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From strings/apr_fnmatch.c, include/apr_fnmatch.h, misc/unix/getopt.c, file_io/unix/mktemp.c, strings/apr_strings.c:

/*

```

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```

From network_io/unix/inet_ntop.c, network_io/unix/inet_pton.c:

```

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```

From dso/aix/dso.c:

- * Based on libdl (dlfcn.c/dlfcn.h) which is
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From strings/apr_strnatcmp.c, include/apr_strings.h:

strnatcmp.c -- Perform 'natural order' comparisons of strings in C.
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From strings/apr_snprintf.c:

- *
- * cvt - IEEE floating point formatting routines.
- * Derived from UNIX V7, Copyright(C) Caldera International Inc.
- *

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1.2 apr-util 1.5.2 :6.e17

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```
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1.3 augeas 1.4.0 :r0

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
#!/bin/sh
# -*- Mode: Shell-script -*-
# license.test --- test license functionality
#
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##
# -----
. ./defs

##### TEMPLATE FILE #####

echo creating ${testname}.tpl
cat > ${testname}.tpl <<_EOF_
[= AutoGen5 template test =]
/*
[= (license "${testname}" "${testname}" "Auto-Gen" " * " ) =]
*/
```

EOF

LICENSE FILE

```
echo creating ${testname}.lic
cat > ${testname}.lic <<'_EOF_'
This is a bogus license granted by %2$s for %1$s.
Use it in good health
```

EOF

EXTEND FILES TO PAGESIZE

```
cat > ${testname}-extend.c <<- _EOF_
#define HAVE_CONFIG_H 1
#include "config.h"
#include "compat/compat.h"

int main( int argc, char** argv ) {
char z_tail[] = "=\n *\n";
long offset = 0L - (sizeof(z_tail) - 1);
struct stat sb;
char* file;
size_t sz;
FILE* fp;

file = *++argv;
fp = fopen(file, "a");
if (fp == NULL) return 1;
if (stat(file, &sb) != 0) return 1;
sz = 0x2000 - (sb.st_size & 0x1FFFUL);
while (sz > 0) { putc( '\n', fp ); sz--; }
fclose(fp);

file = *++argv;
fp = fopen( file, "r+" );
if (fp == NULL) return 1;
if (stat(file, &sb) != 0) return 1;
fseek(fp, offset, SEEK_END);
sz = 0x2000 - (sb.st_size & 0x1FFFUL);
while (sz > 0) { putc( '\n', fp ); sz--; }
fputs(z_tail, fp);
fclose(fp);

return 0; }
_EOF_
```

```
Csrc=${testname}-extend
compile
```

```

./${testname}-extend ${testname}.lic ${testname}.tpl || \
failure "Could not extend license/template files to 8KB"
ls -l ${testname}.??

##### EXPECTED OUTPUT FILE #####
set -x
echo creating ${testname}.out
# this is the output we should expect to see
cat > ${testname}.out <<_EOF_
/*
* This is a bogus license granted by Auto-Gen for ${testname}.
* Use it in good health
*/
_EOF_

run_ag x -b ${testname} --no-def -T ${testname}.tpl || \
failure autogen failed
cmp -s ${testname}.test ${testname}.out || failure unexpected output

```

cleanup

```

## Local Variables:
## mode: shell-script
## indent-tabs-mode: nil
## sh-indentation: 2
## sh-basic-offset: 2
## End:

```

end of license.test

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.5 bloc 1.6.1 :1.e17

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FastLZ - lightning-fast lossless compression library

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jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

1.6 cdrkit 1.1.11 :23.el7

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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```
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) year name of author  
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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```
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"The Library" refers to a covered work governed by this License, other than an Application or a Combined Work as defined below.

An "Application" is any work that makes use of an interface provided by the Library, but which is not otherwise based on the Library. Defining a subclass of a class defined by the Library is deemed a mode of using an interface provided by the Library.

A "Combined Work" is a work produced by combining or linking an Application with the Library. The particular version of the Library with which the Combined Work was made is also called the "Linked Version".

The "Minimal Corresponding Source" for a Combined Work means the Corresponding Source for the Combined Work, excluding any source code for portions of the Combined Work that, considered in isolation, are based on the Application, and not on the Linked Version.

The "Corresponding Application Code" for a Combined Work means the object code and/or source code for the Application, including any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the Combined Work from the Application, but excluding the System Libraries of the Combined Work.

1. Exception to Section 3 of the GNU GPL.

You may convey a covered work under sections 3 and 4 of this License without being bound by section 3 of the GNU GPL.

2. Conveying Modified Versions.

If you modify a copy of the Library, and, in your modifications, a facility refers to a function or data to be supplied by an Application that uses the facility (other than as an argument passed when the

facility is invoked), then you may convey a copy of the modified version:

- a) under this License, provided that you make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an Application does not supply the function or data, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful, or
- b) under the GNU GPL, with none of the additional permissions of this License applicable to that copy.

3. Object Code Incorporating Material from Library Header Files.

The object code form of an Application may incorporate material from a header file that is part of the Library. You may convey such object code under terms of your choice, provided that, if the incorporated material is not limited to numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, or small macros, inline functions and templates (ten or fewer lines in length), you do both of the following:

- a) Give prominent notice with each copy of the object code that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License.
- b) Accompany the object code with a copy of the GNU GPL and this license document.

4. Combined Works.

You may convey a Combined Work under terms of your choice that, taken together, effectively do not restrict modification of the portions of the Library contained in the Combined Work and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications, if you also do each of the following:

- a) Give prominent notice with each copy of the Combined Work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License.
- b) Accompany the Combined Work with a copy of the GNU GPL and this license document.
- c) For a Combined Work that displays copyright notices during execution, include the copyright notice for the Library among these notices, as well as a reference directing the user to the copies of the GNU GPL and this license document.
- d) Do one of the following:

0) Convey the Minimal Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, and the Corresponding Application Code in a form suitable for, and under terms that permit, the user to recombine or relink the Application with a modified version of the Linked Version to produce a modified Combined Work, in the manner specified by section 6 of the GNU GPL for conveying Corresponding Source.

1) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (a) uses at run time a copy of the Library already present on the user's computer system, and (b) will operate properly with a modified version of the Library that is interface-compatible with the Linked Version.

e) Provide Installation Information, but only if you would otherwise be required to provide such information under section 6 of the GNU GPL, and only to the extent that such information is necessary to install and execute a modified version of the Combined Work produced by recombining or relinking the Application with a modified version of the Linked Version. (If you use option 4d0, the Installation Information must accompany the Minimal Corresponding Source and Corresponding Application Code. If you use option 4d1, you must provide the Installation Information in the manner specified by section 6 of the GNU GPL for conveying Corresponding Source.)

5. Combined Libraries.

You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side by side in a single library together with other library facilities that are not Applications and are not covered by this License, and convey such a combined library under terms of your choice, if you do both of the following:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities, conveyed under the terms of this License.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

6. Revised Versions of the GNU Lesser General Public License.

The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the GNU Lesser General Public License from time to time. Such new

versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns.

Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Library as you received it specifies that a certain numbered version of the GNU Lesser General Public License "or any later version" applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that published version or of any later version published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Library as you received it does not specify a version number of the GNU Lesser General Public License, you may choose any version of the GNU Lesser General Public License ever published by the Free Software Foundation.

If the Library as you received it specifies that a proxy can decide whether future versions of the GNU Lesser General Public License shall apply, that proxy's public statement of acceptance of any version is permanent authorization for you to choose that version for the Library.

1.8 curl 7.29.0 :35.el7.centos

1.8.1 Available under license :

License Mixing with apps, libcurl and Third Party Libraries

=====

libcurl can be built to use a fair amount of various third party libraries, libraries that are written and provided by other parties that are distributed using their own licenses. Even libcurl itself contains code that may cause problems to some. This document attempts to describe what licenses libcurl and the other libraries use and what possible dilemmas linking and mixing them all can lead to for end users.

I am not a lawyer and this is not legal advice!

One common dilemma is that GPL[1]-licensed code is not allowed to be linked with code licensed under the Original BSD license (with the announcement clause). You may still build your own copies that use them all, but distributing them as binaries would be to violate the GPL license - unless you accompany your license with an exception[2]. This particular problem was addressed when the Modified BSD license was created, which does not have the announcement clause that collides with GPL.

libcurl <http://curl.haxx.se/docs/copyright.html>

Uses an MIT (or Modified BSD)-style license that is as liberal as possible. Some of the source files that deal with KRB4 have Original

BSD-style announce-clause licenses. You may not distribute binaries with krb4-enabled libcurl that also link with GPL-licensed code!

OpenSSL <http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses an Original BSD-style license with an announcement clause that makes it "incompatible" with GPL. You are not allowed to ship binaries that link with OpenSSL that includes GPL code (unless that specific GPL code includes an exception for OpenSSL - a habit that is growing more and more common). If OpenSSL's licensing is a problem for you, consider using GnuTLS or yassl instead.

GnuTLS <http://www.gnutls.org/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the LGPL[3] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL instead. Also note that GnuTLS itself depends on and uses other libs (libcrypt and libpgp-error) and they too are LGPL- or GPL-licensed.

yassl <http://www.yassl.com/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses the GPL[1] license. If this is a problem for you, consider using OpenSSL or GnuTLS instead.

NSS <http://www.mozilla.org/projects/security/pki/nss/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Is covered by the MPL[4] license, the GPL[1] license and the LGPL[3] license. You may choose to license the code under MPL terms, GPL terms, or LGPL terms. These licenses grant you different permissions and impose different obligations. You should select the license that best meets your needs.

axTLS <http://axtls.sourceforge.net/>

(May be used for SSL/TLS support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license.

c-ares <http://daniel.haxx.se/projects/c-ares/license.html>

(Used for asynchronous name resolves) Uses an MIT license that is very liberal and imposes no restrictions on any other library or part you may link with.

zlib http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html

(Used for compressed Transfer-Encoding support) Uses an MIT-style license that shouldn't collide with any other library.

krb4

While nothing in particular says that a Kerberos4 library must use any particular license, the one I've tried and used successfully so far (kth-krb4) is partly Original BSD-licensed with the announcement clause. Some of the code in libcurl that is written to deal with Kerberos4 is Modified BSD-licensed.

MIT Kerberos <http://web.mit.edu/kerberos/www/dist/>

(May be used for GSS support) MIT licensed, that shouldn't collide with any other parts.

Heimdal <http://www.pdc.kth.se/heimdal/>

(May be used for GSS support) Heimdal is Original BSD licensed with the announcement clause.

GNU GSS <http://www.gnu.org/software/gss/>

(May be used for GSS support) GNU GSS is GPL licensed. Note that you may not distribute binary curl packages that uses this if you build curl to also link and use any Original BSD licensed libraries!

fbopenssl

(Used for SPNEGO support) Unclear license. Based on its name, I assume that it uses the OpenSSL license and thus shares the same issues as described for OpenSSL above.

libidn <http://josefsson.org/libidn/>

(Used for IDNA support) Uses the GNU Lesser General Public License [3]. LGPL is a variation of GPL with slightly less aggressive "copyleft". This license requires more requirements to be met when distributing binaries, see the license for details. Also note that if you distribute a binary that includes this library, you must also include the full LGPL license text. Please properly point out what parts of the distributed package that the license addresses.

OpenLDAP <http://www.openldap.org/software/release/license.html>

(Used for LDAP support) Uses a Modified BSD-style license. Since libcurl uses OpenLDAP as a shared library only, I have not heard of anyone that ships OpenLDAP linked with libcurl in an app.

libssh2 <http://www.libssh2.org/>

(Used for scp and sftp support) libssh2 uses a Modified BSD-style license.

[1] = GPL - GNU General Public License: <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>

[2] = <http://www.fsf.org/licenses/gpl-faq.html#GPLIncompatibleLibs> details on how to write such an exception to the GPL

[3] = LGPL - GNU Lesser General Public License:
<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/lgpl.html>

[4] = MPL - Mozilla Public License:
<http://www.mozilla.org/MPL/>

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1.9 device-mapper-multipath 0.4.9 :99.el7

1.9.1 Available under license :

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Version 2, June 1991

Copyright (C) 1991 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
59 Temple Place - Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA
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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's

free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library

General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.

b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify

that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception,

the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting

redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
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That's all there is to it!

1.10 epel-release 7 :9

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```

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```

```
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```

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1.11 expect 5.45 :14.el7_1

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1.12 ezcomponents 2009.2.1

:2.cisco.el7.centos

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1.13 fontconfig 2.10.95 :10.el7

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1.14 fontpackages-filesystem 1.44 :8.el7

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1.15 gcc 4.8.5 :11.e17

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood. Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).

Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if

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@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
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@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@c man end
@end ignore
@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@unnumbered GNU General Public License
@center Version 3, 29 June 2007

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@display
Copyright @copyright{ } 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. @url{http://fsf.org/}
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```
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@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
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@settitle GNU Free Documentation License
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@end ignore
@c Special handling for inclusion in the install manual.
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@ifnohtml
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<h1 align="center">Installing GCC: GNU Free Documentation License</h1>
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@c End:
```

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For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General

Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

@enumerate 0

@item

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@item

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@item

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

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In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library

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@item

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

@item

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

@end enumerate

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@end enumerate

@iftex

@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end ifinfo

@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

If you develop a new library, and you want it to be of the greatest

possible use to the public, we recommend making it free software that everyone can redistribute and change. You can do so by permitting redistribution under these terms (or, alternatively, under the terms of the ordinary General Public License).

To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
@smallexample
@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}
Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
```

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```
@end smallexample
```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@smallexample
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

1.16 harfbuzz 0.9.36 :1.e17

1.16.1 Available under license :

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1.17 httpd 2.4.27

1.17.1 Available under license :

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" lang="en" xml:lang="en"><head>
<meta content="text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1" http-equiv="Content-Type" />
<!--
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X
    This file is generated from xml source: DO NOT EDIT
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X
-->
<title>The Apache License, Version 2.0 - Apache HTTP Server Version 2.4</title>
<link href="/style/css/manual.css" rel="stylesheet" media="all" type="text/css" title="Main stylesheet" />
<link href="/style/css/manual-loose-100pc.css" rel="alternate stylesheet" media="all" type="text/css" title="No
Sidebar - Default font size" />
```


including but not limited to software source code, documentation source, and configuration files.</p>

<p>"Object" form shall mean any form resulting from mechanical transformation or translation of a Source form, including but not limited to compiled object code, generated documentation, and conversions to other media types.</p>

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</div>

</div>

<div class="bottomlang">

<p>Available Languages: en </p>

</div><div class="top"></div><div

class="section"><h2>Comments</h2><div

class="warning">Notice:
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<script type="text/javascript"><!--><![CDATA[//><!-->

```

var comments_shortcode = 'httpd';
var comments_identifier = 'http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/license.html';
(function(w, d) {
  if (w.location.hostname.toLowerCase() == "httpd.apache.org") {
    d.write('<div id="comments_thread"></div>');
    var s = d.createElement('script');
    s.type = 'text/javascript';
    s.async = true;
    s.src = 'https://comments.apache.org/show_comments.lua?site=' + comments_shortcode + '&page=' +
comments_identifier;
    (d.getElementsByTagName('head')[0] || d.getElementsByTagName('body')[0]).appendChild(s);
  }
  else {
    d.write('<div id="comments_thread">Comments are disabled for this page at the moment.</div>');
  }
})(window, document);
<!--><![></script></div><div id="footer">
<p class="apache">Copyright 2017 The Apache Software Foundation.<br />Licensed under the <a
href="http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0">Apache License, Version 2.0</a>.</p>
<p class="menu"><a href="/mod/">Modules</a> | <a href="/mod/directives.html">Directives</a> | <a
href="http://wiki.apache.org/httpd/FAQ">FAQ</a> | <a href="/glossary.html">Glossary</a> | <a
href="/sitemap.html">Sitemap</a></p></div><script type="text/javascript"><!--><![CDATA[</><!--
if (typeof(prettyPrint) !== 'undefined') {
  prettyPrint();
}
<!--><![></script>
</body></html>

```

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*
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```

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```

/*****
* NCSA HTTPd Server
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* National Center for Supercomputing Applications
* University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign
* 605 E. Springfield, Champaign, IL 61820
* httpd@ncsa.uiuc.edu
*
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*****/
*
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*
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```
*/
/*
* The apr_md5_encode() routine uses much code obtained from the FreeBSD 3.0
* MD5 crypt() function, which is licenced as follows:
* -----
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* <phk@login.dknet.dk> wrote this file. As long as you retain this notice you
* can do whatever you want with this stuff. If we meet some day, and you think
* this stuff is worth it, you can buy me a beer in return. Poul-Henning Kamp
* -----
*/
```

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*/

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install - install a program, script, or datafile


```
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#
```

For the test\zb.c component:

```
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=====
```

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Written by Adam Twiss (adam@zeus.co.uk). March 1996

Thanks to the following people for their input:

Mike Belshe (mbelshe@netscape.com)

Michael Campanella (campanella@stevms.enet.dec.com)

```
*/
```

For the expat xml parser component:

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=====

1.18 libarchive 3.1.2 :10.el7_2

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1.19 libjson 7.6.1 :1nam

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```
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 * TestSuite
 *
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 *
 */
/**
 * SyntaxHighlighter
 * http://alexgorbatchev.com/SyntaxHighlighter
 *
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 * @version
 * 3.0.83 (July 02 2010)
 *
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1.20 libldb 1.1.26 :1.e17

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1.21 libpng 1.5.13 :7.e17_2

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1.22 libsmi 0.4.8 :13.el7

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tools/shhopt.c, tools/shhopt.h:

Title: shhopt - library for parsing command line options.

Version: 1.1.2

Entered-date: 23MAR97

Description: C-functions for parsing command line options, both
traditional one-character options, and GNU'ish
--long-options.

Keywords: programming, library, lib, commandline, options

Author: s.h.huseby@usit.uio.no (Sverre H. Huseby)

Primary-site: <http://www.ifi.uio.no/~sverrehu/pub-unix/>

Alternate-site: [sunsite.unc.edu /pub/Linux/libs
shhopt-1.1.2.tar.gz](http://sunsite.unc.edu/pub/Linux/libs/shhopt-1.1.2.tar.gz)

Platforms: Requires ANSI C-compiler.

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1.23 libtalloc 2.1.6 :1.el7

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1.26 libtecla 1.6.3 :1.cisco.el7.centos

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1.27 libtevent 0.9.28 :1.el7

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1.28 libthai 0.1.14 :9.el7

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1.29 libwebsockets 1.7.5 :1.e17

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1.30 libxcb 1.11 :4.e17

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1.32 Im_sensors 3.4.0

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Here is a list of the main contributors to lm-sensors version 3.

* Frodo Looijaard

Original author of libsensors, sensors-detect, sensors and isadump.

* Merlin Hughes

Original author of sensord.

* Bob Schlaermann

Dynamic chip feature detection (a.k.a. generic chip support) in libsensors and sensors.

* Mark M. Hoffman

Many improvements to the libsensors configuration file scanner.

* Jean Delvare

New libsensors API, and migration of sensors and sensord thereto.

Many optimizations in libsensors and sensors.

Configuration file converter.

Rewrite of sensors-detect.

Support for multiple configuration files in libsensors.

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Upstream-Name: liblz4

Upstream-Contact: Yann Collet <Cyan4973@github.com>

Source: <https://github.com/lz4/lz4>

Files: *

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.36 pam_tacplus 1.2.9 :0

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1.37 php 5.6.30

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THE BASIC LIBRARY FUNCTIONS

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1.42 pyOpenSSL 0.13.1 :3.e17

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We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline

functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

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- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding

machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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./MANIFEST.in X 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007
./Makefile MAKE 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2011
./README X 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007
./TODO X 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007
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./tests/Makefile MAKE 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/bugs.py PYTHON 2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/dnssec.py PYTHON 2011
./tests/example X 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007
./tests/example1.good X 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007
./tests/example2.good X 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007
./tests/flags.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/message.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/name.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/namedict.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/ntoaaton.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/rdtypeandclass.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/resolver.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/rrset.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/set.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/tokenizer.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/update.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./tests/zone.py PYTHON 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007,2009,2010,2011
./util/COPYRIGHT X 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007
./util/copyrights X 2003,2004,2005,2006,2007

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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1.47 sysstat 10.1.5 :11.e17

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```
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```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.48 tcl 8.5.13 :8.e17

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1.49 telnet 0.17 :60.el7

1.49.1 Available under license :

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1.50 traceroute 2.0.22 :2.el7

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epan/dissectors/packet-etherip.c:

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epan/dissectors/packet-vj.c:

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wiretap/erf.h:

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epan/dissectors/pidl/rfr/rfr.idl:
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Installing Wireshark on FreeBSD/OpenBSD/NetBSD/DragonFly BSD

=====

1. Extra packages required
2. Compiling Wireshark
3. Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) requirement
4. Running Wireshark as a non-root user

1. Extra packages required

Wireshark requires a number of additional programs to function.

Install the latest versions of the following programs before compiling:

The easiest way to install these is by using your operating system's ports or packages system. If you prefer to build from source, the programs can be found at the following sites:

glib 2.16 or later:

<ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/glib/>
<http://ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/glib/>

pkgconfig:

<http://pkgconfig.freedesktop.org/releases/>

python 2.5 or later:

<https://www.python.org/downloads/source/>

If you want to use the Wireshark GUI, install one or both of these toolkits:

gtk+ 2.12 or later:

<ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/gtk+/>

<http://ftp.gnome.org/pub/gnome/sources/gtk+/>

Qt 4.7 or later:

http://download.qt-project.org/official_releases/qt/

(These programs may require additional dependencies)

Additional programs can be used to enhance Wireshark's functionality. These can be found by typing `./configure --help` or looking at the output at the end of running the configure script.

2. Compiling Wireshark

To compile Wireshark with the default options, run `configure`, `make` and `make install` (you may have to run `"autogen.sh"` first):

```
./configure
make
make install
```

The `configure` and `make` steps can be run as a non-root user and you can run Wireshark from the compilation directory itself. You must run `make install` as root in order to copy the program to the proper directories.

3. Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) requirement

In order to capture packets (with Wireshark/TShark, `tcpdump`, or any other packet capture program) on a BSD system, your kernel must have the Berkeley Packet Filter mechanism enabled. The default kernel configurations in recent versions of BSD systems have this enabled already. To verify the `bpf` device is present, look in the `/dev` directory:

```
ls -l /dev/bpf*
```

You should see one or more `bpf` devices listed similar to this:

```
crw----- 1 root wheel  0, 90 Aug 10 21:05 /dev/bpf0
crw----- 1 root wheel  0, 91 Aug 10 21:05 /dev/bpf1
```

Packet-capturing programs will pick the first `bpf` device that's not in use. Recent versions of most BSDs will create `bpf` devices as needed, so you don't have to configure the number of devices that will be available.

4. Running wireshark as a non-root user

Since the bpf devices are read-only by the owner (root), you normally have to run packet capturing programs such as Wireshark as root. It is safer to run programs as a non-root user if possible. To run Wireshark as a non-root user, you must change the permissions on the bpf device(s). If you are the only user that needs to use Wireshark, the easiest way is to change the owner of each bpf device to your username. You can also add the read/write ability to the group (typically wheel) and add users that need to use Wireshark to the wheel group. Check your operating system's documentation on how to make permanent these changes as they are often reset upon reboot; if /dev is implemented with devfs, it might be possible to configure devfs to create all bpf devices owned by a particular user and/or group and with particular permissions. In FreeBSD 6.0 and later this can be done by creating an /etc/devfs.rules file with content such as

```
[localrules=10]
add path 'bpf*' {mode and permissions}
```

where "mode and permissions" can include clauses such as

```
mode {octal permissions}
```

to set the permissions on the device (e.g., "mode 0660" to set the permissions to rw-rw-r--),

```
user {user}
```

to set the user who owns the device, or

```
group {group}
```

to set the group that owns the device and adding a line such as

```
devfs_system_ruleset=localrules
```

to /etc/rc.conf. For example, an /etc/devfs.rules file with

```
[localrules=10]
add path 'bpf*' mode 0660 group wheel
```

will grant read and write permissions on all BPF devices to all users in the "wheel" group.

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```

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```

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