interface # show Interface: Port Name Port Type Admin State Oper State State Reason Ethernet1/4 Data Enabled Link Down Down firepower-2110 /eth-uplink/fabric/interface #

FDM Configuration

Consider this topology:



You can configure EtherChannel interfaces that use FDM as from 6.5 software release. Navigate to Device > Interfaces > EtherChannels and add an EtherChannel. Since in this case the EtherChannel is a trunk specify the EtherChannel ID, enable it (Status), and add the members. The EtherChannel supports LACP Active and mode On (no LACP). In this case, LACP Active mode is configured.

Add EtherChannel Interf	0 ×		
Name Most features work with named interfaces only, although some require unnamed interfaces. Description	Mode Routed ∽	EtherChannel ID 1 1 - 48	Status
EtherChannel Specific IPv4 Address	IPv6 Address	Advanced	4
Link Aggregation Control Protocol Active EtherChannel Members	¥		
 unnamed (Ethernet1/3) unnamed (Ethernet1/2) 			

Add the Subinterfaces:

Add EtherChannel Subinterface

Parent Interface		
unnamed (Port-channel1)	~	
Subinterface Name	Mode	Status
inside1	Routed ~	
Most features work with named interfaces only, although some require unnamed interfaces.		
Description		
		11
VLAN ID Subinterface ID		
201 201		
1 - 4094		
IPv4 Address IPv6 Address Advanced		
Туре		
Static Y		
IP Address and Subnet Mask		
192.168.201.112 / 24		
e.g. 192.168.5.15/17 or 192.168.5.15/255.255.128.0		

The result:

Interfaces Bridge Groups EtherChannels							
1 EtherChannel					Q Search		+ ~
NAME	LOGICAL NAME	түре	STATE	MODE	IP ADDRESS	MONITOR FOR HA	ACTIONS
Port-channel1		EtherChannel		Routed		Enabled	
ETHERCHANNEL MEMBERS							
× Ethernet1/2		Physical Interface					
× Ethernet1/3		Physical Interface					
SUBINTERFACES							
Port-channel1.201	inside1	Subinterface			192.168.201.112 Static	Enabled	
Port-channel1.202	inside202	Subinterface			192.168.202.112 Static	Enabled	

Deploy the expected changes.

Verify

Verify Port-Channel on FPR4100/FPR9300

Network Diagram



The FTD (or ASA) is not aware of the Port-Channel individual members. Logical interfaces (subinterfaces) are configured on FMC:

<#root>

>

system support diagnostic-cli

firepower#

show interface ip brief

Interface	IP-Address	OK? Method	Status	Protocol
Internal-Data0/0	unassigned	YES unset	up	up
Internal-Data0/1	unassigned	YES unset	up	up
Internal-Data0/2	169.254.1.1	YES unset	up	up
Port-channel15	unassigned	YES unset	up	up

Name

Port-channel15	INSIDE	0
Ethernet1/1	diagnostic	0

<#root>

firepower#

```
show interface Port-channel15 detail
Interface Port-channel15 "INSIDE", is up, line protocol is up
 Hardware is EtherSVI, BW 20000 Mbps, DLY 1000 usec
       MAC address 2c33.118e.07de, MTU 1500
        IP address unassigned
 Traffic Statistics for "INSIDE":
        6767 packets input, 566328 bytes
        0 packets output, 0 bytes
        6736 packets dropped
     1 minute input rate 4 pkts/sec, 375 bytes/sec
     1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
     1 minute drop rate, 4 pkts/sec
     5 minute input rate 4 pkts/sec, 401 bytes/sec
     5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
      5 minute drop rate, 4 pkts/sec
 Control Point Interface States:
       Interface number is 6
        Interface config status is active
        Interface state is active
```

To check the status of the Port-Channel and its members, navigate to FXOS mode:

<#root> FP4110-7-A# connect fxos FP4110-7-A(fxos)# show port-channel summary Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members) I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only) s - Suspended r - Module-removed R - Routed S - Switched U - Up (port-channel) M - Not in use. Min-links not met _____ Туре Group Port-Protocol Member Ports Channel _____ Po15(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/2(P) Eth1/3(P) 15 Po48(SD) NONE 48 Eth --

To see the state of the Port-Channels along with last state history:

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

show port-channel database

```
port-channel15
    Last membership update is successful
    2 ports in total, 2 ports up
    First operational port is Ethernet1/3
    Age of the port-channel is 0d:00h:35m:00s
    Time since last bundle is Od:00h:34m:56s
    Last bundled member is Ethernet1/3
            Ethernet1/2
    Ports:
                             [active ] [up]
             Ethernet1/3
                             [active ] [up] *
port-channel48
    Last membership update is successful
    0 ports in total, 0 ports up
    Age of the port-channel is 5d:06h:35m:27s
```

To check traffic distribution among Port-Channel interface members:

<#root> FP4110-7-A(fxos)# show port-channel traffic ChanId Port Rx-Ucst Tx-Ucst Rx-Mcst Tx-Mcst Rx-Bcst Tx-Bcst 15 Eth1/2 20.83% 49.71% 17.75% 43.67% 20.11% 49.94% Eth1/3 79.16% 50.28% 82.24% 56.32% 79.88% 50.05% 15 LACP neighbor verification <#root> FP4110-7-A(fxos)# show lacp neighbor Flags: S - Device is sending Slow LACPDUs F - Device is sending Fast LACPDUs A - Device is in Active mode P - Device is in Passive mode port-channel15 neighbors Partner's information Partner Partner Partner Port System ID Port Number Age Flags Eth1/2 32768,28-6f-7f-ec-59-800x103 1984 FA

LACP Partner Partner Partner Port Priority Oper Key Port State 32768 0x3f 0x5 Partner's information Partner Partner Partner Port System ID Port Number Age Flags 32768,28-6f-7f-ec-59-800x104 Eth1/3 2221 FA LACP Partner Partner Partner

Port Priority	Oper Key
32768	0x5

Partner Oper Key 0x5 = The switch is configured with Port-Channel ID 5.

On the switch:

<#root>

Switch#

show lacp neighbor

Flags: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs
 F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs
 A - Device is in Active mode P - Device is in Passive mode

Channel group 5 neighbors

Partner's information:

		LACP port			Admin	0per	Port	Port
Port	Flags	Priority	Dev ID	Age	key	Key	Number	State
Gi1/0/2	FA	32768	2c33.118e.07b3	0s	0x0	0xE	0x42	0x3F
Gi1/0/3	FA	32768	2c33.118e.07b3	0s	0x0	0xE	0x43	0x3F



Note: On the adjacent Switch, the Partner Oper Key is shown as 0xE (14) although FXOS is configured with Port-Channel ID 15.

LACP packet capture in Wireshark:

LACP switch capture - SLOW - FXOS FAST.pcapng									
<u>File</u> <u>E</u> di	t <u>V</u> iew	Go Captu	re <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatistics Teleph	nony <u>W</u> ireles	s <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp				
	1 0	1. 🗎	🕅 🖸 🔍 👄 👄 🖀 🗿	š 👲 其 📘		Ω			
📕 lacp									
No.	Tin	ne		Source		Destination	Protocol	Length	Source Port
	480 20	17-10-12	11:25:34.759928	Cisco	ec:59:8f	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	
4	481 20	17-10-12	11:25:34.903681	Cisco	8e:02:a3	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	
4	483 20	17-10-12	11:25:35.723075	Cisco_	ec:59:8f	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	
4	484 20	17-10-12	11:25:35.903752	Cisco_	8e:02:a3	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	
	Partner State: 0x3f LACP Activity, LACP Timesting: Activity: Active								

	Partner State								
State	Expired	Defaulted	Distributed	Collected	Synchronization	Aggregation	LACP Timeout	LACP Activity	
Value	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Hex	3				f				

Verify Port-Channel on FPR21xx/FPR1xxx

Network Diagram



Port-Channel basic verification

<#root>
>
connect fxos
FP2110-2#
connect local-mgmt
FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#
show portchannel summary
Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members) I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only) s - Suspended r - Module-removed S - Switched R - Routed U - Up (port-channel) M - Not in use. Min-links not met
Group Port- Type Protocol Member Ports Channel
11 Po11(U) Eth LACP Eth1/1(P) Eth1/2(P)

Additional verification:

<#root>
FP2110-2#
scope eth-uplink
FP2110-2 /eth-uplink #
scope fabric a
FP2110-2 /eth-uplink/fabric #
show port-channel
Port Channel:

Port Channel Io	d Name	Port Type	Admin State	Oper State	State Reason
11	Port-channell1	Data	Enabled	Up	Up

Verify the Port-Channel details:

<#root>

FP2110-2 /eth-uplink/fabric #

show port-channel detail

Port Channel: Port Channel Id: 11 Name: Port-channel11 Port Type: Data Description: Admin State: Enabled Oper State: Up Auto negotiation: Yes Speed: 1 Gbps Duplex: Full Duplex Oper Speed: 1 Gbps Band Width (Gbps): 2 State Reason: Up flow control policy: default LACP policy name: default oper LACP policy name: org-root/lacp-default Lacp Mode: Active Inline Pair Admin State: Enabled Inline Pair Peer Port Name:

Verify the Port-Channel member details:

<#root>

FP2110-2#

scope eth-uplink

FP2110-2 /eth-uplink #

scope fabric a

FP2110-2 /eth-uplink/fabric #

scope port-channel 11

FP2110-2 /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel #

show member-port

Member Port:

Port Name	Membership	Oper State	State Reason
Ethernet1/1	Up	Up	Up
Ethernet1/2	Up	Up	Up

Member port details:

<#root>

FP2110-2 /eth-uplink/fabric/port-channel #

show member-port detail

Member Port: Port Name: Ethernet1/1 Membership: Up Oper State: Up State Reason: Up Ethernet Link Profile name: default Oper Ethernet Link Profile name: fabric/lan/eth-link-prof-default Udld Oper State: Unknown Current Task: Port Name: Ethernet1/2

Membership: Up Oper State: Up State Reason: Up Ethernet Link Profile name: default Oper Ethernet Link Profile name: fabric/lan/eth-link-prof-default Udld Oper State: Unknown Current Task:

LACP verification

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show lacp neighbor

Flags: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs
F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs
A - Device is in Active mode
P - Device is in Passive mode

Channel group: 11

Partner (internal) information:

	Partner	Partner		Partner
Port	System ID	Port Number	Age	Flags
Eth1/1	32768,286f.7fec.5980	0x10e	13 s	FA < the peer is requesting Fast Rate

LACP Partner	Partner	Partner	
Port Priority	Oper Key	Port State	
32768	0x16	0x3f	
Port State Flags	Decode:		

Activity: Timeout: Aggregation: Synchronization: Active Long Yes Yes

Collected: Distributing: Defaulted: Expired: Yes Yes No No

	Partner	Partner		Partner	
Port	System ID	Port Number	Age	Flags	
Eth1/2	32768,286f.7fec.5980	0x10f	5 s	FA < the peer is request	ing Fast Rate

LACP Partner	Partner	Partner
Port Priority	Oper Key	Port State
32768	0x16	0x3f

Port State Flags Decode: Activity: Timeout: Aggregation: Synchronization: Active Long Yes Yes

Collected:	Distributing:	Defaulted:	Expired:
Yes	Yes	No	No



Note: On FPR21xx/FPR1xxx, the default LACP rate is Slow and cannot be changed.

LACP counters

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show lacp counters

	LACPDUs		Marker		Marker R	esponse	LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err	
Channel gr	oup: 11							
Eth1/1	4435	3532	0	0	0	0	0	
Eth1/2	4566	3532	0	0	0	0	0	
FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#								

show lacp counters

	LACPDUs		Marker		Marker	LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err
Channel g	roup: 11	L					
Eth1/1	4436	3532	0	0	0	0	0
Eth1/2	4567	3532	0	0	0	0	0

FPR2100 interface verification

How the physical interfaces map to the FPR2100 internal Switch:

Interface	Internal Switch on FPR2110/FPR2120	Internal Switch on FPR2130/FPR2140		
E1/1	1	1		
E1/2	0	0		
E1/3	3	3		
E1/4	2	2		
E1/5	5	5		
E1/6	4	4		
E1/7	7	7		
E1/8	6	6		
E1/9	9	49		
E1/10	8	48		
E1/11	11	51		
E1/12	10	50		
E1/13	12	59		

E1/14	13	58
E1/15	14	57
E1/16	15	56
E2/1	-	70
E2/2	-	71
E2/3	-	69
E2/4	-	68
E2/5	-	66
E2/6	-	67
E2/7	-	65
E2/8	-	64

Verify the physical interface status:

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

```
show portmanager port-info ethernet 1 1
```

port_info:

if_index:	0x1081000
type:	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_PORT_TYPE_PHYSICAL
<pre>mac_address:</pre>	70:df:2f:18:d8:04
flowctl:	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_FLOWCTL_NONE
role:	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_PORT_ROLE_NPU
admin_state:	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_PORT_STATE_ENABLED
oper_state:	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_PORT_STATE_UP
admin_speed:	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_SPEED_AUTO
oper_speed:	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_SPEED_1GB
admin_mtu:	9216
admin_duplex	: PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_PORT_DUPLEX_FULL
oper_duplex:	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_PORT_DUPLEX_FULL
<pre>pc_if_index:</pre>	0x200000b
pc_membershi	p_status: PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_MMBR_UP
<pre>pc_protocol:</pre>	PORTMGR_IPC_MSG_PORT_CHANNEL_PRTCL_LACP_ACTIVE
native_vlan:	1011

Physical interface counters:

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show portmanager counters ethernet 1 1

Good Octets Received	:	2692986
Bad Octets Received	:	0
MAC Transmit Error	:	0
Good Packets Received	:	37038
Bad Packets Received	:	0
BRDC Packets Received	:	22290
MC Packets Received	:	12538
Size 64	:	34193
Size 65 to 127	:	1531
Size 128 to 255	:	1515
Size 256 to 511	:	374
Size 512 to 1023	:	95
Size 1024 to Max	:	0
Good Octets Sent	:	87296
Good Packets Sent	:	682
Excessive Collision	:	0
MC Packets Sent	:	682
BRDC Packets Sent	:	0
Unrecognized MAC Received	:	0
FC Sent	:	0
Good FC Received	:	0
Drop Events	:	0
Undersize Packets	:	0
Fragments Packets	:	0
Oversize Packets	:	0
Jabber Packets	:	0
MAC RX Error Packets Received	:	0
Bad CRC	:	0
Collisions	:	0

FPR2100 internal switch MAC table.



Note: 01:80:C2:00:00:02 = LACP

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show portmanager switch mac-filters

port	ix	MAC	mask	action	packets	bytes
00	03e	70:DF:2F:18:D8:05	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD		
	043	01:80:C2:00:00:02	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD	687	87936
	044	70:DF:2F:18:D8:2D	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD		
	045	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD	5501	385360
	3d0	00:00:00:00:00:00	01:00:00:00:00:00	DROP	2101	141426
	3e8	01:00:00:00:00:00	01:00:00:00:00:00	DROP	7946	1524820
01	03f	70:DF:2F:18:D8:04	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD		
	040	01:80:C2:00:00:02	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD	687	87936
	041	70:DF:2F:18:D8:2D	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD		
	042	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD	22351	1451504
	3d1	00:00:00:00:00:00	01:00:00:00:00:00	DROP	2215	154542
	3e9	01:00:00:00:00:00	01:00:00:00:00:00	DROP	11886	1006067

02	03c	70:DF:2F:18:D8:07	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD
	049	01:80:C2:00:00:02	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD
	04a	70:DF:2F:18:D8:6D	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD
	04b	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FF:FF:FF:FF:FF	FORWARD
	3d2	00:00:00:00:00:00	01:00:00:00:00:00	DROP
	3ea	01:00:00:00:00:00	01:00:00:00:00:00	DROP

Ports $e_{1/1}$ and $e_{1/2}$ correspond to 0/0 and 0/1 on the internal switch:

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show portmanager switch status

Dev/Port	Mode	Link	Speed	Duplex	Loopback Mode
0/0	QSGMII	Up	1G	Full	None
0/1	QSGMII	Up	1G	Full	None
0/2	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/3	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/4	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/5	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/6	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/7	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/8	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/9	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/10	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/11	QSGMII	Down	1G	Half	None
0/12	QSGMII	Down	10	Half	None
0/13	QSGMII	Down	10	Half	None
0/14	QSGMII	Down	10	Half	None
0/15	QSGMII	Down	10	Half	None
0/16	n/a	Down	n/a	Full	N/A
0/17	n/a	Down	n/a	Full	N/A
0/18	n/a	Down	n/a	Full	N/A
0/19	n/a	Down	n/a	Full	N/A
0/20	n/a	Down	n/a	Full	N/A
0/21	n/a	Down	n/a	Full	N/A
0/22	n/a	Down	n/a	Full	N/A
0/23	n/a	Down	n/a	Full	N/A
0/24	KR	Up	10G	Full	None
0/25	KR	Up	10G	Full	None
0/26	KR	Down	10G	Full	None
0/27	KR	Up	10G	Full	None

Troubleshoot

LACP Overview

LACP Facts:

- IEEE standard (802.3ad) Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) is a L2 protocol used for Port-Channel negotiation.
- LACP uses destination MAC 0180.c200.0002 and Ethernet Type 0x8809.
- LACP and Mode On (no LACP) are the only modes supported on Firepower appliances (Mode On was added on FP4100/FP9300 in 2.4.x FXOS release).
- LACP can be configured in one of the 2 modes (Active or Passive). FXOS always uses an Active mode.
- The main goal of LACP is to protect from Port-Channel misconfigurations.
- In order for an LACP PC to come UP, there is a need to have the same Speed/Duplex settings in Port-Channel interface members. On FXOS you set the speed at the Port-Channel level.
- LACP Actor = the local device
- LACP Partner = the remote device
- Each device has an LACP System ID which usually is the chassis' MAC. The LACP System ID is sent within each LACP packet.
- Each LACP packet has ~110 Bytes of size.
- LACP can work in Fast Rate or Slow (Normal) Rate. For FXOS the default is Fast Rate (except 1xxx/21xx where it is always Slow), but it can also be configured as Slow. The LACP mode on the switch side depends on the switch model and SW used. For example, a Cat3750 supports both Slow and Fast as from 15.2(4)E. Check the switch confirmation guide for more details.
- In the LACP detection period, LACPs are sent every 1 sec no matter what is the LACP rate. The LACP rate affects only the LACP Keepalive interval once the interface is UP.

Benefits of LACP Keepalive

The LACP keepalive is helpful in scenarios when the remote interface is not functional anymore, but still UP (no direct failure was detected). This could be the case of driver/L2 problem or if there is some device in the path (for example, IPS) which does not allow the detection of remote link failures. LACP Keepalive has a timeout of peer rate x 3. For example, if the remote peer sends every 1 sec then the local device declares the remote peer down if no LACP packet is received within 3 sec. In the case of Slow Rate, this is after 90 sec.

All the fields of an LACP packet as they are shown in Wireshark:

lacp						
No. Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Source Port	Info	
156 2017-10-12 10:13:01.348473	Cisco_ec:59:8f	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	Link Aggregation Control Protocol Version 1.	Actor Port = 272 Partner Port = 2116
173 2017-10-12 10:13:02.271220	Cisco_ec:59:8f	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	Link Aggregation Control Protocol Version 1.	Actor Port = 272 Partner Port = 2116
228 2017-10-12 10:13:29.809400	Cisco_ec:59:8f	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	Link Aggregation Control Protocol Version 1.	Actor Port = 272 Partner Port = 0
231 2017-10-12 10:13:56.995154	Cisco_ec:59:8t	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	Link Aggregation Control Protocol Version 1. /	Actor Port = 272 Partner Port = 0
235 2017-10-12 10:14:01.164310	Cisco_ec:59:8f	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	Link Aggregation Control Protocol Version 1. /	Actor Port = 272 Partner Port = 0
Z30 2017-10-12 10:14:01.222731 A02 2017-10-12 10:14:05 070A01	Cisco_ec:59:81	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	Link Aggregation Control Protocol Version 1.	Actor Port = 272 Partner Port = 0
881 2017-10-12 10:14:54.328081	Cisco_ec:59:8f	Slow-Protocols	LACP	124	Link Aggregation Control Protocol Version 1. /	Actor Port = 272 Partner Port = 0
 Frame 156: 124 bytes on wire (992 bi Ethernet II, Src: Cisco_ec:59:8f (28 Slow Protocols Link Aggregation Control Protocol Actor Information Length: 0x14 Actor Information Length: 0x14 Actor System Priority: 32768 Actor System Priority: 32768 Actor Port: 272 Actor Port: 272 Actor State: 0x85, LACP Activity, Actor State: 0x85, LACP Activity; Acti Actor State: 10x85, LACP Activity; Acti Actor State: 10x82; E*****C*Al Partner Information: 0x02 Partner Information: 0x02 Partner Port Priority: 32768 Partner Port Priority: 32768 Partner Port Priority: 32768 Partner Port Priority: 32768 Actor State: 0x856, LACP Timeout; Bable Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor State: 0x86, LACP Timeout; Bable Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor State: 10x86, LACP Timeout; Bable Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass Actor Activity: Pass	<pre>ts), 124 bytes captu :6f:7f:ec:59:8f), Ds 5f:7f:ec:59:80) Aggregation, Expire ve Timeout atable (a3:00:88:c3:9e:ec) , Aggregation, Colle ive : Timeout atable it of Sync i ed b b b b b b b b b b b b b</pre>	red (992 bits) on in t: Slow-Protocols (0 d	terface 0 1:80:c2:00:0	00:62)		



Note: When a port-channel is terminated on the FTD, the FXOS capture does not show LACP packets (ingress or egress).

LACP Fast Rate vs Slow Rate

In general, the recommendation is to use Fast Rate on both sides (FXOS on 4100/9300 uses Fast Rate by default, on FPR2100 the default LACP Send Rate is Slow). The LACP rate fast can increase the Port-Channel bundling speed.

	FXOS Configured Slow	FXOS Configured Fast
Switch Configured Slow	Switch requests Slow FXOS Requests Slow Switch sends 1 LACP/30sec	Switch requests Slow FXOS Requests Fast Switch sends 1 LACP/sec

	FXOS sends 1 LACP/30sec	FXOS sends 1 LACP/30sec
	Switch requests Fast	Switch requests Fast
Switch Configured Fast	FXOS Requests Slow	FXOS Requests Fast
Swhen Configured Fast	Switch sends 1 LACP/30sec	Switch sends 1 LACP/sec
	FXOS sends 1 LACP/sec	FXOS sends 1 LACP/sec
Switch Configured Fast	Switch sends 1 LACP/30sec FXOS sends 1 LACP/sec	Switch sends 1 LACP/sec FXOS sends 1 LACP/sec

To configure the LACP mode on FXOS (41xx/93xx):

Troubleshoot Port-Channel on FPR4100/FPR9300

Network Diagram



The FPR4100 and FPR9300 chassis contain an internal switch where the Port-Channel is terminated. Since the internal switch is similar to a Nexus 5K and FXOS supports only LACP the troubleshoot approach is similar to a Nexus 5K.

Check 1 – Verify the Port-Channel status.

```
<#root>
FP4110-7-A(fxos)#
show port-channel summary
            P - Up in port-channel (members)
Flags: D - Down
     I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only)
     s - Suspended r - Module-removed
     S - Switched
                R - Routed
     U - Up (port-channel)
     M - Not in use. Min-links not met
       _____
 _____
Group Port-
            Туре
                 Protocol Member Ports
    Channel
    _____
    Po15(SU) Eth LACP Eth1/2(P) Eth1/3(P)
15
```

Verify the FXOS interface status:

<#root>

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

Ethernet Interface	VLAN	Type	Mode	Status	Reason		Speed	Port Ch #
Eth1/1	1	eth	1qtun]	up	none		1000(D)	
Eth1/2	1	eth	1qtun]	up	none		1000(D)	15
Eth1/3	1	eth	1qtun]	up	none		1000(D)	15
Eth1/4	1	eth	1qtun]	down	SFP not inserted		10G(D)	
Eth1/5	1	eth	1qtun]	down	Administratively	down	1000(D)	
Eth1/6	1	eth	1qtun]	down	Administratively	down	1000(D)	
Eth1/7	1	eth	1qtun]	down	Administratively	down	10G(D)	
Eth1/8	1	eth	1qtun]	down	SFP not inserted		10G(D)	
Eth1/9	1	eth	vntag	up	none		40G(D)	
Eth1/10	1	eth	access	down	Administratively	down	40G(D)	
Eth1/11	1	eth	access	down	Administratively	down	1000(D)	
Eth1/12	1	eth	access	down	Administratively	down	1000(D)	

Check 2 – Verify that the FXOS sends and receives LACPs (run the command a few times).

<#root>

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

show lacp counters interface port-channel 15

	LACPDUs		Marker		Marker Response		LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err	
port-channel15								
Ethernet1/2	22301	L9 207280	0	0	0	0	0	
Ethernet1/3	29653	32 207744	0	0	0	0	0	

Verify the same on the switch:

<#root>

Switch#

show lacp 5 counters

LACPDUs		DUs	Marker		Marker H	LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err
Channel	group: 5						
Gi1/0/2	627	596	0	0	0	0	0
Gi1/0/3	623	593	0	0	0	0	0

Verify the LACP details of an individual FXOS interface:

<#root>

```
FP4110-7-A(fxos)#
show lacp interface ethernet 1/2
Interface Ethernet1/2 is up
 Channel group is 15 port channel is Po15
 PDUs sent: 222828
 PDUs rcvd: 207074
 Markers sent: 0
 Markers rcvd: 0
 Marker response sent: 0
 Marker response rcvd: 0
 Unknown packets rcvd: 0
 Illegal packets rcvd: 0
Lag Id: [ [(8000, 28-6f-7f-ec-59-80, 5, 8000, 103), (8000, 2c-33-11-8e-7-b3, e,
8000, 42)]]
Operational as aggregated link since Tue Oct 31 19:14:57 2017
Local Port: Eth1/2
                    MAC Address= 2c-33-11-8e-7-b3
 System Identifier=0x8000,2c-33-11-8e-7-b3
 Port Identifier=0x8000,0x42
 Operational key=14
 LACP_Activity=active
 LACP_Timeout=Short Timeout (1s)
 Synchronization=IN_SYNC
 Collected=true
 Distributing=true
```

Check 3 - Verify the LACP IDs of the local and remote device.

<#root>

```
FP4110-7-A(fxos)#
show lacp port-channel interface port-channel 15
```

```
port-channel15
System Mac=2c-33-11-8e-7-b3
Local System Identifier=0x8000,2c-33-11-8e-7-b3
Admin key=0xe
Operational key=0xe
Partner System Identifier=0x8000,28-6f-7f-ec-59-80
Operational key=0x5
Max delay=0
Aggregate or individual=1
Member Port List=
```

Check 4 (optional) - Collect this output (can be used by Cisco TAC).

<#root>

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

```
show lacp internal event-history errors
```

1) Event:E_DEBUG, length:74, at 574387 usecs after Tue Oct 31 19:14:57 2017
[102] lacp_proto_set_ntt(1780): Restarting periodic tx timer in 0x210 msecs

```
2) Event:E_DEBUG, length:467, at 544757 usecs after Tue Oct 31 19:14:57 2017
     [102] lacp_ac_init_port_channel_member(1660): TYPE1 UPDATE lacp_ac_init_port
     _channel_member port-channel port-channel15(0x1600000e) lacp_mcec_type1_upd_sent
     ...
```

Check 5 - Check the LACP FSM transition for the specific port that has the problem. The messages are shown with the oldest at the top of the output.

<#root>
FP4110-7-A(fxos)#
show lacp internal event-history interface ethernet 1/2
>>>>FSM: <ethernet1 2=""> has 975 logged transitions<<<<<</ethernet1>
 FSM:<ethernet1 2=""> Transition at 257150 usecs after Sun Oct 29 12:35:16 2017 Previous state: [LACP_ST_WAIT_FOR_HW_TO_PROGRAM_RECEIVE_PATH] Triggered event: [LACP_EV_PORT_RECEIVE_PATH_ENABLED_AS_CHANNEL_MEMBER_MESSAGE] Next state: [LACP_ST_PORT_MEMBER_RECEIVE_ENABLED]</ethernet1>
<pre>4) FSM:<ethernet1 2=""> Transition at 966987 usecs after Sun Oct 29 12:35:19 2017 Previous state: [LACP_ST_PORT_MEMBER_COLLECTING_AND_DISTRIBUTING_ENABLED] Triggered event: [LACP_EV_PARTNER_PDU_IN_SYNC] < Good (Received LACP with 'Synchronizatio Next state: [LACP_ST_PORT_IS_DOWN_OR_LACP_IS_DISABLED]</ethernet1></pre>

- 207) FSM:<Ethernet1/4> Transition at 482767 usecs after Sun Oct 29 13:18:40 2017
 Previous state: [LACP_ST_ATTACHED_TO_AGGREGATOR]
 Triggered event: [LACP_EV_PARTNER_PDU_OUT_OF_SYNC]
 Next state: [FSM_ST_NO_CHANGE]
- 208) FSM:<Ethernet1/4> Transition at 363720 usecs after Sun Oct 29 13:18:41 2017
 Previous state: [LACP_ST_ATTACHED_TO_AGGREGATOR]
 Triggered event: [LACP_EV_PARTNER_PDU_OUT_OF_SYNC] <--- Bad (Received LACP with 'Synchroniza
 Next state: [FSM_ST_NO_CHANGE]</pre>

Check 6 - Collect the Port-Channel event history (can be used by Cisco TAC).

<#root>

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

show port-channel internal event-history all

Low Priority Pending queue: len(0), max len(1) [Tue Oct 31 19:37:03 2017] High Priority Pending queue: l

Troubleshoot Port-Channel on FPR21xx/FPR1xxx

Network Diagram



Check 1. In case LACP is used, verify the LACP counters.

You see both sides (switch and FXOS) send and receive:

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show lacp counters

	LACPDUs		Mar	Marker		Response	LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Rec∨	Pkts Err	
Channe1	group: 11	L						
Eth1/1	4435	3532	0	0	0	0	0	
Eth1/2	4566	3532	0	0	0	0	0	

Another way to verify the same:

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show pktmgr counters

Ports	Tx	Тx	Тx	Rx	Rx	Rx	Rx			
	Packets	Drops	Bytes	Packets	Drops	Bytes	Forwards			
Eth1/1	4575	0	567300	3537	0	452736	3537 <	LACP PDU	s forwarded	inter
Eth1/2	4706	0	583544	3537	0	452736	3537 <	LACP PDU	s forwarded	inter
Eth1/3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Eth1/16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Misc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a			

Check 2. Verify the upstream switch status.

<#root>

```
FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#
```

show lacp neighbor

```
Flags: S - Device is requesting Slow LACPDUs
F - Device is requesting Fast LACPDUs
A - Device is in Active mode
P - Device is in Passive mode
```

Channel group: 11

Partner (internal) information:

	Partner	Partner		Partner	
Port	System ID	Port Number	Age	Flags	
Eth1/1	32768,286f.7fec.5980	0x10e	9 s	FA	
	LACP Partner	Partner	Partner		
	Port Priority	Oper Key	Port State		
	32768	0x16	0x3f		
	Port State Flags Dec	ode:			
	Activity: Timeout:	Aggregation:	Synchronization:		
	Active Long	Yes	Yes		
	Collected: Distrib	uting: Default	ed: Expired	:	
	Yes Yes	No	No		
	Partner	Partner		Partner	
Port	System ID	Port Number	Age	Flags	
Eth1/2	32768,286f.7fec.5980	0x10f	24 s	FA	

LACP Partner		Part	ner	Partner		
Port Priori	ty	Oper K	ey	Port State		
32768		0x16		0x31	F	
Port State	Flags Deco	de:				
Activity:	Timeout:	Aggr	egation:	Syr	nchronizati	ion:
Active	Long	Yes		Yes	5	
Collected:	Distribu	ted:	Defaulte	d:	Expired:	
Yes	Yes		No		No	



Note: If Collected and Distributed are not Yes and Defaulted is No then LACP is not converged.

Check 3. Verify that the local LACP system-ID is not 0.

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show lacp sys-id 32768, 70df.2f18.d813

Additional Troubleshoot (Common in all Platforms)

Check 1

Ensure that both sides (Firewall and switch) have matched settings (for example, Speed is the same, Port-Channel mode is the same).

Check 2

Check for FXOS faults. You can do this check from the chassis User Interface (UI) or from the CLI that uses this command:

<#root>

FPR4100#

show fault

Severity	Code	Last Transition Time	ID	Description
Maior	F0479	2020-03-19T11:50:44.322	543322	 Virtual interface 781 link state is down
Major	F0373	2020-03-19T10:55:13.778	34178	Fan 1 in Fan Module 1-5 under chassis 1 operabilit
Minor	F0480	2020-03-19T10:55:13.777	34177	Fan module 1-5 in chassis 1 operability: degraded
Major	F1767	2020-03-19T10:54:04.162	531228	The password encryption key has not been set.
Major	F0727	2020-03-19T09:50:02.891	522921	lan Member 1/5 of Port-Channel 10 on fabric interc
Major	F0282	2020-03-19T09:49:31.462	522922	lan port-channel 10 on fabric interconnect A oper
Major	F0277	2020-03-19T09:49:31.437	522929	ether port 1/5 on fabric interconnect A oper state
Info	F0279	2020-01-17T11:06:45.472	300958	ether port 1/7 on fabric interconnect A oper state
Info	F0279	2020-01-17T11:06:37.941	300903	ether port 1/6 on fabric interconnect A oper state
Minor	F1437	2020-01-16T10:11:39.675	291723	Config backup may be outdated

The faults are shown in chronological order. The Severity reflects the importance of the fault, while the description provides a brief overview. The focus is mainly on the severity, the timestamp, and the description. The fault severity order from most severe to least severe is:

- Critical
- Major
- Minor
- Warning
- Info/Condition
- Cleared

For details about each fault check the FXOS Faults and Error Messages guide: <u>FXOS Error and System</u> <u>Messages</u>



Check 3

If you did some recent changes related to Port-Channel configuration on FMC, ensure that the policy was deployed from FMC to FTD.

Check 4

If the Port-Channel is in Failed state, and the device belongs to a Cluster, then ensure that the Cluster is enabled on the device. A device that is kicked off the cluster is normal to have the Port-Channel in a failed state.

Check 5

If the configuration is correct, but the interface does not come UP check and replace the cable and/or Small Form-Factor Pluggable (SFP) transceiver.

Check 6

Check the firepower Release Notes for known issues related to Port-Channel. For example, if you run FXOS version 2.6.1.169 and FTD 6.4.0.6 check these sections:

Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Release Notes, 2.6(1)

Contents

Cisco Firepower 4100/9300 FXOS Release Notes, 2.6(1)							
Introduction							
What's New							
Software Download							
Important Notes							
Adapter Bootloader Upgrade							
System Requirements							
Upgrade Instructions							
Open and Resolved Bugs							
Open Bugs							
Resolved Bugs in FXOS 2.6.1.192							
Resolved Bugs in FXOS 2.6.1.187							
Resolved Bugs in FXOS 2.6.1.174							
Resolved Bugs in FXOS 2.6.1.169							
Resolved Bugs in FXOS 2.6.1.166							
Resolved Bugs in FXOS 2.6.1.157							
Resolved Bugs in FXOS 2.6.1.131							

Additionally, check the related FMC/FTD Release Notes. Since in this example the FTD runs 6.4.0.5 there is need to check the 6.4.x Release Notes:



Common Issues

Case 1. EtherChannel Mode Mismatch

Consider this topology:



The Problem Symptoms

On Firepower the Port-Channel is Down and the Negotiation protocol is LACP:

<#root> FP2110-2(local-mgmt)# show portchannel summary Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members) I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only) s - Suspended r - Module-removed S - Switched R - Routed U - Up (port-channel) M - Not in use. Min-links not met ____ Group Port-Туре Protocol Member Ports Channe1 _____ _____ 11 Po11(D) Eth LACP Eth1/1(D) Eth1/2(D)

On FXOS the LACP Sent counters increment every 30 sec, but the Receive counters do not:

<#root>

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

show lacp counters

	LACPDUs		Marker		Marker Response		LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err	
l								
channel gro	oup: II							
Eth1/1	11356	3762	0	0	0	0	0	
Eth1/2	11393	3761	0	0	0	0	0	
FP2110-2(1	ocal-mgr	nt)#						

show lacp counters

	LACPDUs		Mar	Marker		Response	LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err	
Channe1	group: 11	-						
Eth1/1	11357	3762	0	0	0	0	0	
Eth1/2	11394	3761	0	0	0	0	0	

The Root Cause

The Port-Channel on the switch is UP, but notice the absence of Negotiation protocol:

The switch port configuration confirms this:

<#root> Switch# show run int g1/0/13 interface GigabitEthernet1/0/13 lacp rate fast channel-group 22 mode on end Switch# show run int g1/0/14 interface GigabitEthernet1/0/14
lacp rate fast
channel-group 22 mode on
end

Solution

Since this is an FPR21xx appliance, there are 2 possible solutions:

- 1. Change the Port-Channel mode on the switch side from ON to LACP (Active or Passive).
- 2. Change the Port-Channel mode on the FTD side from LACP to ON.

In this scenario, the second solution was chosen (set FTD Port-Channel to mode ON):

<#root> FP2110-2(local-mgmt)# show portchannel summary Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members) I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only) s - Suspended r - Module-removed S - Switched R - Routed U - Up (port-channel) M - Not in use. Min-links not met _____ Group Port-Type Protocol Member Ports Channel _____ 11 Po11(U) Eth ON Eth1/1(P) Eth1/2(P)

The LACP counters are not shown any more:

<#root> FP2110-2(local-mgmt)# show lacp counters

FP2110-2(local-mgmt)#

Case 2. Wrong Port-Channel Design

The Problem Symptoms

<#root>

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

show port-channel summary

Flags	: D - Dowr I - Indi s - Susp	n ividual bended	P - Up in port-channel (members) H - Hot-standby (LACP only) r - Module-removed						
	S – Swit	ched	R - Routed						
	U – Up ((port-cha	nnel)						
	M - Not	in use.	Min-links no	t met					
Group	Port-	Туре	Protocol	Member Port	S				
	Channel								
15	Po15(SD)	Eth	LACP	Eth1/2(P)	Eth1/3(s)				
48	Po48(SD)	Eth	NONE		- , - <->				

FXOS LACP counters increase in both directions:

<#root>

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

show lacp counters

	LACPDUs		Marl	ker	Marker Response		LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err	
port-channel15								
Ethernet1/2	41921	9 451268	0	0	0	0	0	
Ethernet1/3	41921	5 446806	0	0	0	0	0	
FP4110-7-A(fxos)#	show 1	acp count	ers					
	LACP	DUs	Marl	ker	Marker F	Response	LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err	
port-channel15								
Ethernet1/2	41921	9 451269	0	0	0	0	0	
Ethernet1/3	41921	6 446807	0	0	0	0	0	

The Root Cause

The output of show lacp neighbor shows different Partner System ID on each port:

<#root>

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

show lacp neighbor

Flags:	S -	Device is sending Slow	LACPDUs F - Dev	ice is sendir	ng Fast LACPDUs
	Α -	Device is in Active mo	de P - Dev	ice is in Pas	ssive mode
port-cha	nnel	15 neighbors			
Partner'	s ir	oformation			
		Partner	Partner		Partner
Port		System ID	Port Number	Age	Flags
Eth1/2		32768,28-6f-7f-ec-59-8	00x103	419611	FA
		LACP Partner	Partner		Partner
		Port Priority	Oper Key		Port State
		32768	0x5		0x3d

Partner's i	nformation			
	Partner	Partner		Partner
Port	System ID	Port Number	Age	Flags
Eth1/3	32768,4-62-73-d2-65-0	0x12f	419610	SA
	LACP Partner	Partner		Partner
	Port Priority	Oper Key		Port State
	32768	0x16		0xd

This can be visualized as:



Solution

- In the case of 2960, you need to configure stacking (FlexStack).
- In the case of 3750-X/3850 and so on, you need to configure stacking (StackWise Plus).
- In the case of 4500, 6500, 6800, you need to use Virtual Switching System (VSS).
- In the case of Nexus 5K, 7K or 9K, you need to use Virtual Port-Channel (vPC).
- In a different case, you need to connect the FXOS to the same physical switch.

Case 3. FXOS Port-Channel Unassigned

Network Diagram



The Problem Symptoms

On FXOS side the Port-Channel members are Suspended:

<#root> FP4110-7-A(fxos)# show port-channel summary Flags: D - Down P - Up in port-channel (members) I - Individual H - Hot-standby (LACP only) s - Suspended r - Module-removed S - Switched R - Routed U - Up (port-channel) M - Not in use. Min-links not met _____ -----------Group Port-Туре Protocol Member Ports Channe1 _____ _____ 15 Po15(SD) Eth LACP Eth1/2(s) Eth1/3(s) 48 Po48(SD) Eth NONE ___

The same on the switch side:

<#root>

Switch#

show etherchannel 5 summary

Group	Port-channel	Protocol	Ports	
5	Po5(SD)	LACP	Gi1/0/2(s)	Gi1/0/3(s)

FXOS LACP counters shows packets that are sent and received:

<#root>

...

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

show lacp counters

	LACE	PDUs	Marl	ker	Marker I	Response	LACPDUs
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err
port-channel15							
Ethernet1/2	42083	39 452531	0	0	0	0	0
Ethernet1/3	42079	93 447409	0	0	0	0	0

FP4110-7-A(fxos)#

show lacp counters

	LACPDUs		Marker		Marker Response		LACPDUs	
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err	
port-channel15								
Ethernet1/2	42102	26 452537	0	0	0	0	0	
Ethernet1/3	42098	31 447416	0	0	0	0	0	

On the switch side, the LACP counters also show packets that are sent, but not received:

<#root>

Switch#

show lacp 5 counters

	LACPD	Us	Marl	ker	Marker	Response	LACPDUs
Port	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err
Channe1	group: 5						
Gi1/0/2	452539	420223	0	0	0	0	0
Gi1/0/3	447232	415274	0	0	0	0	0

Switch#

show lacp 5 counters

	LACPD	Js	Mar	ker	Marker	Response	LACPDUs
Port	Sent I	Recv	Sent	Recv	Sent	Recv	Pkts Err
Channe1	group: 5						
Gi1/0/2	452540	420223	0	0	0	0	0
Gi1/0/3	447233	415274	0	0	0	0	0

The Root Cause

The problem, in this case, is that the FXOS Port-Channel is not assigned to the logical device (FTD application):

Overview Interface	es Logical Devices	Security Engine	Platform Settings					
		CONSOLE MGMT	USB 2 4		Network Module 2 : Empty		vork Module 3	
All Interfaces Hardwar	re Bypass							
								🔾 Add
Interface	Туре	Admin Speed	Operational Speed	Application	Admin Duplex	Auto Negotiation	Operation State	Admin State
🗎 мдмт	Management							
Port-channel15	data	1gbps	1gbps		Full Duplex	no	failed	
Ethernet1/2	data	1gbps			Full Duplex	no	suspended	
Ethernet1/3	data	1gbps			Full Duplex	no	suspended	

Solution

Assign the Port-Channel to the logical device.

Case 4. Health Alerts About Port-Channel Do Not Receive Any Packets

The device (FTD) sends every 5 minutes info about the interface traffic received on each interface that has a name configured and is UP. If there are no packets received in the last interval messages like this appear on FMC UI:



Recommended Action

From the FTD CLI, check the show traffic output and focus on the 5-minute input rate. For example,

```
Interface Port-channel10.14
INSIDE:
    received (in 237938.740 secs):
        2 packets 84 bytes
        0 pkts/sec 0 bytes/sec
    transmitted (in 237938.740 secs):
        5 packets 140 bytes
        0 pkts/sec 0 bytes/sec
1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec
5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
```

5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec 5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec

Case 5. Health Alert on FMC: Port-Channel Disassociated or Interface Added

The Health alert states: "Interface with physical-name: "Port-Channel" disassociated." or '"Interface with physical-name: \"name_if\" added."

Recommended Action

This is a known, cosmetic issue tracked by Cisco bug ID CSCvb15074

Port-Channel Considerations

Design Considerations

Case 1. FTD/ASA Blade in HA

This setup is unsupported. The reason is the Port-Channel configuration on the switch side is incorrect and leads to traffic block on the standby device. Such design is only supported when you configure ASA or FTD in Cluster Spanned mode.





Warning: This scenario is incorrect in failover (high-availability).

This is the proper Port-Channel design for High Availability:



Related Information

- Connecting to an EtherChannel on Another Device
- EtherChannels for Inter-Chassis Clustering

Case 2. FTD/ASA in Cluster

Each firewall data interface Port-Channel uses Spanned mode (this is the only mode supported on Firepower platforms). From a design point of view, on the switch side, the switchports for a single data interface belong to one port-channel.

For example, in the case of FP9300 (2 chassis, 6 blades) the data ports can be configured like this:



On the other hand, the Cluster Control Link (CCL) uses Individual port-channel mode and per best practices, the bandwidth must match the maximum capacity of each member. Additionally, in the case of Nexus, each port-channel belongs to a different vPC.



Similarly, in case of FP41xx:



And the CCL:



Case 3. Port-ChannelTerminated on FXOS

Port-Channel terminated on FXOS chassis. Here is an example of this design:



Case 4. Port-Channel Through FXOS

The Port-Channel goes through the FXOS chassis. Here is an example of this design:





Note: In the second scenario, there is no Port-Channel configured on the Firepower appliance.

Port-Channel terminated on FXOS vs Port-Channel through FXOS

Feature	Comments

Port-Channel terminated on FXOS chassis (MIO)	Works as from FXOS 2.1.1
Port-Channel goes through FXOS chassis (MIO)	 Works before FXOS 2.1.1.58 Does not work on FXOS >= 2.1.1.58 and < 2.3.1.3 (due to Cisco bug ID <u>CSCva00405</u>) Works after FXOS 2.3.1.3

Additional Considerations

LACP Graceful Convergence

In case of a Cluster setup (ASA or FTD), the recommendation is for LACP Graceful Convergence to be enabled on Nexus.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

Q. Is SSP port-channel hash distribution fixed or adaptive?

FXOS uses resilient hash distribution. This seems to be equivalent to the fixed hash-distribution mode described in Nexus 7000/9k documentation online. In resilient hashing, if a link fails, the flows assigned to the failed link are redistributed uniformly among the active links. The current flows through the active links are not rehashed and their packets are not delivered out of order. When a link is added to the port-channel or ECMP group, some of the flows hashed to the current links are rehashed to the new link, but not across all current links.

Q. What happens if the switchports connected to the Port-Channel go down? Does FTD monitor the physical link, or the port-channel?

If all the port-channel interface members go down, the port-channel does down as well. The Port Channel Operation State is shown as failed. From the FTD point of view, the port-channel is shown as down. On the other hand, in this rule, there is an exception: When the switches use stacking. With LACP, the system ID uses the stack MAC address from the active switch, and if the active switch changes, the LACP system ID can change. If the LACP system ID changes, the entire EtherChannel flaps, and there is STP reconvergence. Use the stack-mac persistent timer command to control whether or not the stack MAC address changes after an active switch failover.

Q. Would like to use the command "port-channel min-bundle 2" so that if one link in the portchannel goes down then the port-channel goes down and the firewall does a failover.

This option is not possible on FXOS chassis. As a workaround and whenever possible, configure the lacp min-links command on the peer switches.

Q. How to Capture LACP packets?

Case 1. Port-Channel terminated on the logical appliance (FTD/ASA)

- The Port-Channel is actually terminated at the chassis level (FXOS).
- You cannot capture LACP packets (ingress or egress) at neither chassis level (FXOS) nor application level (FTD/ASA).

Case 2. Port-Channel through the FTD – FTD interface deployed as inline-set:

```
inline-set set1
    snort fail-open down
    interface-pair INSIDE OUTSIDE
I
interface Ethernet1/2
nameif INSIDE
cts manual
 propagate sgt preserve-untag
 policy static sgt disabled trusted
!
interface Ethernet1/3
nameif OUTSIDE
 cts manual
 propagate sgt preserve-untag
 policy static sgt disabled trusted
LACP Ethertype is 0x8809 (dec 34825):
firepower# capture CAP interface INSIDE ethernet-type 34825
firepower# show capture CAP
   1: 21:15:00.403131
                           2894.0f57.271d 0180.c200.0002 0x8809 Length: 124 <-- LACP packet
                        0101 0114 8000 0017 dfd6 ec00 0016 8000
                        0223 3d00 0000 0214 8000 0017 dfd6 ec00
                        0015 8000 0222 3d00 0000 0310 8000 0000
                        0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
                        0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
                        0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
                        0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
```

Case 3. Port-Channel through the FTD – FTD interface deployed as bridge-group mode:

```
interface Ethernet1/2
bridge-group 1
nameif INSIDE
 cts manual
 propagate sgt preserve-untag
 policy static sgt disabled trusted
security-level 0
I
interface Ethernet1/3
bridge-group 1
nameif OUTSIDE
cts manual
 propagate sgt preserve-untag
 policy static sgt disabled trusted
security-level 0
I
interface BVI1
 ip address 192.168.201.134 255.255.255.0
```

firepower# capture CAP interface INSIDE ethernet-type 34825
firepower# show capture CAP

1: 21:21:29.731987	2894.0f57.271c 0180.c200.0002 0x8809 Length: 124 < LACP packet
	0101 0114 8000 0017 dfd6 ec00 0015 8000
	0222 7d00 0000 0214 0000 0000 0000 0000
	0000 0000 0000 0000 0310 8000 0000
	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000

1 packet shown

Q. How to migrate from a single port to a Port-Channel?

This change requires a Maintenance Window (MW) and is intrusive. Once you migrate from a single interface to Port-Channel all configuration related to the single interface is disassociated from it. Once you create the Port-Channel there is a need to re-associate the same configuration with the newly configured Port-Channel, for example, NAT, Routing, VPN, and so on. For FTD there is a note in this document: <u>Configure an EtherChannel</u>

For an ASA device the procedure is described in this document: <u>Converting In-Use Interfaces to a Redundant or EtherChannel Interface</u>

Q. How to change FTD high availability (HA) link to Port-Channel?

This change requires a Maintenance Window (MW) and is intrusive. You must break the HA and reconfigure it. In the new HA pair specify as an HA link the Port-Channel. Related document: Configure FTD High Availability on Firepower Appliances

Q. Firepower with ASA shows port-channel Up, physical interface status down

This is related to Cisco bug ID CSCvp03354

Q. Does it matter what to choose for the Port-Channel ID on the FMC? Does it have to match anything on the switch side?

No, it does not matter. You can use whatever Port-Channel ID you want.

Q. Under the Port-Channel Advanced tab, is there a need to do anything for the active/standby MAC?

If you plan to use the Port-Channel in Access Mode (no trunk) and you use High Availability (HA) setup, then Active/Standby MAC is highly recommended to be configured. This recommendation is not Port-Channel-specific but is applicable to any HA setup.

Q. Is it possible to configure descriptions for interface members of a Port-Channel?

Currently (FXOS 2.13.x), it is not supported. Check the latest FXOS configuration guide for additional details.

Q. It is possible to change the FXOS port-channel load-balancing algorithm?

Currently (FXOS 2.13.x), it is not supported. Check the latest FXOS configuration guide for additional details.

Q. Is it possible to configure the minimum number (min-links) of member interfaces in a port-channel in order to transition the port-channel into the bundled state?

Currently (FXOS 2.13.x), it is not supported. Check the latest FXOS configuration guide for additional details.

Related Information

- FXOS Configuration Guides
- FMC/FTD Configuration Guides